455897

LAW OFFICES

KANIA, LINDNER, LASAK AND FEENEY

FIFTH FLOOR
TWO BALA PLAZA
333 CITY LINE AVENUE

BALA CYNWYD, PA. 19004 -----(610) 667-3240

FAX (610) 668-9676

September 9, 2002



RECEIVED

SEP 1 1 2002

PRP INVINITO SECTION

Brian Nishitani, Esquire Senior Assistant Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

RE: Folcroft Landfill/Lower Darby Creek Area Site

Piasecki Aircraft Corporation

April 17, 2002 Response to EPA Information Request

Dear Mr. Nishitani:

Enclosed please find the response of Piasecki Aircraft Corporation in the above matter.

Very truly yours,

KANIA, LINDNER, LASAK AND FEENEY

RY

John Lasak

JL:afm

cc:

Frederick W. Piasecki

John W. Piasecki

Richard J. Dulcey

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Brian M. Nishitani

Senior Assistant Regional Counsel Environmental Protection Agency

FROM:

Piasecki Aircraft Corporation

DATE:

September 9, 2002

RE:

Response to EPA Request for Information dated April 17, 2002

This memorandum is organized to respond to Enclosure F to the EPA requests for information dated April 17, 2002. Paragraph numbers of responses are keyed to corresponding paragraph numbers of questions.

- 1. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation
 West Terminus of Second Street
 Essington, PA 19029
 (610) 521-5700
 - a. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation was formed as a Pennsylvania corporation on June 20, 1955.
 - b. See 1(a) above.
 - c. There is no parent corporation of Piasecki Aircraft Corporation. There is no subsidiary of Piasecki Aircraft Corporation.
- 2. The Company currently engages in engineering design and development of a vector thrust ducted propeller ("VTDP") prototype helicopter for the U.S. Navy. This type of compound helicopter has the stub wings of an airplane and a special ducted rear rotor.

From 1958 to 1976, the Company engaged in engineering design and development of prototype vertical lift aircraft, primarily for U.S. military agencies. These included a "Sea Bat", an unmanned omni-directional drone vertical take off/landing (VTOL) craft flight tested in October 1958 and the "Airgeep", an operator driven VTOL, with a first version flight tested in 1958 and a second version flight tested in 1962. The Compound Helicopter featuring stub wings and a ducted propeller was completed and flight tested in 1962. During the 1960's and 1970's, the Company developed engineering concepts for combining helicopters for heavy lifts systems.

The operations that were conducted at the Philadelphia airport location (long gray shed - (see below) from 1958 to 1970 primarly concentrated on engineering services as well as the one time "proof of concept" prototype assembly of the following small aircraft:



- 1. VZ-8 ("SeaGeep")
- 2. VZ-8P ("AirGeep")
- 3. 16H-1 ("Pathfinder 1")
- 4. 16H-1A ("Pathfinder 2")
- 5. PA-4 (UAV) ("Sea Bat")

In 1980, the Company entered into a contract with the U.S. Navy to develop the Heli Stat, a hybrid helicopter/aerostat designed to lift and transport ultra heavy loads for the US Forest Service. This vehicle was completed in 1986, in Lakehurst, New Jersey. After conclusion of that Project, the principal activity of the Company was design and engineering for the fabrication of a ducted propeller for use on existing helicopters. The VTDP project is still under way.

At no time has Piasecki Aircraft Corporation conducted aircraft production other than development of single "proof of concept" prototypes as described above. As can be seen from Table 1, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation for the period of 1958 to 1976 varied in size and activity. The period of 1958 to 1970 included building of single prototypes of each model, and basic flight testing at the Philadelphia International Airport.

From 1970 to 1976, the Company moved, and generally into smaller quarters as its operations were scaled down because of adverse business conditions. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation's relocation to smaller offices resulted in a shift from engineering services and prototype assembly to engineering services limited to engineering design and simple small scale parts "proof of concept" testing.

Due to several historical fires, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation does not have comprehensive records on waste management practices during the period of 1958 to 1976. Based upon technical interviews of several past employees it is understood that for the period of 1958 to 1976, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation generated wastes equivalent to the level of modern Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Hazardous Waste Generator (CESQG).

Because of reductions in its business, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation has employed substantially less than 100 employees for many years and believes the wastes referenced on the two Tri-County Hauling tickets may have been municipal waste as described below in Response 8. Therefore, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation may be eligible for exemption from CERCLA liability pursuant to the Small Business Liability Relief and Bronwfields Revitalization Act.

Table 1 PIASECKI AIRCRAFT CORPORATION (LEASED PREMISES FROM 1958 to 1986)

DATE (APPROX)	LOCATION/ ADDRESS	SPACE DESCRIPTION/SIZE (SQ FT)			DESCRIPTION OF	
						OPERATIONS
}			Machine	Dry	}	
		Office	Shop	Storage	Hangar	
1958 – 1970	Philadelphia International Airport Island Avenue Philadelphia, PA. (Long Gray Shed)	15,000	25,000	NONE	6,400	Engineering design, Single "proof of concept" prototype assembly and Flight Test.
1970 – 1973	Philadelphia International Airport Hangar #4 Island Avenue Philadelphia, PA. (Overseas Terminal)	6,000	NONE	3,000	1,600	Engineering Design Services
1973 – 1975	Sunray Building	8,000	NONE	6,000	N/A	Engineering Design Services
1975 – 1983	8415 Envoy Avenue Philadelphia, PA.	4,500	NONE	4,800	N/A	Engineering Design Services
1983 – 1985	Elmwood Avenue, East of Calcon Hook Road Sharon Hill, PA.	22,000	12,000	NONE	N/A	Engineering Design Services. Small component fabrication and assembly.
1986 – Present	West Terminus of Second Street Essington, PA. 19029	6,400	24,000	15,000	25,000	Engineering Design Services. Small component fabrication and assembly.

3. The living current or former employees of the Company having possible personal knowledge of operations and waste disposal practices between 1958 and 1976 at the facilities in the Philadelphia Pennsylvania area are listed below.

CURRENT EMPLOYEES	POSITION	ADDRESS/PHONE NUMBER
F.N. Piasecki	President through entire period	c/o Piasecki Aircraft Second Street West P.O. Box 360 Essington, PA 19029-0306 (610) 521-5700
Fredrick W. Piasecki	Currently Vice President, intern in 1970's	c/o Piasecki Aircraft (see above)
FORMER EMPLOYEES	POSITION	ADDRESS/PHONE NUMBER
Don Meyers	Vice President Engineering (1955-1980's)	
Joe Cutry	Director of Quality Control 1958-1960	
George Kocyan	Engineering Consultant in 1970's	
S. A. Atkins	Director of Flight Testing (1959 -1969)	

Independent interviews were conducted by Environmental Resources Management (ERM) of these former employees identified by Piasecki Aircraft Corporation. Interviews were conducted with Messrs. Meyers, Cutry, Kocyan, and Atkins to research waste types and amounts generated during the period from 1958 to 1976, and waste disposal practices at Piasecki Aircraft Corporation. The information from those interviews was used to provide answers to the EPA questions to the extent possible.

- 4.(a) The Company was a public company from and after 1955 until September 29, 1992. After September 29, 1992, Mr. F.N. Piasecki became the sole shareholder. He had been the President of the Company since its formation in 1955 and remains President. He is presently 83 years old and disabled because of multiple strokes.
 - (b) See answer 2 above.
 - (c) The Company staff has been unable to find historical documentation regarding the handling and/or generation, storage, treatment, recycling, formulation, disposed or transportation of hazardous substances, hazardous waste, pollutant, contaminant or other waste applicable to the period from 1958 to 1976, except for the Quality Control



Manual (the "Manual") dated September 25, 1974 which is attached hereto as Attachment 1. This Manual identifies the processes which the Company actively engaged in at that time.

Piasecki Aircraft Corporation moved to Envoy Avenue in 1975. A review of two Tri County Hauling tickets dated June 1975 coincides with the time of the Piasecki Aircraft Corporation move from the Sunray Building (engineering design services) to the Envoy Avenue location (engineering design services). It is possible that the Tri County hauling tickets are related to a one time disposal of excess papers, equipment and office materials for which there was insufficient space at the Envoy Avenue leased premises.

Due to two historical fires, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation does not have comprehensive records on waste management practices during the period of 1958 to 1976. Business records and some engineering drawings for the period 1955 to 1975 had been stored in two semi-trailers which caught fire in the year 1985, probably from vandalism, and the records contained therein were destroyed. In addition, fire from an adjacent tenancy in the year 1986 resulted in significant damage to Company records.

Based upon the interviews of several past employees conducted by ERM, it is understood that for the period of 1958 to 1970, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation generated small amounts of waste from small scale fabrication and processes. These waste types would have been minor amounts of used solvent (paint and lacquer thinners and cleaners), parts cleaner (acetone or methyl ethyl ketone was used for this purpose); steel and aluminum cutting residues (reportedly sold to a recycler), and water-based waste cutting fluids. All quantities were reported as very small. The only quantities reported in the interviews were of waste solvent, which reportedly was about two drums of waste/year and these wastes were stored separate from trash. The quantities would be equivalent to the level of a modern Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Hazardous Waste Generator (CESQG).

- 5.(a) No records have been found which show how the Company documented handling, storage or disposed of waste during the period 1958 to 1976, except the Quality Control Manual which identifies processes for fabrication of parts and other operations onsite.
 - (b) No records have been found relating to permits, permit applications or correspondence with any agency or establishment regarding transportation or disposal of waste during the period 1958 to 1976.
 - (c) No contract or correspondence has been found between the Company and any company or entity regarding the transportation and disposal of such wastes.
- 6. The Material Safety Data Sheets for the hazardous substances currently in use at Piasecki Aircraft Corporation are included in Attachment 2 to this submittal. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation currently stores the chemicals in Attachment 2 in small quantity laboratory-scale amounts. These chemicals are stored onsite in small vials, quart containers, or in a few cases, single gallon containers. The only exception to this is the lubricating oil,



which is stored onsite in a single steel 55 gallon drum. The single 55 gallon drum of lubricating oil is used on an as-needed basis, and has been onsite for more that one year.

The hazardous materials listed in Attachment 2 are representative of the types and quantities of hazardous materials that would have been present during the 1958 to 1970 period, since present operations are similar to operations during that time.

From 1970 to 1983 Piasecki Aircraft Corporation would have had very little onsite chemical storage and usage, since the operations from 1970 to 1983 were restricted to Engineering Design Services. The Tri County hauling tickets mentioned in Section 4 were dated in 1975, during which time Piasecki Aircraft Corporation would have had very little onsite chemical storage and usage.

7. No specific historical records are available to detail wastes generated from Piasecki Aircraft Corporation. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation is currently operating under the Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator Status (CESQG) for hazardous waste. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation currently generates approximately 200 pounds per year of used oil, and 40 pounds per year of used solvents from cleaning operations (Methyl Ethyl Ketone). This waste is currently stored in segregated labeled steel containers onsite. Piasecki Aircraft Corporation has in the recent past used Elk Environmental, Inc., Cyclechem, and SafetyKleen at various times for insured offsite approved disposal of this waste.

The wastes described above are representative of the types of waste and quantities of waste that would have been generated during the 1955 to 1970 period. Interviews with past employees indicate that for the period of 1955 to 1970 Piasecki Aircraft Corporation would have generated small quantities of hazardous waste similar to the present day generation rate. During the period of 1970 to 1983, Piasecki Aircraft Corporation would not have generated any hazardous waste, since the operations from 1970 to 1983 were restricted to Engineering Design Services. The Tri County hauling tickets mentioned in Section 4 were dated in 1975, during which time Piasecki Aircraft Corporation should not have generated any hazardous waste.

8. The only information Piasecki Aircraft has relating to the disposal company is based on information provided by EPA. This information shows that on one occasion, the Company utilized the services of Tri-County Hauling to dispose of waste from its offices in the Philadelphia area between 1958 and 1976. The Tri-County Hauling tickets show two loads. A review of the two Tri County Hauling tickets dated June 1975 coincides with the time of the Piasecki Aircraft Corporation move from the Sunray Building (engineering services) to the Envoy Avenue location (engineering services). It is likely that the hauling tickets are related to a one time disposal of excess papers, equipment and office materials for which there was insufficient space at the Envoy Avenue leased premises.

The two slips from Tri County Hauling show waste removed for Piasecki Aircraft Corporation. There is hand written notation "Piasecki Aircraft 2 demo conts @70.00



\$140.00." One slip has the name of the Company spelled incorrectly and is not signed by the customer and is undated. The Company cannot corroborate anything on that ticket; as to the other slip which was signed for the Company by Lou Ginter (now deceased) who was actively involved in managing the move to the Envoy Avenue premises:

- a) The person with whom the Company made such contract or arrangement is unknown;
- b) The removal date was June 10, 1975 as per the one dated ticket;
- c) The nature of the material is unknown, but appears to be solid waste, a container containing 20 yards of trash; it is possible the waste was generated by Company downsizing and moving into smaller quarters at about that time.
- d) The annual quantity of such material is unknown;
- e) The waste was contained in a "dino cont" per the ticket.
- f) The location to which such material was transported is unknown.
- g) The person selecting the location to which such material was transported for disposal is unknown.
- h) The employees of Tri-County Hauling providing the service to the Company are unknown.
- i) No billing data exists beyond the trip tickets provided to the Company by the EPA
- 9. (a) The company has no information indicating who may have disposed of waste at the Clearview, Folcroft sites and Folcroft Annex or other areas of the site.
 - (b) Unknown
 - (c) Unknown
- 10. The Company has no information indicating any disposal of its waste material at the Clearview, Folcroft and Folcroft Annex or other areas of the Site.
- 11. The Company does not have any record of itself or any other company or individual to spill or cause the release of any chemicals, hazardous substance and/or hazardous waste and/or non hazardous waste or any portion of the Clearview, Folcroft and Folcroft Annex or any other position of the Site.
- 12. Key Shop Personnel from 1958-1976
 - 1958-1962 Bill Collins Purchasing Agent address unknown



1956-1977 - Lou Ginter – Draftsman/Machinist – Deceased

1955-1966 - Gus Pasquerella – Shop Foreman – Deceased

1955-1980 - Myron Mykyta - Shop Employee - Deceased

Controllers from 1958 – 1976

E.G. Vanderlip – Deceased Robert Kutzer – Deceased Len Colavita – address unknown

- 13. No.
- 14. The Company has no such information.
- 15.a. 1. John Lasak, Esquire
 Kania, Lindner, Lasak and Feeney
 Suite 525, Two Bala Plaza
 Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004
 (610) 667-3240
 attorney for Company and
 - 2. John W. Piasecki V.P. Contracts for the Company, West Terminus, Second Street, Essington, PA 19029 (610) 521-5700
 - 3. Frederick W. Piasecki V.P. Engineering for the Company (See above address and phone number)
 - 4. Darlene Fanty Bookkeeper of the Company (See above address and phone number)

Floss Piazza – Personnel Chief of Company (See above address and phone number)

- b. 1. John Lasak, Esquire same as 15.a.1.
- 16. The Company does not have ledgers, purchase orders or summaries of purchase orders for periods prior to 1980. The Company has limited correspondence for periods prior to 1980. That correspondence does not appear to be relevant to the EPA investigation.
 - a. The current policy of the Company is to retain summaries of purchase orders and ledgers. Because of multiple Company moves, it appears that many of the oldest financial records were either lost, destroyed or trashed.



- b. These is no record of methodical intentional file destruction. Business records and some engineering drawings for the period 1955 to 1975 had been stored in two semi-trailers which caught fire in the year 1985, probably from vandalism, and the records contained therein were destroyed. In addition, fire from an adjacent tenancy at a prior location in the year 1986 resulted in significant damage to Company records.
- c. Ledgers would have disclosed payments to trash handlers. Purchase orders and summaries of purchase orders would have shown payments to trash handlers. Purchase orders may have shown detail of the type of trash disposed.
- d.(i) For the period 1958 to 1976, documents requested by the EPA would have been produced by Shop personnel and accounting personnel; of these individuals Company knows of the continuing existence of only Joseph Cutry (Director of Quality Control).
- d.(ii) There was no person designated to be responsible for the old business records
- d.(iii) There is no record that any person was authorized to destroy the requested documents. The parties currently responsible for record generation would be Gordon Pry, the Plant Manager and Darlene Fanty, Bookkeeper.



PIASECKI A I I O N

REPORT QCP-0

DATE: REVISED 25 SEPTEMBER 1974

TITLE

QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

PREPARED:		APPROVED:	D. M. Meyers
	G. KOCYAN	•	D.N.MEYERS

CONTRACT NO. OR REFERENCE:

SUBJECT OF CONTRACT:

REVISIONS

DATE PAGES REMARKS



FOREWORD

Piasecki Aircraft Corporation has, as a standard, the manufacturing of Products, that not only meet drawings and delivery requirements economically, but also insure the highest degree of Quality and Reliability.

In order to achieve these objectives, provisions of this Manual establish a standarized method of Control and Policy necessary to meet and maintain its high level of acceptance to its customers.

The Quality Control Manual has been prepared in accordance with Mil-Q-9858 and er or Mil-I-45208A, Civil Air Regulation, Part 12 and to specifications which meet the requirements of all Branches of the Armed Services, as well as the Commercial Aircraft Industry engaged in the research development and manufacture of Aircraft, Missiles, Space Vehicles, and Associated Electronic Components.

Quality is the responsibility of every individual at Piasecki Aircraft Corporation. Each person must be thoroughly familiar with the Quality Control Procedures applicable to his job and adhere to the requirements as specified.

Our Standards, Reputation and Name must continue to be synon-ymous with the highest type of Aircraft Quality.

Vice President
President



INDEX

SECTION A - GENERAL PROCEDURES

- ↓ 1. Index
- ★ 2. Policy of Quality Control
- ★ 3. Company Organization
 - 4. Written Procedure Control
- ★ 5. Measuring and Test Equipment, Control of
- ★ 6. Receiving Inspection
- * 7. Packing and Shipping
- 4 8. In Process Inspection
- * 9. Material Review
- $^{\checkmark}$ 10. Quality Control Forms
- ★ 11. Scrap Control
- 12. Quality Control Stamps
 - 13. Government Furnished Property
- 14. Maintenance Government Furnished Equipment
 - 15. Vendor Surveillance Inspection
- ↑ 16. Standard Test Methods
 - 17. Training Program
- 1 20. Calibration Inspection Procedure
 - 24. Corrective Action Policies
 - 29. Quality Assurance Provisions
- 31. Drawing and Change Control
- ★ 32. Quality Control Audit

* Note: only the section maked with an actionsh are connectly in use.

SECTION B - SPECIAL PROCESSES

€-1. Magnaflux

6-2. Zyglo

6-3. Welding

₩-4. Brazing

6-5. Cadmium Plating

 \mathcal{B} -6. Anodizing

₿-7. Heat Treat Aluminum

6 8. Heat Treat Steel

3-9. Alodine

* note: Only the dear water the noticest



SECTION C - ELECTRONICS

# Cg1.	Electronics
· 6-2.	Soldering
(C-3.	Solderless Connectors
2 2-4.	Wiring
√ 5-5.	Cabling
€~8.	Hardware
<i>ذ</i> ريء .	Printed Circuit Wiring
C 20	Equipment List

& Sec. rote page!

Pagel Of

Report Q. C. P. A-

25 Sept.

SUBJECT:

Policy of Quality Control

REFERENCE:

NPC 200-2 Mil-0-9858A Federal NASA Mil-I-45208A NPC 200-3 NASA Army

Far -21

FAA

PURPOSE:

To maintain a standard method of operation in Quality Control and inspection that will insure a repetitive reliable quality product throughout purchasing, manufacturing and shipping.

DEPARTMENTS

AFFECTED:

All departments

FORMS

REQUIRED:

None

GENERAL:

Maintaining an effective, economical Quality Control System, planned and developed in conjunction with the contractor's other planning functions, such as engineering, production, processing and subcontract planning which must be based upon consideration toward complexity of design, manufacturing techniques and reliability requirements.

The system shall assure that adequate control of quality is maintained throughout the entire process of manufacture from receipt of raw materials to and including the packaging and shipping of finished products, To provide a means for the ready detection of significant types of recurring discrepancies together with the method of corrective action.

The operating policies, procedures and methods are outlined in separate procedure manuals. These manuals describe the operating principles, provide the necessary direction for overall quality and fulfill the requirements of Mil-C-9858A, and/or Mil-I-45208A.

Within this procedure is a brief description of the following items:

- ORGANIZATION 1.
- 2. RESPONSIBILITIES
- 3. METHODS
- FACILITIES
- 5. EQUIPMENT
- QUALIFIED PROCESSES



1. ORGANIZATION

1.1 Company

Piasecki Aircraft Corporation is a stockholding company operating under a Board of Directors and President. At the present time, the main plant is located at International Airport in Philadelphia, Pa.

1.2 Department

The Quality Control Department uses the approved forms, and stamps and is governed by the same Quality Control Procedures.

2. RESPONSIBILITIES

The Quality Control Department owes a responsibility to both the Company and the customer, Maintaining predetermined policies with Aircraft Standards and Practices as prescribed by applicable Government Specifications along with specifications stipulated by the customer. The customer looks for quality inherent in the Company's name, reputation and product. The reputation of a company is dependent to a considerable extent on the integrity and soundness of its Quality Control Department.

2.1 Responsibility to Company

2.1.1 Sub-Contracting and Purchasing

Through surveys and records of incoming items maintain a Qualified Vendor's List that will assure quality and performance necessary to meet either standards or specified requirements.

2.1.2 Qualifying Company Processes

Maintaining controls and records of company processing by a standard method of testing, inspecting and calibrating to assure qualification in accordance with applicable Military Specification.

2.1.3 Manufacturing Control

Maintaining control of raw materials, details and assemblies through all phases of manufacturing by standardized methods, process sheets and similar type documentary control.



2.1.4 Tool and Gage Control

Standard methods and records of control by identification, inspection and calibration to assure reliability of all tools and gages.

2.2 Responsibility to Customer

- 2.2.1 Adequate control of customer purchase orders, drawings, changes and specification to assure parts are being manufactured and inspected to the latest information.
- 2.2.2 Adequate inspection, identification and inventory control of customer supplied raw materials and parts.
- 2.2.3 Tools, gages and equipment supplied by customer are properly identified, inspected and controlled through manufacturing and storage.
- 2.2.4 Specific process and test requirements are adhered to with appropriate records and samples as required.
- 2.2.5 The Quality Control System and procedures are maintained to adequately satisfy all customer specific requirements.

2.3 Personnel Responsibility

2.3.1 The Quality Control Manager is responsible to the Vice President. The Quality Control Manager formulates all policies, procedures and/or standards, supervising all inspection activities within the corporation and maintaining Quality Control in compliance with the Department of Defense, Mil-Q-9858A, Mil-I-45298A, NRS-200-2, NRS-200-3, and Federal Acronautical Administration FAR 1 and FAR 7.

2.3.2 Inspection Foremen and/or Quality Control supervisors are responsible to the Quality Control Manager, and charged with the execution of procedures, policies and/or standards formulated by the Manager. Inspection Foremen shall maintain a program insuring that all inspectors are properly equipped, instructed and supplied with the latest information.

25 Sept. 74

Rev.



The inspectors and Quality Control men are responsible only to their immediate supervisor and to the department for the soundness of their decisions. Integrity is the most important single trait necessary for a good inspector. Decisions must be based only on specifications, drawings and/or applicable written requirements. Past experience opinions, judgment or personalities must not be a basis for decisions



3. METHODS

> To assure correct methods are utilized, whether required by customer, contract, specification or drawing @roper instructions are written for both manufacturing and Quality Control personnel. These methods and/or instructions are written, controlled and provided in accordance with applicable Quality Control Procedures. Each type 😽 category of procedure, standard or instructions is briefly described as follows:

3.1 Quality Control Procedures

> These procedures describe the Quality Control System in every phase of plant operation.

3.2 Standard Operating Procedures

> These describe a specific method and instruction on how to perform and inspection function. This will encompass use of equipment, processing paper work and temporary inspection functions or changes to satisfy particular contract requirements.

3.3 Standard Test Methods

> Detailed description of a specific test with the equipment and materials used. This will include standard tests performed by the M & P Laboratory, Inspectors, Technicians, Engineering or Manufacturing personnel.

3.4 Quality Assurance Provisions

> Describing the method and inspection required to control a specific manufactured part or assembly. This may be a checkel st of characteristics or a list of processes and tests required on a particular detail, component or assembly.

3.5 Manufacturing Process Standards

> For Manufacturing personnel only. A standard method of performing any manufacturing operation including the equipment and materials used.

3.6 Production Inspection Requirements

> Standard instructions and/or check list to be used by Production Inspectors.



3.7 Inspection Records Clerk Instructions

Detailed descriptions of processing and filing inspection records. Standard methods to perform standard operations such as maintaining and issuing forms, stamps and materials to inspectors, receiving, processing, filing and distributing documents and information as required.

3.8 Training Program

Written courses on a particular inspection or production operation. This will include lecture, practical and testing. Test will include oral, written and practical.

3.9 Certified Personnel Control

The training, testing, recertification and control of personnel performing a particular process or operation.

3.10 Audit Control Book

A standard and periodic method of auditing our own Quality Control System.

25 Sept.

FACILITIES

Adequate facilities for inspectors are provided which 4.1 include suitably located inspection stations with equipment such as benches, lighting and the necessary apparatus used in or essential to the accomplishment of the inspection operation.



5. EQUIPMENT

All equipment used for measuring and testing is controlled, calibrated and traceable to the National Bureau of Standards, and, if applicable, certified to Military Specifications.

5.1 All measuring and testing equipment used by production and maintained in the production tool cribs is controlled and periodically calibrated by the Inspection Department.

•



SUBJECT:

Company Organization

PURPOSE

To provide the necessary information and to indicate channels of action for operation or

function.

DEPARTMENTS

AFFECTED:

All

FORMS

REQUIRED:

None

GENERAL:

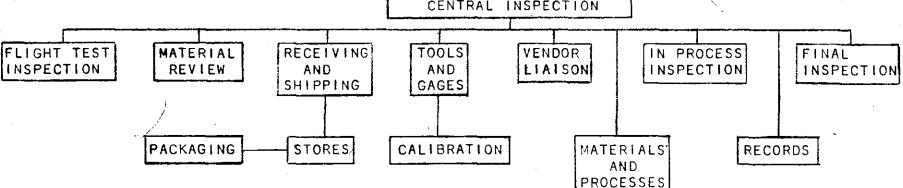
The operating policies, procedures and methods are outlined in separate procedure manuals. In the company organization chart, the key officials

are given along with job or function responsibilities.

VICE PRESIDENT

QUALITY CONTROL ORGANIZATION

QUALITY ASSURANCE MANAGER AND INSPECTION FOREMAN CENTRAL INSPECTION





SUBJECT:

Measuring and Test Equipment, Control of

REFERENCE:

Mil-I-A5208A NBS-Hdbk-H-28 Mil-Q-9858A Mil-Hdbk-52 Mil-C-45662 QCP - A-10 Mil-G-10944A QCP - A-20 Mil-I-45607

Mil-I-45607 Mil-Std.-120

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this procedure is to set forth the methods used to assure that measuring and testing devices are calibrated against certified measurement standards which have known valid relationships to National Bureau of Standards at established periods to assure continued accuracy. The system must provide for the prevention of inaccuracy by ready detection of deficiencies and timely positive action for their correction.

DEPARTMENTS AFFECTED:

Quality Control, Inspection, Manufacturing, Engineering and Purchasing

FORMS REQUIRED:

Equipment Calibration Record QC-164
Gage Control Card QC-105
Warning Tag QC-163
Calibration Label QC-110
Personnel Calibration Authorization QC-169
Personal Equipment Calibration Record QC-170

GENERAL:

Interchangeability and uniformity demand accurate determination of product characteristics and process parameters. No single measurement can be made more precise or show greater accuracy than the instrument used to make the determination. Control of measuring and test equipment is the first step toward control of measurements.

Standards established by the Piasecki Aircraft Corporation for calibrating the measuring and test equipment used in controlling product quality shall be certified by a Laboratory as having the capabilities for accuracy, stability and range required for the intended use.

This procedure envelops the calibration and control of all standards and measuring or test equipment both mechanical or electrical.

25 Sept. 8

DEFINITIONS:

Primary Standard - The highest order of measurement standard designated as the National Bureau of Standards.

Secondary Standard - The standard located at laboratories which has been calibrated to the primary standard at NBS.

Reference Standard - Standards of the highest order in the Piasecki calibration system which establish the basic accuracy for the system. The standards are calibrated at outside approved laboratories.

Transfer Standard - Designated measuring equipment used in the calibration system as a medium for transferring the basic value of reference standards to lower echelon transfer standards or measuring and test equipment

Interim Standard - An instrument used as a standard until an authorized standard is available.

Working Standard - Instruments or devices, usually located in the manufacturing area, used to calibrate other instruments or devices, such as factory test equipment, machine shop micrometers, and verniers, etc.

Adjustable Measurement Equipment - That equipment which can be adjusted by the user to give more than one reading such as micrometers, vernier calipers, megohmeters, voltmeters, etc.

Fixed Measuring Equipment - That equipment which is not adjustable by the user and is permanently set, such as knee blocks, squares, surface plates, resistors, capacitors, etc.

Fixed Gages - That equipment which is not adjustable by the used and is applicable to a specific dimension or part such as plain or thread plug and ring gages and fixture gages.

Calibration - Comparison of a measurement standard or instrument of known accuracy with another standard or instrument to detect, correlategreport, or eliminate by adjustment, any variation in the accuracy of the item being compared.

Calibration/Inspection Interval - The time between successive calibration/inspections (usually specified in months).

Original or Absolute Measurement - Measurements derived by comparison with natural physical constants such as standard wave lengths of light.

Measuring and Test Equipment - All devices used to measure, gage, test and inspect or otherwise examine items to determine compliance with specifications.

Rev. 25 Sept. 68

74

INDEX

-Dage

- 1. Scope
- 2. Responsibility
- 3. Calibration/Inspection Schedule
- 4. Identification and Labeling
- 5. Control Records
- 6. Inventories
- 7. Calibration Process Method
- 8. Calibration/Inspection Procedure
- 9. Calibration Source
- 10. Environmental Controls
- 11. Assigning and Issuing Equipment
- 12. Personally Owned Equipment
- 13. Acquiring New Equipment
- 14. Storage and Handling
- 15. Disposition of Work and Obsolete Equipment
- 16. Vendor Control
- 17. Systems Audit

1. SCOPE

- 1.1 The requirements of this procedure are applicable to all mechanical or electrical measuring and test equipment and standards.
 - 1.1.1 Company owned equipment and standards.

 Regardless of equipment assignment or location such as production, inspection, laboratory or vendor.
 - 1.1.2 Personnel Equipment.

 Any equipment personally owned by any company employee used to measure and/or test manufactured products.
 - 1.1.3 Government or customer equipment and standards.

 Any equipment borrowed or supplied and used to measure and/or test products and/or related equipment.
 - 1.1.4 Process Control Equipment.

 Any equipment used to control and/or measure process parameters such as voltage meters, recorders, clocks, timing devices, etc.

 Examples: cad plating, anodize, welding, heat treating, environmental test chanbers, etc.
- 1.2 This procedure does not include the inspection/calibration and control of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Products
 Any measuring and/or controlling equipment which is a final product or part of a product.
 - 1.2.1.1 The inspection/calibration and/or control of product equipment would be a part of the Inspection Records for that particular product in accordance with the specific applicable requirements found either in the contract or engineering specifications pertaining thereto.
 - 1.2.2 Production Tooling
 Production tools, jigs and fixtures, either used to
 measure and/or manufacture a product. This type
 of equipment is controlled in accordance with the
 applicable company and Quality Control Procedures.



Rev. 25 Sept. 68

74

2. RESPONSIBILITY

The control of measuring and test equipment is a vital part of the overall Quality Assurance Program. Each employee of Piasecki Aircraft Corporation has a responsibility to the company and its customers which includes the proper care and use of equipment to insure the continued quality of manufactured products.

- 2.1 Management
 Provide and monitor the acquisition of equipment necessary to adequately insure the accuracy of product
 measurements and tests.
- 2.2 Quality Control Manager
 - 2.2.1 Formulate and maintain procedures necessary to continue up-to-date calibration and control of measuring and test equipment.
 - 2.2.2 Maintain a Quality Control System and program in measurement and test equipment to the satisfaction of Piasecki customer, Government Quality Assurance Representatives, FAA and applicable military specifications.
 - 2.2.3 Provide experienced personnel and/or a training program to assure proficient and capable employees (authorized or certified) are performing the calibration and/or test.
 - 2.2.4 Review and approve or disapprove the acquisition of equipment.
- 2.3 Quality Control Supervisors
 - 2.3.1 Periodically audit the calibration system to assure continued compliance to the Quality Control Procedures
 - 2.3.2 Review and approve any changes in the calibration interval schedule.
 - 2.3.3 Evaluate and initiate requisitions for equipment.
 - 2.3.4 Review contractual requirements for calibrations, measurements and test programs.
 - 2.3.5 Formulate programs to satisfy specific contract measurement and/or test requirements. Submit programs to customer and Government Quality Assurance Representative for right of disapproval.

Rev.

2.4 Quality Control Technicians

This is the person who performs the actual calibration and maintains records of same. This person may also carry another classification such as Inspector, Supervisor or Laboratory analyst, although he has experience or been trained to perform calibration. This will include mechanical, electrical or laboratory calibration.

- 2.4.1 Submit reference standards to outside approved laboratories for calibration as required.
- 2.4.2 Calibrate all other standards and measuring or test equipment as required.
- 2.4.3 Maintain permanent records of calibrations, major adjustments, repairs, modifications and location on all standards and measuring or test equipment.
- 2.4.4 Perform special tests as required for the purpose of investigating or verifying measurement and calibration techniques.
- 2.4.5 Maintair an inventory of all standards and measuring or test equipment.
- 2.4.6 Document deviations from calibration schedules complete with reasons and authority.
- 2.4.7 Perform calibration in accordance with applicable calibration/inspection procedures.
- 2.4.8 Responsible for the removal, identification and/or segregation of obsolete, defective, or out of service measuring or test equipment.
- 2.4.9 Calibrate and inspect all incoming equipment, purchased or supplied.
- 2.4.10 Maintain proper identification, serial numbering and calibration labels on all measuring or test equipment in use.

2.5 Inspection Personnel

2.5.1 Any equipment used by Inspection must be identified with an up-to-date calibration label.

- 2.5.2 Continually check the calibration label on equipment being used by production.
- 2.5.3 Immediately tag (rejection tag), remove or report any defective equipment in use.
- 2.5.4 Know the care and use of equipment being used.
- 2.5.5 Issue and receive equipment from Central Inspection and perform visual inspection on equipment accordingly.
- 2.5.6 Production Personnel

Personnel manufacturing products have a responsibility to the company and its customers in producing a quality product which requires proper care and use of equipment.

- 2.6.1 Maintain and use equipment properly to prevent damage and decrease wear.
- 2.6.2 Check for up-to-date calibration on all equipment being used.
- 2.6.3 Notify supervision and/or inspection of defective or inadequate equipment.



3. CALIBRATION/INSPECTION SCHEDULE

The calibration/inspection schedule is the predetermined interval of time between calibration/inspection.

- 3.1 The calibration interval is the maximum period of time that the equipment will be permitted to be in use before recalibration/inspection is required.
- 3.2 Calibration/inspection intervals do not apply to equipment stored or otherwise removed from service.
- 3.3 All equipment not in use shall be tagged to indicate this condition and subjected to calibration/inspection before being issued for use (Warning Tag QC-163). The applicable intervals start when equipments are requisitioned for use.
- 3.4 Over and above the normal calibration/inspection interval, equipment is inspected visually upon return from use. Visual inspection must be conducted on all equipment each time received, and any defect which could cause possible subsequent failure such as frayed leads on electrical equipment, etc., must be papaired prior to calibration.
- 3.5 If more than 5% of a particular type of equipment is out of tolerance at end of interval, the interval should be shortened.
- 3.6 It is the responsibility of all personnel to adhere to prevailing schedules. Equipment past due for calibration/inspection or equipment which in any way could detract from the quality of the produced item cannot be used. Such conditions must immediately be reported to the proper authorities for corrective action.
- 3.7 The recall system due to the nature of the facilities shall be accomplished by the individual Measurement Laboratory Inspector personally.
- 3.8 Interim Calibrations may be performed on special equipment to assure prevention of inaccuracies between calibration/inspections. This is accomplished by a running record of actual values obtained during use. This record is available to the Measurement Laboratory during calibration/inspection.



3.9 General Calibration Intervals based on accuracy.
(Subject to modification based on frequency of use, past performance data, delicacy of equipment and severity of environment and/or use).

0.2 percent and better	Monthly
0.2 to 1.0 percent	3 Months
1.0 to 5.0 percent	6 Months
5.0 percent and up	12 Months
Resistance boxes, bridges, etc.	12 Months

- 3.10 Mechanical Measuring Equipment shall be scheduled as follows. This is the maximum time calibration interval allowed. As required, due to usage or frequency of repair, the calibration interval may be reduced. This will be recorded on the control card.
 - 3.10.1 Adjustable Measuring Equipment 3 Months
 - 3.10.2 Fixed Measuring Equipment 6 Months
 - 3.10.3 Fixed Gages 1 1 Monthly (In use)
- 3.11 Mechanical Standards and be scheduled as follows:
 - 3.11.1 Reference Standards (Annually)

Gage Blocks
Measuring Wires
Rod Standards
Dillon Dynamometers
Surface Plates

3.11.2 Transfer Standards (Semi-Annually)

Gage Blocks
Rod Standards
Dillon Dynamometers
Set Plugs

3.12 Electrical Measuring Equipment shall be scheduled as follows. This is the maximum time calibration interval allowed. As required, due to usage or frequency of repair, the calibration interval may be reduced. This will be recorded on the control card.



Rev. 25 Sept. 6

Type of Equipment Calibration Interval Analyzer 4 Months 4 Months Bridges Counter, Electronic 3 Months Divider, Voltage 4 Months 4 Months Galvanometers 3 Months Generator Meter, Capacitance 4 Months Meter, DC & AC-DC, 2 to 5% Accuracy 4 Months Meter, DC & AC-DC, 1% or Better 3 Months Meter, Frequency 6 Months Meter, Impedance 1 Year l Year Meter, Inductance 4 Months Meter, Megohm Meter, VTVM 4 Months 4 Months Multipliers Oscillators 3 Months 4 Months Oscilloscopes 3 Months Power Supply 6 Months Resistor 1 Year Standard Cell (Unsaturated) Tester, High Voltage 4 Months 4 Months Tester, Tube

3.13 Electrical Standards shall be scheduled as follows:

3.13.1 Reference Standards (Annually)

Type	Model	Manufacture
A.C. Voltmeter	PA-5	Westinghouse
D.C. Voltmeter	PX-5	Westinghouse
Standard Cell	100	Epply Company
Impedance Bridge	150-A	General Radio Company
Inductance Q		
Meter	260-A	Boonton Radio Company
Resistance	Wh eatstone Bridge	Rubicon Company



Rev.

3.13.2 Transfer Standards (Semi-Annually)

Туре	Model	Manufacturer
D.C. Current D.C. Mirometer Prequency Resistance Decade A.C. Voltage A.C. Current D.C. Voltage Capacitance Inductance Q Meter Resistance	S 622 211 CD 1432-N D 433 S 722MD 1060A Resistors 100 Ohms &	Sensitive Weston Hewlett Packard General Radio Co. Sensitive Western Elec. Sensitive General Radio Co. Boonton Radio Co. Leads & Northrop Std.
	1000 Olms	

4. IDENTIFICATION AND LABELING

All measuring and test equipment and measurement standards shall be identified (when possible), serial numbered and labeled to indicate as a minimum, serviceability and due date of calibration/inspection.

- 4.1 Identification may be via the Piasecki Name Plate or any other applicable means. (Exception Para. 4.4). The optimum information will be as follows:
 - 4.1.1 Nomenclature
 - 4.1.2 Part Number
 - 4.1.3 Model or Type
 - 4.1.4 Manufacturer
 - 4.1.5 Property of
- Serial Numbers when practical must be permanently and legibly marked on each piece of equipment and standard by engraving or etching. (Exception Paragraph 4.4).
 - 4.2.1 Control and marking of serial numbers ahll be accomplished by the Quality Control Measurement Laboratory.
 - 4.2.2 Application of the serial number shall not damage or in any way limit the application of the device in performing its intended function.
 - 4.2.3 When permanent marking is not practical, a label, decal or tag may be used.
 - 4.2.4 When permanent marking, labeling, decals or tagging is not practical or advisable, the serial number shall be permanently marked on the case or container in which the item or set is normally stored.

Examples of such items:

- (a) Set of gage blocks
- (b) Set of measuring wires
- (c) Measuring Rods
- (d) Optical flats
- (e) Set of ring gages
- 4.2.5 When applicable, the serial number assigned by the manufacturer may be used.



- 4.3 <u>Labels</u> which indicate the calibration/inspection must be applied to each piece of equipment. Reference Calibration Label Form QC-110.
 - 4.3.1 When the application of a label is not practical because of equipment size, either the container must be labeled or a tag with the label must accompany the equipment.
 - 4.3.2 The application of labels shall not interfere with the application of the device in performing its intended function.
 - 4.3.3 When any labeling is impractical, the control record shall be used to assure adherence to calibration/inspection schedules which references the serial number.
 - 4.3.4 Equipment in use without a calibration/inspection label must be tagged and/or removed from use immediately.
 - 4.3.5 When measuring and test equipment or measurement standards are to be removed from service because of malfunction, past calibration due date, etc., a tag shall be affixed to the equipment indicating the out of service condition.
 - 4.3.6 All calibration labels will be authorized by the Final Acceptance Stamp of the inspector.
 - 4.3.6.1 Labels on equipment or standards that are limited and/or calibrated to partial capability shall be authorized and identified by the In Process Acceptance Stamp.
- 4.4 Personally owned, borrowed, or customer supplied equipment will not be etched or marked in any manner. A removable label that does not mar or detract the equipment may be used.
- 4.5 Thread and plain ring or plug gages will not be labeled. The serial number references the Gate Control Card which identifies the calibration/inspection.



- 4.5.1 These gages are calibrated, sealed in wax, and ink stamped with the inspector's acceptance stamp on the wax.
- 4.5.2 The gages are not calibrated again until returned from use and the wax broken or removed.
- 4.5.3 The calibration interval becomes effective the date of issuing the gage.
- 4.6 Equipment or standards with the In Process Acceptance Stamp on the calibration label indicating limitations and/or partial capability must also be accomplished with a plain tag listing the limitations.
- 4.7 Equipment of a nature that requires special training and/ or specific personnel to use shall be identified with standard labels or tags such as "Authorized Personnel Only."
- 4.8 Equipment with external or easily accessible adjustment controls for calibration must be sealed in a manner to preclude the possibility of these controls being adjusted or inadvertently moved.
- 4.9 Equipment used to indicate only and not measuring actual values shall not be calibrated or certiféed. This equipment must be labeled accordingly "Not Certified Indicate only."
- 4.10 Independent reproducible standards which are derived from accepted values of natural physical constants in such a way that they do not require calibration against other standards to establish their accuracy may be labeled "No Calibration Necessary." Typical examples are an interferometer using a Krypton-86 orange light source for dimensional calibrations, and cesium beam type of mocrowave frequency standard. However, accessory equipment associated with these standards is not precluded from periodic calibration controls or labeling.



5. CONTROL RECORDS

Each piece of equipment or standard shall have a control record on file, referencing the serial number of the equipment.

The following forms are basic to the calibration/inspection system and provide a major source of objective evidence that the requirements of applicable procedures and specifications are being met.

5.1 Gage Control Card - QC-105

This control card is specifically for plain or thread plug and ring gages.

5.2 Equipment Control Record - QC-164

This control record card is for all other measuring or test equipment and standards.

5.3 Warning Tag - QC-163

This tag is used on any equipment or standards that have has been put out of use and require calibration/ inspection prior to use.

5.4 Calibration Label - QC-110

This label is applied to any equipment or standards that have been calibrated and is acceptable for use.

5.5 Personal Calibration Record - OC-170

This is the record maintained for the calibration and control of personally owned equipment. One copy remains with the employee and one in the Measurement Laboratory.

5.6 Personnel Calibration Authorization - QC-169

This is the master list of equipment owned and authorized by an employee for calibration/inspection.



6. INVENTORIES

Three basic types of inventories shall be maintained: Company owned equipment, Customer owned equipment, and Personal owned equipment.

- 6.1 Company-owned equipment shall be maintained in the following separate lists.
 - 6.1.1 Mechanical measuring or test equipment listed according to type as near as possible.
 - 6.1.2 Electrical measuring or test equipment listed according to type as near as possible.
 - 6.1.3 Mechanical standards listed separately according to type of standard with the calibration interval.
 - 6.1.4 Electrical standards listed separately according to type of standard with the calibration interval.
 - 6.1.5 Plain and thread plug or ring gages listed to size or product part number and name when applicable.
 - 6.1.6 Process Control Equipment listing all instruments, meters, and/or controls that control processes such as plating, welding, heat treat, etc. This list shall be in accordance with the specific process.
- 6.2 Individual Inventory list for Government Furnished Equipment and each customer with the applicable contract number.
- 6.3 Personnel owned equipment listed to the employees' name.
- 6.4 Each measurement laboratory is responsible for maintaining their inventories. Each inventory must be typed uplated periodically making the changes or additions that have occurred. The following distribution shall be made.

74



- Quality Control Manager 3 copies 6.4.1
- 6.4.2 Each plant's Central Inspection - 3 copies
- Each inventory must include in the title, type of equipment and at least the following information: 6.5
 - 6.5.1 Equipment Serial Number
 - 6.5.2 Name or Nomenclature
 - 6.5.3 Manufacturer's Name
 - Range and/or Size 6.5.4
 - 6.5.5 Location



Rev. 2

7. CALIBRATION PROCESS METHOD

Each measurement laboratory, i.e., mechanical, electrical and the chemical/metallurgical laboratory shall maintain the following type records and/or files.

7.1 Active Files

- 7.1.1 All equipment or gage control cards for all equipment or standards that have been calibrated and are in use. Reference: Para. 1.1.
- 7.1.2 This is a tickler file with monthly and weekly (4) separators.
- 7.1.3 The control card will indicate the next calibration due date (month, day, year) and be filed behind the month and week separator that the due date would fall on.
- 7.1.4 On Monday of each week, the measurement laboratory inspector will pull the control cards behind the effective month and week. The inspector will then plan his calibration requirements for the week and perform accordingly.

7.2 Inactive Files

- 7.2.1 This file contains control cards for all equipment on standards not in use.
- 7.2.2 The control cards are filed numerically.
- 7.2.3 This type of equipment is primarily plain and thread plug or ring gages and any equipment which can be calibrated and sealed with wax along with equipment that has been tagged (warning tag) as requiring calibration prior to use, or equipment stores for completed or inactive product contracts and customer owned stored equipment.
- 7.2.4 This equipment with the control cards shall be audited once every six (6) months.
 - 7.2.4.1 This audit will include every control card in the inactive file regardless of its last calibration date.
 - 7.2.4.2 An equipment control record card shall be titled "Inactive Equipment Audit" and placed in the active tickler file as the reminder to perform this audit. The date of each audit shall be noted with the name of the person performing the audit.

Rev.

- 7.2.4.3 The audit will consist of inspecting the equipment for damage and preservation.
- 7.2.4.4 Each record card shall be annotated as "Audit" with the inspector's stamp and lat

7.3 Stored Equipment Files

- 7.3.1 This file contains control cards for any equipment or standards not in use or intended for use (Sort of a dead file).
- 7.3.2 This type of equipment would be segregated and locked up.
- 7.3.3 This type of primarily obsolete or non-repairable equipment which requires major repair or destruction.
- 7.3.4 The control cards are filed numerically.

7.4 Equipment History Files

- 7.4.1 Some equipment or standards require more records and data that cannot be maintained in the control record card files.
 - 7.4.1.1 Calibration and certifications on references standards.
 - 7.4.1.2 Inspection records and data sheets
 - 7.4.1.3 Manufacturer's catalog, literature or specifications.
 - 7.4.1.4 Material Receivers, Purchase Orders, etc.
- 7.4.2 A file folder with the equipment name and serial number will be maintained as required.
- 7.4.3 This file will also contain previous control cards on equipment for purposes of review and evaluation of calibration/inspection methods and intervals.

Rev.

8. CALIBRATION/INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 8.1 To assure a complete, correct and standard method of calibration/inspection is performed, calibration/inspection procedures are formulated, issued and maintained. Reference: QCP-A-20.
 - 8.1.1 A calibration/inspection procedure (CIP) manual must be maintained and used in each measurement laboratory.
 - 8.1.2 A master CIP file and index is maintained in Central Inspection.
- 8.2 In those instances where a Piasecki Calibration/Inspection Procedure has not been issued, the manufacturer's calibration/inspection procedure or maintenance manual, etc. may be used.
- 8.3 The CIP number or manufacturing catalog must be referenced on the control card as the method used to calibrate.
- 8.4 Accepted standard practices on standard type equipment is acceptable when a CIP is unavailable. The Note "STD" should be noted as the CIP References on the control card.
- 8.5 Actual values obtained during calibration shall be recorded on the control card.

ALIBRATION SOURCE

- Measuring and test equipment will be calcibrated by the Piasecki Aircraft Corporation or a commercial facility utilizing reference or subordinate standards whose calibration is certified as being traceable to the National Bureau of Standards, has been derived from accepted values of natural physical constants, or has been derived by the ratio type of self-calibration techniques.
 - 9.1.1 Measuring and test equipment used in product inspection is calibrated against standards having values 4 to 10 times their accuracy.
- 9.2 Reference standards requiring calibration by a higher level standards laboratory shall be calibrated by a commercial facility capable of providing the required service, a government laboratory under arrangements made by the contracting officer, or by the National Bureau of Standards.
 - 9.2.1 Under this region certificates of calibration issued from the Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, or the U. S. Naval Weapons Quality Assurance Office, Washington, D.C., are acceptable as is. Reference: Letter dated 15 June 1964 from DCASR (PT) QAM.
 - 9.2.2 Gage manufacturers and commercial laboratories engaged in calibration services must furnish a certification of calibration. This certification will show traceability to N.B.S. and will contain the N.B.S. certification number, environmental conditions, and the date when the number was issued.
 - 9.2.3 The certifying activity's calibration certificate (Gage Mfg. and/or Lab.) will show evidence of issuance from N.B.S. within a preceding twelve (12) month period. It is, therefore, conceivable that the using activity's certificate will be two years removed from the Bureau of Standards and be acceptable. In specific cases, this time may be lengthened when in the best judgment of the Government Pepresentative, the contractor is being unduly penalized and no good purpose is being served.

- 9.2.4 All reference standards used in the calibration system shall be supported by certificate attesting to the date, accuracy, and conditions under which the results furnished were obtained.
- 9.3 All subordinate standards and measuring, test equipment shall be supported by data when such information is essential to achieving the accuracy control required by applicable specifications.
- 9.4 All certifications, reports and data shall be available for review by authorized customer representatives and the Government Quality Assurance Representative.
- 9.5 Any commercial metrology laboratory calibration facilities used must be selected from the Piasecki Approved Vendors List.



10. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

- 10.1 Measuring and test equipment and measurement standards shall be calibrated and utilized in an environmental controlled area to the extent necessary to assure continued measurements of required accuracy giving due consideration to temperature, humidity, vibration, cleanliness and other controllable factors affecting precision measurement.
- 10.2 Recommended requirements for electrical power within the laboratory should include voltage regulation of at least 10% (preferably 5%); low values of harmonic distortion; minimum line transients as caused by inter-action of other users on main line to laboratory (separate input power, if possible); and a suitable grounding system established to assure equal potentials to ground throughout the laboratory; (or isolation transformers may be used to operate individual equipments).
- 10.3 Where applicable, compensating corrections shall be applied to calibration results obtained in an environment which departs from standard conditions.
- 10.4 Environmental conditions will be specified when applicable, in calibration/inspection procedures or on the control record.
- 10.5 Refer to CIP-8 "Guide for Environmental Controls",



11. ASSIGNING AND ISSUING EQUIPMENT

Equipment is assigned on a permanent basis, and issued on a temporary basis.

- 11.1 Equipment assignment must be accepted by the supervisor for the area the equipment will be located.
 - 11.1.1 The supervisor is responsible for the use and handling of this equipment and correspondingly its condition.
 - 11.1.2 The responsible supervisor and equipment location must be noted on the calibration control records and inventory.
 - 11.1.3 Approval for assignment of equipment and standards must be signed on the control record by the Quality Control Supervisor.
 - 11.1.4 It is the responsibility of the Measurement Laboratory to maintain the calibration/inspection on assigned equipment although the supervisor and operator are still responsible to notify the laboratory if the equipment should become defective or the calibration/inspection is, for some reason, overdue.
- 11.2 Issuing equipment may be accomplished in any one of the Measurement Laboratories, Central Inspection or the Production Tool Crib.
 - 11.2.1 Equipment issued from Inspection or Quality Control shall be logged in the Issue Control Book.
 - 11.2.1.1 The Issue Control Book is a bound page book with the following columns: nomenclature, serial number, person's name, date out, date in, inspector.
 - 11.2.2 Any inspector can issue out or receive equipment at Central Inspection. Equipment from the Measurement Laboratory or the Chemical and Metallurgical Laboratory shall only be issued or received from the authorized inspector or technician.
 - 11.2.2.1 Equipment will be issued to Production personnel only when it is not available from the tool crib.

 Note: The Quality Control Supervisor



will periodically review the issue log book for repetitive borrowing of the same equipment.

- 11.2.2.2 Some equipment is for Inspection personnel only and will never be issued to Production personnel.
- 11.2.2.3 Any Inspector or Production personnel being issued equipment must sign the Issue Control Book and return the equipment at the end of the shift.
- 11.2.2.4 Thread or plain plug and ring gages may remain out until a job is completed or Quality Control picks them up for calibration.
- 11.2.2.5 All thread and plain plug or ring gages shall be calibrated and sealed upon return. This is documented on the Control Board.
- 11.2.2.6 Any equipment being returned must be inspected for damage and signed or stamped off in the Issue Control Book under the column "Insp".
- 11.2.3 Equipment from the Tool Crib is issued with a Tool Loan Order.
- 11.2.4 Assigned equipment is not noted in the Issue Control Book.
- 11.2.5 Issued equipment is not noted in the Control Record Card or the Inventory.
- 11.2.6 Equipment loaned to a vendor must be approved by the Quality Control Supervisor on the Piasecki shipping document.
 - 11.2.6.1 The Measurement Laboratory shall check the equipment for condition and calibration due date. If the calibration due date is within the next two weeks, perform calibration/inspection.



Rev. 25 Sept. 68

. 11.2.6.2 The Measurement Laboratory Inspector shall record the information into the Issue Control Book from the Shipping Document including the Shipping Document and the Purchase Order.



12. PERSONALLY OWNED EQUIPMENT

- 12.1 Each and every Piasecki employee using personally owned measuring and test equipment within a plant or facility of the Piasecki Aircraft Corporation must have this equipment calibrated and controlled.
- 12.2 Each employee shall complete Form QC-169 "Personnel Calibration Authorization" authorizing Piasecki Quality Control to inspect and calibrate their equipment at specified intervals in accordance with this procedure.
 - 12.2.1 This Form QC-169 shall be filled out in duplicate, one to be retained by the employee and one for the Measurement Laboratory Files.
- 12.3 A "Personal Calibration Record" Form QC-170 shall be initiated in duplicate with the employee's name and listing all his equipment in accordance with the authorization Form QC-169.
- 12.4 The "Personal Calibration Record" shall then become a part of the active files on Equipment Calibration and be processed and controlled accordingly.
 - 12.4.1 The employee must retain the duplicate copy as his record of calibration available for review at any time.
- 12.5 Calibration/Inspection Intervals will be based on the standard intervals. Reference Paragraph 3.7.
- 12.6 All the employee's equipment shall be calibrated at one time, taking the minimum interval designated for any one piece of equipment.
- 12.7 Normal adjustments and minor repairs can be made by the Measurement Laboratory. All major repairs must be the responsibility of the employee.
- 12.8 Any equipment that cannot be repaired and/or calibrated which then becomes unsatisfactory shall be tagged with a rejection tag explaining the reason.



Rev. 25 Sept. 88

- 12.8.1 Rejected equipment shall be so noted on the Calibration Record Card and the calibration authorization form.
- 12.8.2 The employee must also sign the Calibration Authorization attesting to the fact of rejection and that he will no longer use this equipment until it is repaired and submitted for approval.
- 12.9 Any new or repaired equipment must be submitted and added to the Calibration Authorization and Calibration Record.



13. ACQUIRING NEW EQUIPMENT

13.1 Initiation

- 13.1.1 The requirement for additional equipment may originate from many sources: Engineering, Planning, Production, Inspection, etc.
- 13.1.2 Special test equipment must be initiated or reviewed by Engineering.
 - 13.1.2.1 All special test equipment must include operating, maintenance and calibration instructions.
- 13.2 All requisitions for new equipment must be reviewed and approved by the Quality Control Manager.
 - 13.2.1 All requisitions for equipment must be approved by Management.
- 13.3 Requisitions to outside vendors for equipment must include the following:
 - 13.3.1 Utilize and reference Military Specifications, when applicable, primarily on thread and plain plug or ring gages.
 - 13.3.2 Request Operating, Maintenance and Calibration Instructions.
 - 13.3.3 Require certification to National Bureau of Standards, when applicable. Reference Paragraph 9.
 - 13.3.4 Accurate and clear description of the equipment with catalog numbers, etc.
- 13.4 Initial inspection shall be Preliminary Inspection performed by Receiving Inspection for in transit damage and items received.
 - 13.4.1 The Receiving Inspector will forward the equipment and paperwork to the applicable Measurement Laboratory.



- 13.5 Final and complete inspection by the Measurement Laboratory.
 - 13.5.1 A complete inspection with actual data shall be performed by the Measurement Laboratory. This inspection record will become a part of the Historical File. Reference Paragraph 7.4.
 - 13.5.2 The final inspection must include the actual operation, test and/or use to which the equipment will be used.
- 13.6 Control Records must be established.
 - 13.6.1 Apply a serial number.
 - 13.6.2 Add to Inventory.
 - 13.6.3 Initiate a Control Record Card.
 - 13.6.4 Initiate a Calibration/Inspection Procedure.
- 13.7 All new instruments will be recalibrated within four production weeks (33 days) from the initial calibration date. If no descrepancies are noted they will then be integrated into the regular calibration schedule.
- 13.8 In the event that an instrument is not covered by a formal procedure, for example, in the case of a new instrument, the calibration may be performed in accordance with an interim procedure or the manufacturer's instruction book. If working standards are not available, interim standards will be established. Interim procedures are good for a maximum of six (6) months.

Rev. 25 Sept. 68

14. STORAGE AND HANDLING

- 14.1 Measuring and test equipment which is to be stored must be prepared as follows:
 - 14.1.1 Checked for calibration or repair requirements.
 - 14.1.2 Record results of inspection on the Calibration Record, being sure to include any repair requirements.
 - 14.1.3 Check preservation against rust or deterioration.
 - 14.1.4 Check container requirements to prevent damage and, if placed in container, assure proper and complete identification on the container.
 - 14.1.5 Apply label or tag to properly identify condition and by whom inspected.
 - 14.1.5.1 Condition would be either usable or non-usable and obsolete, worn or repair required.
 - 14.1.6 Place the Calibration Record Card in the Active File.
 - 14.1.7 All stored equipment will be inspected and audited once every six (6) months in accordance with Paragraph 7.2.4.
- 14.2 The handling of measuring and test equipment is every employee's responsibility. Handling and operating shall be conductive to good practices and the maintenance and accuracy of the equipment.
 - 14.2.1 Experienced inspectors must constantly survey the use of equipment by manufacturing.
 - 14.2.2 Equipment that is returned damaged shall be reviewed by the Quality Control Supervisor for the possibility of damage due to improper handling and, if so, proper instructions are given to the employee.

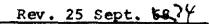


- 14.2.2.1 Occasionally the Quality Control Supervisor will audit and/or review the proper procedure in using equipment with Inspection personnel.
- 14.2.3 Sensitive and/or intricate equipment shall in most cases be accompanied with a Standard Operating Procedure which describes the correct method of using or operating the equipment.
- 14.2.4 Sensitive and/or intricate equipment which requires relocation shall be recalibrated. A tag or label shall be attached to the equipment when this contingency exists.



15. DISPOSITION OF WORN OR OBSOLETE EQUIPMENT

- 15.1 All equipment which is worn, obsolete or otherwise is no longer suitable for use must be tagged and removed from use.
 - 15.1.1 This tagged equipment must be segregated, identified and properly stored.
 - 15.1.2 The Calibration Record will be maintained in the Stored Equipment File.
 - 15.1.3 The equipment must be removed from the Inventory.
 - 15.1.4 No further inspection, audit or records are required until disposition of equipment is made.
- 15.2 Disposition of this equipment will be obtained via a Defective Material Report Procedure. This is processed in accordance with Q.C.P. A-9.
 - 15.2.1 Scrap disposition requires destroying the equipment and placing all records pertaining thereto in the dead file.
 - 15.2.2 Repair Disposition
 A work order and/or a requisition shall be prepared outlining the requirements and in accordance with paragraph 13 on "Acquiring New Equipment".
 - 15.2.3 Hold-As-Is Disposition
 Retain copy of DMR in the Historical File
 with the Control Records.





16. VENDOR CONTROL

- 16.1 All vendors must be on the Quality Control Approved Vendors List prior to receiving any purchase orders from Piasecki Aircraft Corporation.
- 16.2 This approval includes the vendor calibration/inspection procedure in accordance with Mil-C-45662.
- 16.3 Subsequent to awareness of a contract, periodic surveys shall be conducted to assure continued compliance with calibration/inspection system requirements.
- 16.4 Prior approval of the subcontractors calibration/
 inspection system by other companies, corporations
 or government agencies may, when approved by the
 Quality Control Manager, be considered as meeting
 the requirements of this section. However, careful
 consideration must be given to any special contract
 requirements. The subcontractor will be made
 aware of and be required to incorporate any special
 requirements in its calibration/inspection system.
- 16.5 Special measurement or test requirements shall be witnessed and documented by Piasecki Quality Control.
 - 16.5.1 This will be incorporated in the Purchase Order to the Vendor.
 - 16.5.2 Special measurements or tests may require also the equipment used, serial number, date of last calibration.



17. SYSTEMS AUDIT

- 17.1 As part of the overall Quality Assurance Audit Program, periodic surveys of the measuring and test equipment control program will be conducted.
- 17.2 The Quality Control Manager will assign responsibility for conducting the program audit and issuing the audit report. The audit report will include corrective actions required and date corrections are expected to be completed and date of next scheduled audit.



SUBJECT:

RECEIVING INSPECTION

REFERENCE:

Mi1-Q-9858A, Mi1-I-45208A

PURPOSE:

To establish and maintain a uniform method of controlling and inspecting incoming items.

DEPARTMENTS

AFFECTED:

All Departments

FORMS	Purchase Order and Receiver	Q.C118
REQUIRED:	Material Receipt	Q.C117
	Receiving Inspection Report	O.C112
	Inspectors Trip Report	O.C125
	Defective Material Report	Q.C123
	Vendor Rating Card	Q.C116
	Acceptance Tag	Q.C121
	Rejection Tag	Q.C122
	Identification Tag	Q.C119
	Withhold Tag	Q.C120
	Shelf Life Label	Q.C165

GENERAL:

All incoming items other than plant supplies must be processed through receiving inspection. Shop supplies that are used in qualified processes must have receiving inspection.

Receiving inspection will not retain or maintain any material receiver files. All material receivers, inspection reports and documents, thereto, will be forwarded to Central Inspection for filing in the applicable job folders.

A library of Government Standards and Specifications will be maintained. A receiving inspection.

Drawings, customer specifications, purchase orders, etc., will be maintained in Central Inspection and available for receiving inspection.

Receiving inspection will maintain Vendor Rating File in which inspection results will be recorded. This is a continual review of vendor quality performance.



RECEIVER TO RECEIVING INSPECTION

- 1.1 The receiver will complete the Material Receiver in accordance with what was actually received. This will be checked against the shipping documents and any errors in quantity or description must be so noted on the Material Receiver.
- 1.2 Any documents received, such as Inspection Reports, Test Reports, etc., must be listed on the Material Receiver.
- 1.3 All items will be submitted to receiving inspection in the receiving inspection area. All items must be accompanied with the applicable Material Receiver, Purchase Order, and all documents received with the shipment.
- 1.4 Items received that cannot be submitted in the inspection area will be properly identified for receiving inspection and the Material Receiver with documents will be submitted to the receiving inspection.
- 1.5 All items must be properly identified for stores prior to submission to receiving inspection, i.e., raw material coding.



2. TYPES OF INCOMING ITEMS

- 2.1 Government Furnished.
 - 2.1.1 Bailed property
 - 2.1.2 Equipment
 - 2.1.3 Components
- 2.2 Customer Supplied
 - Tools and Fixtures 2.2.1
 - 2.2.2 Gages and Instruments
 - 2.2.3 Raw Material
 - 2.2.4 Components (Details and/or Assemblies)
 - 2.2.5 Items returned as rejected or for modification
- 2.3 Piasecki Purchased
 - 2.3.1 Government source inspection
 - 2.3.2 F.A.A. source inspection 2.3.3 Piasecki source inspection

 - 2.3.4 No source inspection



3. INSPECTION PROCESS METHOD

- 3.1 Unless authorized by the Quality Control Supervisor, all incoming items will be inspected in order of receipt.
- 3.2 All documents received other than Packing Slips, Freight Bills, etc., with the shipment must be listed on the Material Receiver.
- 3.3 A receiving inspection report must be written for each item on a Material Receiver. If the item received has not more than two major characteristics to inspect, the Material Receiver may be used as the receiver inspection report.
- 3.4 All documents and inspection reports, etc., must cross reference the material receiver, number and special document number.
- 3.5 Serial numbers on items received must be noted on all applicable documents such as the material receiver, inspection reports, acceptance tags, etc.
- 3.6 Review certifications and/or affidavits for conformance to applicable specifications and accordance with the material receipt.
 - 3.6.1 Incoming items without certifications may be accepted from an approved vendor when they are of a standard nature. Material or processes for critical items must be either rejected or moved on preliminary acceptance.
- 3.7 Submit to the Material and Process Laboratory the material receipt, certifications, drawings and Engineering requirements, on special processes that require verification.
- 3.8 All test bars and samples must be properly identified, recorded and submitted to the Material and Process Lab.
- 3.9 All incoming items will be inspected to the latest revisions and so noted on all documents. When the latest revision has not been incorporated the items shall be rejected regardless of purchase order requirements.



- 3.10 Check approved vendor's list for vendor qualifications.
 - 3.10.1 If vendor's name is not on the approved list or has not been approved for the service performed, the item received must be rejected.
- 3.11 The results of inspecting incoming items must be recorded on the vendor rating card.
 - 3.11.1 When the vendor's quality rating goes out of control, the vendor rating card must be forwarded to Central Inspection for action.
- 3.12 Periodic laboratory verification of objective quality data furnished by raw material vendors to satisfy chemical and physical requirements of materials.
 - 3.12.1 At least once in twenty shipments received from one vendor a laboratory verification is required on critical materials.
 - 3.12.2 This verification must be recorded on the vendor rating card.
 - 3.12.3 The Piasecki M & P Lab will retain the report file with a copy to receiving inspection for recording and then to Central Inspection for filing in the Vendor's Facility File.



4. ACCEPTANCE METHOD

4.1 Final Acceptance

All items received, regardless of any source inspection performed, i.e., Government, F.A.A., Customer, Piasecki, will not be considered final accepted. Final inspection acceptance must be performed by receiving inspection or in plant on items which require further testing in another area.

- 4.1 The inspector's final acceptance stamp (with the Piasecki insignia) will be used on all items that are completely acceptable and require no further inspection or test.
- 4.12 All documents must be reviewed and stamped with the final inspection acceptance stamp if approved.
- 4.13 All items accepted must be properly identified for inspection status.

4.2 Preliminary Acceptance

Items 'that require further testing or inspection wither at a later date or another inspection station.

- 4.21 Advance release of material when an emergency exists whereby production and/or planning wishes to take the responsibility of using an item or items that have not been completely inspected to the satisfaction of the Receiving Inspector.
 - 4.2.1.1 Advance release of material can only be authorized by the Production Supervisor or Director of Planning with the approval of the Quality Control Supervisor.
 - 4.2.2.2 The master material receipt must be so noted and signed by both the authority requesting advance release of material and the approving Quality Control Supervisor.



- 4.2.2. Items not released to production that require further testing or inspection will be so noted on the master receiver.
- 4.2.3 This preliminary acceptance material receiver will be stamped by the receiving inspector with the In Process Acceptance Stamp (Square).
- 4.2.4 These items will be tagged with a Withhold tag until final acceptance has been made.
- 4.2.5 The material receiver will be processed notifying all concerned.
- 4.2.6 Five copies of the material receiver will accompany the items, until final acceptance has been made, at which time the material receiver copies will be stamped with the final acceptance stamp and distributed to all concerned.
 - 4.2.6.1 Central Inspection will distribute a copy to Purchasing, Accounting, Planning, Receiving, and Inspection.



5. REJECTION METHOD

- 5.1 A complete inspection must be performed to be sure all discrepancies have been found. A complete report of ACTUAL results must be recorded.
- 5.2 Initiate a Defective Material Report giving an accurate description with actual inspection results.
 - 5.2.1 Only facts and not assumptions must be recorded.
 - 5.2.2 Any other reports or documents, pertinent to the rejection, may accompany the DMR, but must be recorded on the DMR.
- 5.3 Complete a Rejection Tag with a brief description of the rejection.
 - 5.3.1 Be sure to note the DMR number on the Rejection Tag.
- 5.4 Attach the Rejection Tag to the rejected items along with the Material Receiver, Receiving Inspection Report and any documents pertaining to the item.
- 5.5 Segregate the rejected items from the normal flow of work.
- 5.6 Forward the Defective Material Report to Central Inspection for appropriate distribution and disposition.
- 5.7 Defective Material Receiver returned with disposition.

Review DMR to understand disposition requirements and that Purchasing has notified the vendor of the disposition.

5.7.1 Use as is disposition

- 5.7.1.1 Stamp all items, documents and processes in accordance with acceptance method reference paragraph 4.
- 5.7.2 Return to vendor disposition

Items returned to the vendor must be accompanied with the rejection tag and a copy of the DMR. The DMR number must be noted on the shipper and a brief explanation for returning the items.



5.7.3 Scrap disposition

5.7.3.1 Do not return to vendor, process all paper work noting DMR number, and scrap disposition. Place parts in the inspection bond room to be held for thirty days prior to destroying.

5.7.4 Rework by Piasecki

- 5.7.4.1 Process material receiver as an acceptance with DMR number.
- 5.7.4.2 Move items with rejection tag and DMR attached.



6.1 GOVERNMENT FURNISHED PROPERTY

- 6.1 All government furnished property must be submitted to receiving inspection with a material receiver and all documents received with the shipment.
- 6.2 The receiving inspector will perform a visual inspection for the following.
 - 6.2.1 Identification
 - 6.2.2 In-Transmit Damage
 - 6.2.3 Preservation
 - 6.2.4 Conformance to the material receiver shipping documents: specifications referenced by them.
- 6.3 All Government documents, requisition and invoice Form DD-1149-4 and the Material Receiver copy will be forwarded to the Government Property Administrator for review, recording and notifying the government representative.
- 6.4 Accepted items will be held in a segregated area until instructions are received from the Government Property Administrator.
- 6.5 Items that require further testing will be processed in accordance with paragraph 4.2.
- 6.6 Rejected or damaged items will be written up on a DMR and both the government representative and the government furnished property administrator must be notified.
- 6.7 All equipment or bailed property will be tagged with an identification tag and the paper copy will be forwarded to the Government Property Administrator.
- 6.8 Government Inspection Requirements.

When Government inspection is required, the contractor shall add to his purchasing document the follwaing statement:

"Government inspection is required prior to shipment from your plant. Upon receipt of this order, promptly notify the Government Representative who normally services your plant so that appropriate planning for Government inspection can be accomplished."



7. CUSTOMER SUPPLIES

- 7.1 Types
 - 7.1.1 Tools and Fixtures
 - 7.1.2 Gages and Instruments
 - 7.1.3 Raw Material
 - 7.1.4 Components, Detail Parts and Assemblies
 - 7.1.5 Returned as rejected
- 7.2 Unless otherwise instructed or for any reasonable doubt, all items received from a customer for use on customer contracts will be considered as dimensionally and physically acceptable.
- 7.3 Visual inspection will be performed for the following:
 - 7.3.1 Identification
 - 7.3.2 In-Transit Damage
 - 7.3.3 Configuration
 - 7.3.4 Preservation
- 7.4 All items accepted will be so designated by an In Process Acceptance Inspection Stamp.
 - NOTE: The inspector in the area, where the customer supplied item is used will be responsible for final acceptance.
- 7.5 Items that are unacceptable will be processed as a rejection (reference paragraph 5) except that the DMR will be processed through Piasecki Customer Representative.
- 7.6 Specific Requirements
 - 7.6.1 Tools and Fixtures
 - 7.6.1.1 An identification tag (form QC119) must be attached to each tool and fixture. Copy of tag to be forwarded to Central Inspection.
 - 7.6.1.2 Verify all identification stamps particularly on drawing revisions and dates.



7.6.2 Gages and Instruments

- 7.6.2.1 An identification tag (form QC119) must be attached to each gage and instruments.

 Copy of tag to be forwarded to Central Inspection.
- 7.6.2.2 Verify calibration dates are up to date and serial numbers are correct with the proper identification.

7.6.3 Raw Material

- 7.6.3.1 Assure material retains customer's identity.
- 7.6.3.2 If material type and composition identification is inadequate use Piasecki Raw Material Code.
- 7.6.3.3 Check serial numbers on all forgings and casting. If not serial numbered, then apply serial numbers and document accordingly.
- 7.6.3.4 Verify and document all raw material condition.
- 7.6.4 Components, Detail Parts and Assemblies
 - 7.6.4.1 Assure that all items are properly packaged for storing to prevent damage prior to use.
 - 7.6.4.2 Verify and/or apply proper and adequate identification.

7.6.5 Items Returned as Rejected

- 7.6.5.1 Must be accompanied with the customer rejection report.
- 7.6.5.2 Verify rejection and initiate a DMR. Any variations from the customer's rejection report will also be noted.
- 7.6.5.3 Segregate material until receipt of DMR with the disposition.





7.6.5.4 Upon receipt of DMR, note disposition on Material Receiver and process accordingly.



8. PIASECKI PURCHASED

- 8.1 Government Source Inspected
 - 8.1.1 Verify government inspectors stamp on documents received.
 - 8.1.2 Check documentary evidence of all test data requirements.
 - 8.1.3 Review and audit inspection and test data.
 - 8.1.4 The Government Source Inspection stamp does not relieve the responsibility of Piasecki Aircraft Corporation nor becomes a substitute for Receiving Inspection. This is a verification of proper procedures and techniques being used by a vendor.
 - 8.1.5 All items will be accepted in accordance with the acceptance method in this procedure reference paragraph 4.
 - 8.1.6 All rejected items will be verified by the Piasecki cognizant Government Quality Control Representative and processed in accordance with paragraph 5.
 - 8.1.7 Purchasing Documents

When, under authorization of the Government Representative, copies of the purchasing document are to be furnished directly by the subcontractor or vendor to the Government Representative at his facility rather than through Government channels, the contractor shall add to his purchasing document a statement substantially as follows:

"On receipt of this order, promptly furnish a copy to the Government Representative who normally services your plant or, if none, to the nearest Army, Navy, Air Force, or Defense Supply Agency inspection office. In the event the representative or office cannot be located, our purchasing agent should be notified immediately."

Rev.

8.2 F.A.A. Source Inspected

- All items received with FAA source inspection performed or from an approved FAA facility will be processed in accordance with para. 8.1.
- 8.2.2 Incoming aircraft or components to be processed under FAA requirements must be processed as follows.
 - 8.2.2.1 Material Receiver moved on preliminary acceptance. Reference para. 4.2.
 - 3.2.2.2 Forward all documents to flight test inspection.
 - 8.2.2.3 Flight test inspection will immediately conduct a preliminary inspection to determine the state of preservation.
 - 8.2.2.3.1 If preservation is inadequate, a DMR must be initiated to determine if tear down or proper preservation is necessary at this time.
 - 8.2.2.3.2 A production process and planning sheet must be initiated to proceed with either requirement.
 - 8.2.2.3.3 The Process and Planning Sheet, DMR and other inspection Records of performance must be completed, stamped and become a part of the permanent record for that aircraft or component.
 - 8.2.2.4 Flight test inspection must also inspect for damage and functional operation.



Rev.

SUBJECT:

PACKAGING AND SHIPPING

REFERENCE:

MIL-I-45208A

Inspection System Requirements

MIL-Q-9858A MIL-STD-726A

Quality Control Systems

MIL-STD-1290

Packaging Requirement Codes

Marking for Shipment and Storage

MIL-STD-116D

Preservation, Methods of

DEPARTMENTS

AFFECTED:

Shipping Dept. Inspection Dept. Purchasing Dept.

FORMS

QC-173 Packing and Packaging

REQUIRED:

QC-144 Shipping Document

GENERAL:

To maintain effective quality control of Packaging and Shipping, in accordance with Military Specifications and/or specific requirements of customer and standard packaging process. Shipments will be broken down into three categories: Type 1 - those items requiring Government Source Inspection; 2 - those requiring no Government Source Inspection; Type 3 - those items being shipped other than Government Contracts.

l. Government Items requiring Source Inspection

> 1.1 Acceptance for shipment

> > All items must show acceptance by both Company and Government Inspection prior to shipment. This will be indicated by either an acceptance tag, an acceptance check list or an acceptance stamp on the part.

1.2 Packaging

- 1.2.1 Packaging shall be checked for adherence to Military Specifications required in the applicable contract. Form QC-173 will be used as a check list on each shipment. This check list will be presented to the Government Representative for approval on each shipment.
- 1.2.2 The preservation of the item is to be in accordance with the Military Specifications of the contract, and acceptance of same stamped in Master Log.

Rev. -

- 1.2.3 Certification Shipping Inspector must ascertain that materials requiring certification as per contract were utilized in packaging and preservation of the item.
- 1.2.4 Marking and Stenciling Must be in accordance with Military Standard requirements as specified on the contract and acceptance of same must be so noted in Master Check list.
- 1,2,5 Presentation Submit to the Government Representative, the Master Log, including the Packaging and Shipping Check List, and the DD-250 form for his acceptance stamp for shipment.
- The records of the shipments shall be maintained 1.2.6 in the Inspection files. This will include all check lists, certification, etc., pertaining to the shipment.

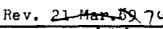


Rev. -21 Mar. 30 74

- Government Items not requiring Source Inspection.
 - 2.1 Acceptance for shipment
 - 2.1.1 All items must show acceptance by Company Inspection prior to shipment. This will be indicated by either an acceptance tag, an acceptance check list or an acceptance stamp on the part.

2.2 Packaging

- 2.2.1 Packaging shall be checked for adherence to Military Specifications required in the applicable contract.
- 2.2.2 The preservation of the item is to be in accordance with the Military Specifications of the contract, and acceptance of same stamped in Master Log.
- 2.2.3 Certification
 Shipping Inspector must ascertain that
 materials requiring certification as per
 contract were utilized in packaging and
 preservation of the item.
- 2.2.4 Marking and Stencilling
 Must be in accordance with Military Standard
 requirements as specified on the contract and
 acceptance of same must be so noted in Master
 Check List.
- 2.2.5 The records of the shipments shall be maintained in the Inspection files. This will include all check lists, certification, etc., pertaining to the shipment.



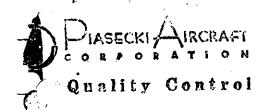
25 Mot

- 3. Items being shipped other than Government Source Contract
 - 3.1 Acceptance of shipment
 - 3.1.1 All items must show acceptance by Company Inspection prior to shipment. This will be indicated by either an acceptance tag, an acceptance check list or an acceptance stamp on the part.

3.2 Packaging

AIRCRAFT

- 3.2.1 Will be accomplished to the Standard Packaging Process which will alleviate any possibility of damage to items with consideration to destination and type of item being shipped.
- 3.2.2 The preservation of the item is to be in accordance with the Military Specifications and/or requirements of the customer. When no requirements are specified, preservation shall be in accordance with standard practices.
- 3.2.3 Certification
 Shipping Inspector must ascertain that materials requiring certification as per contract were utilized in packaging and preservation of the item.
- 3.2.4 Marking and Stencilling
 Must be in accordance with Military Standard
 requirements as specified on the contract and/or
 requirements of the customer. When no requirements are specified, marking and stencilling
 shall be in accordance with standard practices.
- 3.2.5 The records of the shipments shall be maintained in the Inspection files. This will include all check lists, certification, etc., pertaining to the shipment.



Lant Ray, 20 yet.

SUBJECT:

IN-PROCESS INSPECTION

REFERENCE:

MIL-Q-9858A MIL-I-45208 A MIL-STT-105D MIL-STD-414

PURPOSE:

To assure a continuous control of quality in the fabrication and processing of parts, components and assemblies in accordance with applicable drawings and specifications.

DEPARTMENTS AFFECTED:

Production, Planning, Inspection

FORMS REQUIRED: QC-128 laspaction liapert

QC-113 Sampling Imagection Report

QC-115 Request for Government Inspection

QC-123 Defective Material Report

GG-121 Acceptance Tags GC-122 Rejection Tags GC-129 Reserk Tags QC-120 Withhold Tags

QC-141 Routing Sheet

QC-114 Summary of Gampling Inspection

GENERAL:

In process impaction is performed throughout mattufacturing in each department. Evidence and/or reresults of the in process inspection performed is primarily recorded on routing sheets and inspection reports.

Normally, all inspection is performed by Quality Control Inspectors. When a production run is set up with large quantities or in electrical assemblied a production inspector will perform 100% inspection on a lot basis. A Quality Control Inspector will inspect samples of mark lot.

Summaries of Quality Control transs and X & R charts are vied on operations and/or parts involving large quantities which run for several weeks. Because of the day by day changing type of operations to manufacture different kinds of parts to satisfy varied contracts; first piece, roving and final inspection by Quality Control is more than adequate control.



Page 2 of 8 Last Rev. 20 Feb. 64 · New Rev. 21 Mar. 69

1. Sheet Metal and Machine Shop

1.1 First Piece Inspection

- 1.1.1 Operations

 First piece insection is performed on each operation by a machanical inspector. The acceptance of this first piece with the actual dimension obtained is so noted on the process and/or routing sheet.
- 1.1.2 Completed Parts
 First piece inspection is performed on completed parts.
 This is a complete dimensional inspection and is recorded on an inspection Report Form No. QC-128.
 The acceptance of the first piece will be so noted on the routing sheet.

1.2 Roving Inspection

1.2.1 The inspector periodically checks each job as the parts are being made to insure satisfactory operation of equipment and parts. Each inspection performed will be so noted on the routing sheet. The frequency of inspection is determined by the Inspection Foreman and is based primarily on the size of the lot, the size of the part, the amount bursed out per unit time, and relative value of the part. Each lot or container of parts are accompanied with either a routing sheet or an Inspection Acceptance Tag; Form No. QC-121, identifying the inspection standing of the parts.

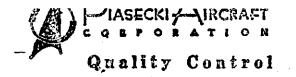
1.3 Final Inspection

- 1.3.1 When parts are completed, they are delivered to the area inspection station with the appropriate routing sheet. Final inspection is performed and recorded on the routing sheet and/or an inspection Report. For accepted items going to a subsequent processing station, the inspector stamps and dates the routing sheet. For accepted items going directly to stock or shipping, the inspector attaches an isceptance Tag.
- 1.3.2 Nost parts are inspected to a "Classification of Defects" single sampling plan per MIL-STD-105.

 Some fabricated parts are impected 100% if the quantities are small, expensive or have critical application.

2. Process Inspection

2.1 All parts subject to specific processes such as welding,



Q.C.P. A-8
Page 3 of 8
Last Rev. 20 Feb. 54
New Rev. 25 Sept. 68

surface and metal treatments are inspected and controlled in two ways. Process Inspection and Control, Part Inspection and Control.

2.1.1 Process Inspection and Control

Rach process is maintained in accordance with the applicable specification. This includes the original testing and samples for qualification and periodic at specific intervals to assure continued quality of each process. Records of test data and corrections are maintained in the Quality Control Office subject to review at any time. When a process is out of control an inspection rejection tag will be placed on the control panel.

2.1.2 Part Inspection and Control

All parts are submitted for inspection following a performed process. The Inspection results are recorded on the routing sheet. Non-Destructive testing, such as penetrant inspection, may also be performed following a process such as welding. The results are recorded on a routing sheet and/or an Inspection Report.

3. Electrical Sub-Assemblies

At the beginning of a job, the Inspection Foreman in cognizance with the Production Foreman and the Government Inspector sets up the inspection stations for sub-assemblics. At this time, specific sampling plans are set up in accordance with the requirements of the contract. For every inspection station, each inspector is provided with a set of inspection instructions.

- 3.1 Electrical Sub-Assemblies are inspected 100% by production inspector at each inspection station. Quality Control Inspector performs sampling inspection on each lot submitted and records same on the sampling inspection report. The lot is then submitted to Government Inspector on a request for Government Inspection submission form.
- 3.2 Quality Control maintains a summary of sampling inspection reports to ascertain a process average.
- 4. Electrical Final Assembly

All electrical assemblies are inspected 100% at final inspection. This is performed in accordance with applicable test specifications and contract requirements.



Quality Control

G. C. P.	A- 8
Page	4 61 8
Last Rev.	20 Feb. 64
New Revo	25 Sept. 68

- 4.1 A production technician inspector performs the final inspection and test in accordance with a test instruction sheet provided by engineering and/or Quality Control. This test instruction sheet is concurred in by the Government Inspector.
- 4.2 A Quality Control Inspector performs a sample inspection and records the results on a sampling inspection report. The assembly is then submitted to the Government Inspector on a request for Government Inspection Form Submission.
- 5. Packaging and Shipping

All packaging is inspected by the Quality Control Inspector.

- 5.1 Packaging requirements and methods are submitted to the Government Inspector with a packaged sample for approval on the first assembly.
- 5.2 All assemblies thereafter are packaged and inspected in accordance with the first assembly approval. The packaged assemblies are submitted to the Government Inspector on a request for Government Inspection Submission Form.

6. Acceptance Sampling

- 6.1 When acceptance sampling is used during in-process inspection, normal inspection will be used at the start of inspection unless otherwise directed by the responsible authority, i.e., reference MIL-STD-105D. Normal inspection is level II. AQL 15 Major and 45 Minor.
- 6.2 The degree of sampling is segregated into three basic categories: Tightened, Normal and Reduced.
 - 6.2.1 Normal to Tightened

When normal inspection is in effect, tightened inspection shall be instituted when 2 out of 5 consecutive lots or batches have been rejected on original inspection, i.e., ignoring resubmitted lots or batches for this procedure.)

6.2.2 Tightened to Normal

When tightened inspection is in effect, normal inspection shall be instituted when 5 consecutive lots or batches have been considered acceptable on original inspection.

6.2.3 Normal to Reduced

When normal inspection is in effect reduced inspection shall be instituted provided that the preceding 10 lots have been on normal inspection and none has been rejected on original inspection.



Quality Control

Q.C.P.	A-8	
Page	5 of 8	
Last Rev.	20 Feb. 64	
Non Yoa'	25 Sept. 68	

7. Approved Sample

- 7.1 An approved sample will be the standard of workmanship when the drawings and/or specifications do not clearly define.
- 7.2 Approved samples must be approved by the customer prior to the production run.
- 8. Acceptance of Rejection Identification
 - 8.1 All accepted parts or assemblies throughout the plant shall be identified by either an inspection acceptance tag or a Quality Control acceptance stamp on the routing sheet.
 - 8.1.1 The quantity and the operations which are accepted must be clearly defined.
 - 8.2 All rejected parts or assemblies shall be segregated and tagged with a red inspection rejection tag. This tag should clearly define the quantity and reason for the rejection.
 - 8.2.1 Parts or assemblies that Production objects to reworking shall be removed to bonded stores or a segregated area.
 - 8.2.2 A defective material report shall be written by Quality Control describing the defects. Production and Engineering will disposition the DMR with Quality Control approved. The DMR is then presented to the Government Inspector for disposition.
 - 8.2.3 Parts or assemblies that have been accepted after DMR approval shall be tagged with an inspection acceptance tag and placed back into production.
 - 8.2.4 Parts or assemblies not accepted on DMR are placed into a salvage area for disassembly and removal of usable parts. Rejected parts will be returned to bonded room for scrap.

9. Scrap

- All items must be dispositioned as scrap on a DMR.
 - 9.1 Quality Control will destroy and/or Metal Stamp (SCRAP) each item.

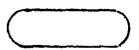


Q.C.P. A=8
Page 6 of 8
Last Rev. 20 Feb. 54
New Rev. 25 Sept.68

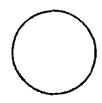
FLOW CHART LEGEND

And the Contract of the Contra	~
	ı
1	- 1
Į.	. 1
1	- 1
Ĭ	ŀ
ŧ	ł
Į.	- 1

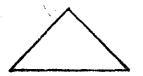
Holding Process



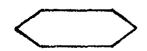
Quality Check



Manufacturing Process



Product Inspection



Repair or Rework



Reject, Scrap or Return to Supplied



 C.P.
 A-8

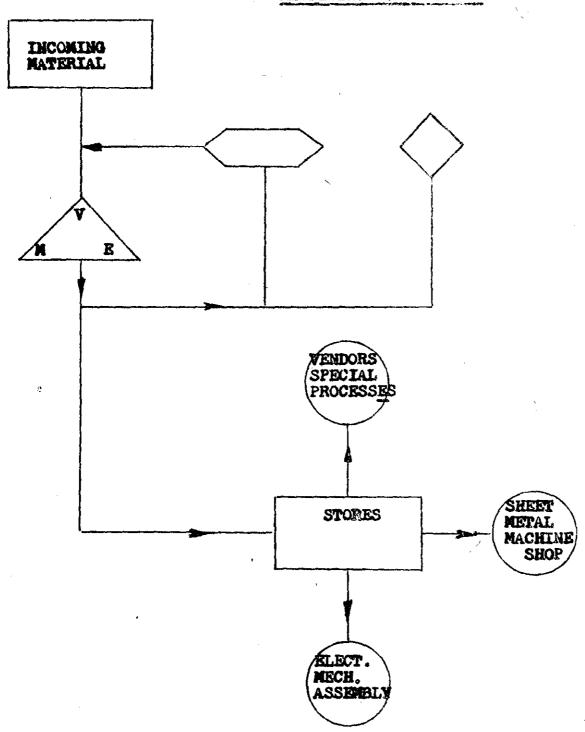
 Page
 7 of 8

 Last Rev.
 20 Feb. 64

 New Rev.
 25 Sept. 68

自然 编 编

FLOW CHART #1 RECEIVING INSPECTION

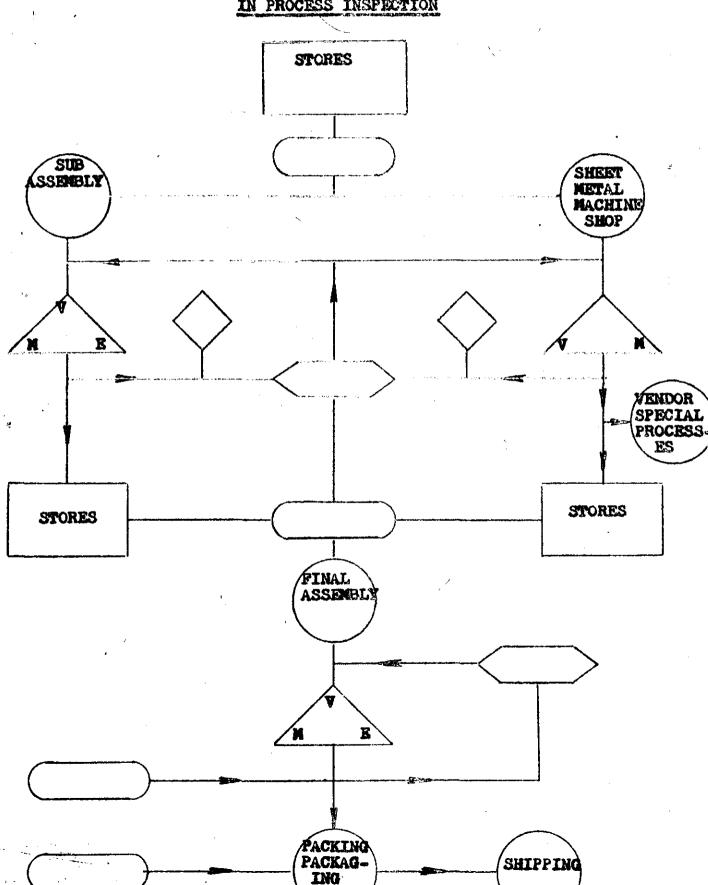


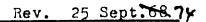


Q.U.P. Page Last Rev. 20 Feb. 64 25 Sept. 68 New Ray.

FLOW CHART #2

IN PROCESS INSPECTION







SUBJECT:

MATERIAL REVIEW

REFERENCE:

MIL-Q-9858A MIL-45208A

PURPOSE:

To determine the disposition of materials and/or parts with discrepancies or variations from approved drawings and/or specifications. To determine the necessary corrective action for prevention of recurring discrepancies or

variations.

DEPARTMENTS AFFECTED:

Inspection Department, Production Department

FORMS REQUIRED:

Defective Material Report Material Review Report

GENERAL:

The method for the handling of materials and/or parts which deviate from prints, specifications and accepted standards. Said procedure shall be in accordance with MIL-Q-9858A and MIL-45208A. The basic steps of the Material Review Board procedure is as follows:

l. Preliminary Review

2. Membership of Material Review Board

3. Duties of the Material Review Board

4. Authority of the Material Review Board

5. Material Review Board Action

6. Disposition of Material

7. Material Review Board Form

1. Preliminary Review

When the material is found to be discrepant, it shall be 1.1 properly identified with an Inspection Rejection Tag and placed in a specified area. The Inspector shall write a Defective Material Report, which will constitute a Preliminary Review. This Defective Material Report will explain in detail all the information pertaining to the discrepant items. The Defective Material Report number will be referenced on the Inspection Rejection Tag. Defective Material Report will also note the location of the item. The Inspector will submit the Defective Material Report with any applicable specifications and/or drawings to the Inspection Foreman for his review. Inspection Foreman will determine whether disposition can be made on a Preliminary Review or shall be referred to the Material Review Board for action.



- 1.1.1 Scrapped If the material is obviously unfit for use and irreparable, it may be scrapped by the contractor with concurrence of Government Representative.
- 1.1.2 Completed If the material does not meet requirements because of incomplete fabrication, the contractor may provide for the additional work necessary to bring the material within specified requirements.
- 1.1.3 Accepted Acceptance of variations, corrections and repairs of variations, or replacement of parts can be made by Piasecki Aircraft Corporation without submission to the Material Review Board, based on final acceptance by the Government Representative.
- 1.1.4 Designated for Material Review Board Action All material for which agreement cannot be reached as to acceptance "as is", rework, or scrapping in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, shall be designated for Material Review Board action.
- 1.1.5 When the Inspection Foreman decides that a "Preliminary Review" shall not adequately cover the part or parts in question, he shall immediately take the necessary steps to institute Material Review action. The Inspection Foreman shall transfer the information contained on the Defective Material Report to the Material Review Report, cross referencing the Defective Material Report number.
- 1.2 The Green Copy of the Defective Material Report shall be attached to the log so that a complete history of the part or parts affected will be available for review by the Government Inspector.
- Mhen the Inspection Foreman's disposition does not require Material Review Board action, the disposition will be written on the Defective Material Report and signed by the Inspection Foreman. Preliminary review does not require the signature of the Government Representative on the Defective Material Report.

74



1.4 In the event rework shall be required on a Defective Material Report, the Defective Material Report shall be returned to the inspector to be kept with the Inspection Log until the rework has been satisfactorily accomplished.

- 1.5 The inspector shall, at that time, stamp the Defective Material Report indicating the rework has been accomplished and accepted. The Defective Material Report shall then be turned over to the Inspection Office for distribution.
- 1.6 The Defective Material Report will be distributed as follows:

White Copy - Planning Dept.

Green Copy - Inspection Log
Yellow Copy - Inspection Files
Pink Copy - Production Dept.
Blue Copy - (Hard Copy) shall
accompany part

The file folder containing the Defective Material Reports in the Inspection Office shall be made available for inspection by the Government Representative at any time he shall so request.



2. Membership of Material Review Board

The Material Review Board shall consist of the following members:

- 2.1 A member of the Inspection Department to be appointed by the Chief Inspector and approved by the cognizant Government Representative.
- 2.2 A member of the Engineering Department appointed by the Chief of Design and Analysis and approved by the cognizant Government Representative.
- 2.3 Representative of the cognizant Government Agent.

Members of the Board may call upon other Piasecki Aircraft or Government personnel to act in an advisory or consultant capacity. Such personnel shall not be considered voting members of the Board.



3. Duties of the Material Review Board

It shall be the duty of the Material Review Board to:

- 3.1 Approve Piasecki Aircraft Corporation's Material Review procedures at the plant level which are required to implement this specification.
- 3.2 Determine whether materials submitted can be used "as is", require reworking, or shall be rejected.
- 3.3 Insure that adequate records on all Material Review Board actions are maintained and are available for ready reference. Such records shall be in addition to the records of all materials rejected by Piasecki Aircraft Corporation without submission to the Material Review Board. These records shall be such that they show recurring discrepancies. All records shall be available for review and analysis by the Government.
- 3.4 Determine that Piasecki Aircraft Corporation will establish an effective follow-up control which will insure that action is taken promptly to remedy the causes of defective material submitted to the Material Review Board.

74



4. Authority of the Material Review Board

- 4.1 Decisions in every case relative to acceptance shall be made by the Government Representative only after the members have made their recommendations.

 Acceptance shall require the concurrence of all members of the Board. Rejection can be made by any member of the board without the concurrence of all members.
- 4.2 Meetings of the Board shall be conducted by the Inspection member as the need shall arise. It shall also be left to the discretion of the Inspection member whether to present the facts individually or to arrange for a collective meeting of said Board members, unless one Board member desires a collective meeting. Any member of the Board may request the Board to convene to arrive at decisions on materials submitted. When an actual meeting of the Board is not required, each member may individually examine and record his recommendations on the material under review.



Rev. 25 Sept. 88

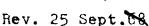
74

- 5. Material Review Board Action
 - 5.1 The Material Review Board shall take appropriate action on each item of materials referred to the Board as to acceptance, reworking or scrapping.
 - 5.2 In arriving at decisions, the Material Review Board will utilize the Engineering member's recommendations. When a discrepancy has been approved by the Engineering member for acceptance "as is" or after a specified method of repair, and this action is concurred in by the Board, the Material Review Board may use this information as a reference when evaluating similar or identical cases on a limited recurrence basis. Material Review Board actions, predicated on Engineering decisions approving a discrepancy, shall not be used as routine justification for acceptance of recurring discrepancies.



6. Disposition of Material

- 6.1 Accept as is a PiAC acceptance tag shall be affixed to part or parts and distribution of Material Review Report made. When applicable, the MRR # will be stamped or etched on the part.
- 6.2 Rework Distribution of the Material Review Report shall not be made until rework has been accomplished and accepted on a PiAC acceptance tag by the Inspector. The Inspector will remove the Rework Tags and forward the Material Review Report to the Inspection Foreman for distribution.
- on the floor to identify the item as being scrapped. The item shall be placed in a previously designated area where the Government Representative may also affix the Government Rejection Tag on the item in question. The item shall be placed in G.F.P. stores until G.F.P. will initiate Form No. DD-543 to Government Representative requesting disposition of scrapped items. Ref. Q.C.P. A-11.





7. Material Review Board form

- 7.1 All material on which a preliminary review indicates it should be designated for Material Review Board action shall be entered by the Inspection member on a Material Review Report (PIAC-04).
- 7.2 Presentation of Board recommendation to the Government Representative The Board recommendation shall be submitted to the Government representative with a request for approval by Board member who is fully familiar with all phases of the evidence whereon the decision of the Board was based. Thus, if the decision hinges on considerations of a stress distribution and stress level, the Stress or Design Engineer shall explain the Board recommendations to the Government Representative. Decisions of a general nature may be explained by the Inspection Department member of the Board.
- 7.3 Material Review Report forms shall be issued numerically and a file maintained in the Inspection Office of completed material review reports.

Distribution of completed Material Review forms shall be as follows:

7.3.1 - Inspection Completed Reports File

7.3.2 - Inspection Part or Job File

7.3.3 - Government Representative

7.3.4 - Production

7.3.5 - Customer



SUBJECT:

SCRAP CONTROL

REFERENCE:

MIL-Q-5923-C MIL-I-45208A

PURPOSE:

The Control of non-conforming material, parts, assemblies, and which are to be scrapped.

This procedure shall cover all materials, parts, sub-assemblies, received, manufactured, assembled and designated as scrap by the Material Review Board.

It should include identification, handling, disposition, and recording and such pertinent information as required.

DEPARTMENTS

AFFECTED:

Inspection, Purchasing, Production

FORMS

USED:

Rejection Tag - QC-122

Defective Material Report - QC-123

GENERAL:

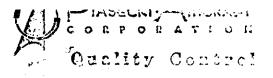
- 1. Authorization for scrapping of Parts or Material can be made only by:
 - 1.1 By disposition of Material Review Board on Defective Material Report.
 - 1.1.2 By Inspectors concurrence with obvious scrap on Defective Material Report.
 - 1.1.3 Defective Material Report Distribution:
 - (a) Production Control =
 - (b) Production (or Purchasing of Item is a purchased part)
 - (c) Quality Control
 - (d) Engineering
 Attached to material

1.2 SCRAP HANDLING

- 1.2.1 Scrapped parts shall be mutilated and/or positively identified as scrap to preclude their further use.
- 1.2.2 Storage will be accomplished at a minimum cost consistant with security.

- 1.2.3 Scrapped parts shall be moved to designated areas estable the plant for disposal.

 1.2.4 Purchased parts which are scrapped shall be
- 1.2.4 Purchased parts which are scrapped shall be held for thirty (33) days after the vendor has been notified.
- 1.2.5 If vendor requests return of scrapped parts, they shall be positively identified as unfit for use on Piasecki contracts by:
 - (a) Deeply stamping "SCRAP" on part where possible.
 - (b) Mutilating Part
 - (c) Attaching Defective Material Report to part for return work to vendor.
- 1.3 Records maintained by Quality Control shall consist of:
 - 1.3.1 Total scrap recorded on contract basis listing responsibility, Piasecki, Vendor, etc., as case may be, and percentage of scrap.
 - 1.3.2 Submit periodic scrap report to management.
- 1.4 Obvious scrap which does not require Material Review Board action may be designated as scrap by the Inspector.
 - 1.4.1 Obsolete parts through Engineering Change.
 - 1.4.2 Obviously damaged beyond repair.
 - 1.4.3 Such scrap shall be noted on a Defective Material Report together with all pertinent information, signed by the Inspector and countersigned by the Quality Control Supervisor.



Page Tork
Lest Rev. 13 Aug. 64
New Rev. 25 Sept. 68

SUBJECT:

STANDARD TEST METHODS

REFERENCE:

MIL -Q- 9858 A

MIN-I-45-208A

PURPOSE:

To establish a control for the initiating, numbering, approving and distribution of Standard Test Methods, including a standard format and forms to follow.

DEPARTMENTS

AFFECTED:

All Departments

FORMS

REQUIRED:

Standard Test Method Form QC-139

GENERAL:

Standard Test Nethods are necessary to the performance of specific tests that are repetitive with the same requirements.

Tests performed in accordance with Standard Test Mathods will assure the use of proper equipment and correct test procedure.

1. NUMBERING AND INDEXING SYSTEM

- 1.1 The standard test method numbers will be determined and controlled by the custodian.
- 1.2 The numbering system will be grouped to maintain a block of numbers as follows.
 - 1.2.1 001 to 099 Laboratory
 - 1.2.2 100 to 199 Quality Control
 - 1,2.3 200 to 299 Inspection
 - 1.2.4 300 to 399 Production
 - · 1.2.5 400 to 499 Engineering
- 1.3 The index will indicate the number, fittle and date of each STM.
- 1.4 Although each STM will be identified by a number, the index will also include dash numbers as required to indicate specific types or classes within an STM.

Quality Control

Q.C.P. A=16
Page 2 of 3
Last Rev. 13 Aug. 64
New Rev. 25 Sept. 68

2. DISTRIBUTION

2.1 The Standard Test Method Manual is for Piasecki personnel only. Manuals will not be supplied to anyone outside the Company unless approved by the custodian. A particular STM may be issued to a vendor or customer when it is so indicated on the STM.

2.2 Each manual will be serial numbered and a list of recipients maintained by the custodian to assure proper distribution of new and/or revised standards.

3. CUSTODIAN

- 3.1 Until further notice, the Quality Control Department will be responsible for the control of Standard Test Methods.
- 3.2 A master copy of all standards will be maintained in the office of the Quality Control Division and copies of same distributed from there.
- 3.3 Review. Rach standard will be reviewed at least yearly on its anniversary date for currency and/or need in the operation. The Quality Control Division will maintain a review schedule and notify the author or his supervisor when a review is due.

4. ORIGIN

- 4.1 The need for a new standard or a revision to an old standard will be determined by the Quality Control Manager.
- 4.2 Author. The Quality Control Division will designate an individual to prepare the standard.

5. COORDINATION

- 5.1 Draft. The completed draft will be submitted to the Quality Control Division for approval of format and context. The Quality Control Division will prepare the typewritten copy for coordination.
- 5.2 Coordination. A coordination sheet, a standard form prepared and maintained by Quality Control will be attached to the typewritten draft and circulated to the interested sections for review and approval, or disapproval and/or suggested changes or recommendations.
- 5.3 Suspense. The reviewer will not hold the draft for more than two days. The reviewer will add any comments he desires on the coordination sheet, sign (initial) beside his name, date and forward to the next reviewer.



B. O. P. A = 163 of 4 Page 13 Aug. 63 Last Rev. New Rev.

5.4 Final Review. The draft will be returned to Quality Control for final review. The draft will be returned to the originator for any changes before publication.

APPROVAL

- 6.1 Each master page will be dated and signed by the author and the approving personnel.
- One or more of the following personnel will approve the

 - 6.2.1 Chief Engineer 6.2.2 Stress Engineer
 - 6.2.3 Industrial Engineer

 - 6.2.4 Laboratory Analyst Engineer 6.2.5 Government Quality Assurance Representative
 - 6.2.6 Quality Control Manager (required on all STM's)
- Personnel approval requirement will be determined by the custodian based on the nature of the STM.

7. PUBLICATION

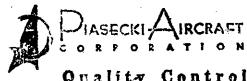
The completed draft will be returned to Quality Control for typing, final approval and publication.

AMENDMENTS AND REVISIONS

- The requirement for an amendment or revision may originate from anyone through the custodian.
- 8.2 Amendments or revisions will be processed the same as new STM:s. per paragraphs 4 and 5.
- 8.3 A single page may be revised, or any number of pages.
- The date and the revision number will be indicated on each page revised.

FORMAT 9.

- All standards will be written in the outline form using the decimal system.
- 9.2 The following basic outline all he used.
 - 9.2.1 Equipment needed
 - 9.2.2 Materials needed
 - 9.2.3 Actual test process
 - 9.2.4 Calculations
 - 9.2.5 Criteria.



Quality Control

Q.C.P. A-31 Page Date

SUBJECT:

Drawing and Change Control

REFERENCE:

mii.=Q=9858a -MIL-I-45208A

Piacecks Engineering Manual PIAC Policies and Procedures

PURPOSE:

To assure that drawings, drawing changes and applicable supplementary documents are in strict compliance with the latest Contract and/or Engineering Requirements. To provide a standard method of reviewing, approving and distributing drawings and changes thereto for adequacy in design, producibility, quality and in-spection requirements and assuring points of effectivity with appropriate removal of obsolete drawings and charges at all points of issue and use.

DEPARTMENTS AFFECTED:

All Tepurtments

FORMS REQUIREDE Sales Work Order Engineering Release Engineering Order

Engineering Change Request Planning or Routing Sheet

THE

MENERAL:

Both facilities of Piesecki Aircraft Corporation use

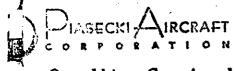
A Sales Work Order Number is assigned to each and every contract received. This sales order number is referenced from this point on, on every document pertaining to this contract. Every department in the company used the sales order number as the reference to the particular contract.

Q.C.P.	A-31
Page	2 of 7
Date	1 April 69
Rev.	

1. Contract Administration

1.1 The Contracts Administrator, Plant Manager and/or the Sales Manager review the contract with the quotation for changes, completeness, adequacy and date of receipt.

- 1.1.1 The action is documented by initialing the contract and returning the acknowledgment of receipt and acceptance.
- 1.2 Contracts Administration assigns a Sales Order Number, sets up a Contract File Folder and prepares a Sales Work Order. Note: Re: Para, under General.
 - 1.2.1 The Sales Work Order is prepared, using the applicable form and in accordance with the written Clerk's Instruction.
 - 1.2.2 Distribution is made to all departments in accordance with the written Clerk's Instruction.
 - 1.2.3 Upon receipt of a Sales Work Order, the Quality Control Supervisor personally reviews the contract to assure completeness and correctness of the Sales Work Order along with noting any Quality and Inspection requirements. This action is documented by initialing the contract and the inspection copy of the Sales Work Order.
 - 1.2.4 All drawings and specifications received from the oustomer are forwarded to Engineering, Piasecki design products and standard customer products which are centinually reordered. Customer design products and drawings stipulated by contract are forwarded directly to Planning.
- 1.3 Amendments to contracts are processed in the same manner with the same distribution and the Sales Work Order form with a Change Notice number.
- 1.4 Preliminary Sales Work Orders are released without benefit of the actual centract, sometimes by verbal request of the customer and/or to expedite delivery. The Contracts Administrator carries the full responsibility for this until receipt of the contract.
- 1.5 All requests from Piasecki for changes to the contract and applicable drawings or specifications are processed through the Contracts Administrator. This is documented on the Engineering Change Request form.



Quality Control

Q.C.P. A-31
Page 3 of 7
Date 1 April 69
Rev.

- 1.6 Contracts Administration maintains a Contract Control form ir which a record of all contract amendments is kept along with Shipping and Billing data.
- 1.7 When a contract is completed, a Sales Work Order is issued by Contracts Administration closing the job.

2. Engineering's Function

- 2.1 Engineering maintains, controls, and issues all drawings and changes on Piasecki design products, per the Engineering Kanual.
 - 2.1.1 Drawing nomenclature, format end numbering system is in accordance with the Piasecki Engineering Manual unless otherwise specified by the customer.
 - 2.1.2 Engineering maintains and controls customer's drawings on standard customer products which are continually reordered.
- 2.2 Upon the receipt of a Sales Work Order from contracts, Engineering reviews all drawings, revisions, changes and applicable specifications for compliance with the contract.
 - 2.2.1 Piasecki drawings are updated as required to comply with the current contract.
 - 2.2.2 Changes that cannot be complied with are recorded on an ECR (Engineering Change Request, Re: Para 6.11 in the Engineering Manual) and forwarded to Contracts Administration.
 - 2.2.3 The Drawing List (or Parts List) is reviewed and updated for the latest revisions and changes. This is the master list used by all departments as the latest information to the current contract and applicable amendments.
- 2.3 Engineering issues new drawings to Planning using the Engineering Release Form (ER) in accordance with Section 7 of the Engineering Manual.
 - 2.3.1 A Drawing Release Record Card is maintained.
 - 2.3.2 Engineering maintains on file the original and/or master of each drawing and change.



Q.C.P. A-31
Page 4 of 7
Date 1 April 69
Rev.

- 2.3.3 Provisions for Preliminary and Advanced Releases are found in Paragraphs 7.1 and 7.2 of the Engineering Manual.
- 2.4 Changes or cancellation on released drawings are issued as Engineering orders to Planning, using the Engineering Order Block on the same ER form. This procedure is outlined in Section 6 of the Engineering Manual.
 - 2.4.1 The effectivity point is included in the change or cancellation.
 - 2.4.2 Planning is responsible for the removal of canceled drawings in all departments.
- 2.5 Classified and/or security type drawings are processed in accordance with paragraph 1.9 of the Engineering Manual.
- 2.6 Any changes to drawings and/or applicable specifications desired from any department are processed with an Engineering Change Request form (ECR) in accordance with Paragraph 6.11 and 6.12 of the Engineering Manual.

3. Planning's Function

- 3.1 Customer drawings, changes and applicable specifications which are strictly customer design and stipulated on the customer contract are issued directly to Planning from Contracts Administration.
 - 3.1.1 Engineering only becomes involved when Planning, Quality Control or Manufacturing request a change (ECR) or tool design is necessary.
- 3.2 Upon receipt of the Sales Work Order, drawings and applicable apecifications, Planning reviews and checks against the quotation.
 - 3.2.1 Prepares a Master Schedule for the individual contract which is used by all concerned as a guide to quantities and delivery requirements intended.
 - 3.2.1.1 Master Schedule is issued to -

Production Comtrol
Manufacturing
Purchasing
Contracts Administration
Inspection
Engineering.



Quality Control

Q.C.P.	A-31
Page	5 of 7
Date	1 April 69
Rev.	

- 3.2.2 Adds the new contract to the Contract Schedule which lists all active contracts in house.

 This specifies actual delivery requirements.
 - 3.2.2.1 Contract Schedule is issued to all Supervisors in every department.
- 3.3 A Bill of Material is prepared which reflects each drawing number, Revision and Changes. Prepared on a standard form.
 - 3.3.1 Issued to Contracts Administration Purchasing Production Control Manufacturing Quality Control.
 - 3.3.2 Changes to Bills of Material already issued reflect the Revision and date of revision, Individual item is flagged.
- 3.4 A Material Summery is prepared on a standard form which groups the quantities of same material and hardware.
 - 3.4.1 Issued same as Bill of Material. Re: 3.3.1
 - 3.4.2 Changes affected same as Bill of Material. Re: 3.3.2
 - 3.4.3 Eill of Material is used by Purchasing as the Requisition,
 - 3.4.3.1 Before Planning insues the Bill of Material, Production Control checks material on hand which is noted on the Bill of Material.
- 3.5 A Shop Order is prepared and lasued to Production Control, in three copies.
 - 3.5.1 A separate Shop Order is prepared for each manufactured detail and assembly.
 - 3.5.1.1 Duplicate Shop Orders may be issued for quantities required at different dates or for splitting lots.
 - 3.5.2 Shop Order is on a stander form which specifies the drawing number, revision and changes, and recommended sequence of operations.
 - 3.5.3 Changes required are flagged on the Master Shop Crder and a new Shop Order is issued with a revision and date of revision.



Q.C.P. A-31 Page 6 of 7 Date 1 April 69 Rev.

- 3.5.3.1 Effectivity requirements on changes are noted on the revised Shop Order.
- 3.5.4 Removal of drawings affected from changes is performed by the expeditor who returns the drawings to Planning.
 - 3.5.4.1 Planning may destroy the canceled drawing or stamp it void and file it in the Planning Job Folder.
- 3.5.5 Drawings on completed jobs are returned to Planning for filing, or returned to Engineering.

4. Production Control Punction

- 4.1 Maintains and used as guides to work and schedule requirements the Bill of Material, Material Summary, Contrast Schedule and the Master Schedule.
- 4.2 Upon receipt of the drawings and three copies of the Shop
 - 4.2.1 Files one copy of the Shop Order
 - 4.2.2 Has expediter distribute two copies of the Shop Order and the drawing to the applicable manufacturing department.
 - 4.2.2.1 Manufacturing keeps one copy of the Shop Order and the other copy goes with the drawing into work. The Shop Order stays with the work until it is shipped or goes into an assembly.
- 4.3 Changes or cancellations to Shop Orders and drawings are processed the same way except that the expeditor picks up the canceled drawings and returns them to Planning and removes the old Shop Order from manufacturing. This may be destroyed.
 - 4.3.1 On changes or splitting lots which require the inspection information to be carried over on revised Shop Orders, the expediter must get an inspector to do this or the parts have to be inspected completely as new.

5. Purchasing's Function

5.1 Prepares Purchase Orders for Material and services in accordance with the Material Summary.



Q.C.P. Page Date Rev. A-31 7 of 7 1 April 69

- 5.1.1 Uses the Master Schedule, Contract Schedule as the guide to delivery requirements.
- 5.1.2 Uses the Bill of Material as the guide to drawing, revision and change requirements and specification requirements.
- 5.1.3 Obtains drawings as required from Planning or Engineering.
- 5.1.4 Uses the Quality Control Receiving Inspection Procedure as a guide to standard quality requirements.
- 5.2 Notifies Planning of any problems in not being able to meet delivery or drawing and specification requirements.
- 5.3 Notifies Quality Control of any problems in not being able to satisfy Quality or Inspection requirements.
- 6. Quality and/or Inspection
 - 6.1 Upon receipt of Sales Work Order, reviews contract for inspection requirements.
 - 6.1.1 Inspection and test requirements are reviewed with the QAR.
 - 6.2 Prepares Flow Plans, Inspection Logs, Check List, Test Reports as required to satisfy contract and quality requirements.
 - 6.3 Uses the Master Schedule and Contract Schedule as a guide to fulfilling inspection requirements within schedule.
 - 6.4 Uses the Bill of Material as the guide to correct drawings and specifications being used during inspection and test.
 - 6.5 Picks up and files all completed Shop Orders on details and assemblies that are shipped or used on next assembly.

FAGM -- Patt -Issued -- Date rev . 61 2 20 006 59 30 Jan 60

SUBJECT -

MIECTRONICS

REFERENCE ...

AIRBORNE AND GROUND EQUIPMENT

PURPOSE -

To establish standards of workmanship necessary to the manufacture of Airborne and Ground Electronic Equipment in accordance with Covernment Specifications.

DERARTMENTS AFFICTED ...

PRODUCTION, ENGINEERING, ELECTRONICS LABORATORY

FORMS
REQUIRED =

INSTRUMENT CONTROL CARDS, CALIBRATION LABELS

GENERAL -

The general manufacturing processes and workmanship shall be the same for Airborne and Ground Electronic equipment but the acceptance quality levels shall differ in accordance with the type equipment being manufactured and the customer requirements.

Unless otherwise specified by the customer or Piesecki Engineering for a particular item, standards and methods of manufacturing as described in this procedure shall be adhered to by Piesecki Aircraft Corporation and its vendors.

The methods of performing Inspection for Electronics in Recieving, Processing and Shipping shall conform to procedures in the Quality Control Manual for that particular phase. Accepting, rejecting, reworking, Material Review etc. shall also conform to procedures set up in the Quality Control Manual.



Q. C. F. PAGE DATE ISSUED DATE REV.

20 oct 30 Jan

GENERAL

4

The standards and methods set forth in this procedure are segregated in the following categories.

1. ELECTRONICS

- Soldering
 - 3 Solderless Connectors
 - Wiring
 - Cabeling
 - Bonding.
 - Wolding
 - 8 Hardware
 - Riveting
 - Printed Circuit Waring 10
 - 11 Potted Filters
 - 12 Potted Connectors
 - 33 Terminal Board Symbolization
 - 14 Terminal Board Staking
 - 15 Marking
 - 16 Finish
 - 17 Final Inspection
 - 18 Acceptance Quality Levels
 - 19 Instrument Control
 - 20 Equipment List
 - 21 Related Military Standards List



Q/C.P. C-3
Page 1 of 2
Last Rev. 30 Jan. 60
New Rev. 25 Sept.68

2. SOLDERLESS CONNECTORS

2.1 General

The solderless terminal or connector is a pressure type electrical connection designed with close tolerance dimensions. It differs from a solder joint in that the connection depends on pressure rather than the alloying action of the solder. Exhaustive tests have proven that the efficiency of solderless connections is equal to that of soldered ones.

2.2 Theory of Operation

The common type of solderless terminal is the straight tongue and split barrel type. The tongue is of little importance, its design and shape being largely dependent on specific application requirements. The barrel or sleeve part is designed to exact OD and ID dimensions, wall thickness and length, all of which are dependent on the wire gage to be terminated.

- 2.3 Solderless connectors shall be inspected for the following items:
 - 2.3.1 Solderless type terminals must be applied only on stranded wire conductor and the strands should not be twisted.
 - 2.3.2 The solderless terminal must be the correct size for the wire. This may be determined by the manufacturer's color coding, or by the size range marking on the terminal.
 - 2.3.3 An approved crimping tool or the dies utilized in automatic application of terminals must be the correct size or configuration for the terminal used. Incorrect size crimping tools are evidenced by the spacing or shape of the die marks on the terminal.
 - 2.3.4 Improper Crimping evidenced by relative motion between the terminal and the conductor.
 - 2.3.5 The terminals applied to the wire must not be damaged in any manner which would affect the termination when subjected to environmental extremes, such as, shock, vibration, etc.

Q.C.P. C-3
Page 2 of 2
Last Rev. 30 Jan. 60
New Rev. 25 Sept. 68

- 2.3.6 The wire must be flush or extend through the barrel for a distance not exceeding 1/16 inch.
- 2.3.7 The end of the wire must not exhibit a round shape after crimping operation.
- 2.3.8 Pre-insulation Damage prior to and after the crimping operation of a solderless type connector there must be no evidence of damage to the insulating sleeve on the lug. The sleeve material must not be damaged to the extent that a potential short circuit would result.

QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

Q. O. P. PAGE DATE ISSUED DATE REV.

1 or 8 20 Oct 59 30 Jan 60

WIRING

General - Improper placing or dressing of wires or cable may cause serious operating difficulty because of spurious ocillation, restriction of mechanical operation etc. Frayed, burned or pinched insulation could cause short circuits or current leakage that would seriously interfere with proper operation of equipment in service. Improper termination under strain could result in breakage of the conductors due to metal fatigue. Exposure to extremes of temperature, humidity, /ib-ration, shock, barametric pressure and overload must be a factor of consideration for failure.

4.2 Wiring Standards

4.2.1 Broken Strands - Conductors must not contain more than 10% missing strands or strands damaged by nicking, scraping etc.

Example:

O to 7 strands - No damaged strands allowed

8 to 19 strands- 1 damaged strand allowed 20 and above - 2 damaged strands allowed

Insulation - Insulation stripping should be done mechanically using only tools specifically designed for thes purpose. Adjustable strippers, knives, razor blades, etc., should not be used as they may damage the wires when wire with coated insulation is used, the coating should be removed with a suitable solvent or heat.

The wiring insulation must be inspected for the following items:

- 4.2.2.1 Insulation must be complete, intact and free from damage such as abrasions, cuts, burns, pinches, tears, fraying etc.
- 4.2.2.2 The maximum length of bare wire between the wire insulation and the connection should not exceed 1/16".

Q. C. P. PAGE DATE ISSUED DATE REV.

20 Oct 59 30 Jan 60

QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

4.2.2 Insulation (Cont)

- 4.2.2.3 Ends of the fabric insulation should not be frayed and properly coated with an approved varnish conforming to specification MIL-V-173. (#1557 Glyptal or equivalent)
- 4.2.2.4 The insulation must not be allowed to extend into the soldered joint as thus will cause a poor connection.
- 4.2.2.5 This criteria is also applicable to sleeving including the following
 - 4.2.2.5.1 Sleeving when wed must be tied in place to prevent movement away from the joint its protecting.
 - 4.2.2.5.2 Sleeving used between connections should be continuous.

4.2.3 Wire Dress

- 4.2.3.1 A wire dress sample will be made by the development wireman. When this is complete, it should be approved by the interested Manufacturing personnel, Design Engineering, Quality Control and Inspection. On new designs, Engineering will specify any special requirements (such as wire runs, clamps, sleeving, etc.) they may require. When no special requirements are specified, the development wireman will select the best route for cabling, location of clamps, protective sleeving, etc.
- 4.2.3.2 When the wire dress sample is approved by the above personnel, they will signify their approval by signing a card attached to the unit. This unit will then become a prototype and be used as a sample to measure all subsequent units. They should all be consistent within reasons



Q. C. P. PACE DATE ISSUED DATE REV. C-4 3 of 8 20 Oct 59 30 Jan 60

QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

4.2.3 Wire Dress (Cont)

- 4.2.3.3 On wire templates and jigs, the development wireman will select the best sequence of laying wires and mark the running list with this sequence after approval by Quality Control and Inspection. No changes will be made in the sequence without approval. The sequence should as much as possible eliminate crossovers in the cable. The wires should be straightened and formed to make a nest round cable as tieing is done. All knots must be costed with G.E Red Glyptol #1201.
- 4.2.3.4 The placement, location, positioning and arrangement of wires must be assembled and inspected as follows:
 - 4.2.3.4.1 Placement as specified by engineering and permitting sufficient slack only to facilitate displacement of parts and Sub-Assemblies for actual operation and inspection without disconnecting circuits or creating taut wires that cause undue stress on connectorns. All jumper wires should be mounted first so they will be below the components (resistors, capacitors etc.) to allow for easy replacement of components if necessary. Small components may be supported by their own leads. Resistors, capacitors, etc. which are 3/8 inch in diameter or larger and 1 3/4 inch long or longer must be secured by wire or a suitable clamp.
 - 4.2.3.4.2 Location with regard to improperly routed wires or cables that result in a jammed, bulky arrangement causing, or that may cause, interference with, or distortion of components, especially the mechanical operation of parts. Wires and cables should be so located that inductive and capacitive effects, unless used as a design feature of the equipment, will be the minimum practicable.



QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

Q. C. P. PAGE DATE ISSUED DATE REV. C-4 4 of 8 20 Oct 59 30 Jan 60

4.2.3.4 (Cont)

4.2.3.4.3

Positioning with consideration of sharp abrasive corners, bottoms of screws, nuts, lugs etc. that might tend to wear the insulation off, where due to design problems of the unit it is impossible to reroute the offending wires or cables, the wire or cable should be suitably raised from the chassis by addition of insulated spacers or wrapped with approved tape at the necessary points. Wires to cables should not be bent around any corners or edges that may cut or abrade them under normal service conditions, All screw threads adjacent to wires and cables should be protected where there is danger of cnaffing or in any way damaging the This may be done by slidinsulation. ing dilated sleeving over the screw threads or when screw is too short to hold sleeving, it can be coated with Gyptal and let dry. The wire shop should take the initiative in determining which screws need protection. Inspection will check and approve at the time wire dress sample is submitted for approval.

4.2.3.4.4

Arrangement with care in lieu of a careless haphazard appearance resulting from poor workmanship, arranged to facilitate inspection and field repairs so that all solder joints or other terminations are readily accessible. Clearance between wires or cables and parts, such as, electron tubes, resistors, dynamotors etc., should be sufficient to avoid deterioration of the wire or cable because of the heat dissapated by such parts.



Q.C.P.
PAGE
DATE ISSUED
DATE REV.

5 of 8 20 Oct 59 30 Jan 60

4.2.4 Probection

- 4.2.4.1 Wires and cables shall be so placed and protected as to avoid contact with rough or irregular surfaces, sharp edges, feed thru holes and clamps. Whenever wires or cables run through holes in metal, (partitions, shields, etc.) less than 1/8 of an inch in thickness, the holes shall be equipped with suitable grommets, bushings or cushioned clips for mechanical protection or insulation subject to abrasion. For metal thickness of 1/8 inch or more the hole edges must be rounded to radius equal to one half the thickness of material, if a grommet is not used.
- 4.2.4.2 Wires and cables shall be properly supported and secured to prevent undue stress on conductors and terminals and undue changes in position of wires and cables after the equipment has been subjected to specified service conditions or has been repaired in a normal manner. Wires and cables shall not be secured to metal frame or chassis without intermediate insulation.
- 4.2.5 Coding Circuits may be marked as specified by the engineer with either prestamped sleeves or by stamping the identification directly on the wire. Wrap around adhesive tape markers may be used on development work only!

Wires to be marked shall be marked on both ends with the proper circuit number as shown on the drawing reading from the end of the ware. Short lengths of wire (6 inches or less) used as jumpers need not be marked. Wires smaller than A.W.G. 20 should not be stamped as the wire is too small.



Q. C. P. PAGE DATE ISSUED DATE REV.

C∞4	Ž.		
6	of f	3	
20	Öct	59	
30	Jan	60	

QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

WIRING

4.2.5 Coding (Cont)

4.2.5.1 Individual wires should be suitably colorcoded to facilitate tracing circuits and making repairs. Colors shall be as specified if called for on the drawing. Otherwise, colors will be established by the wire shop on the wire dress sample and remain consistent on all subsequent units. If the number of wire runs exceeds the number of colors available, colors used more than once should be located as far apart as possible. Where a system of color-coding is not specified, it is desirable that MII-STD-122, "Color-Code for Chassis Wiring For Electronic Equipment" be used as shown in the following table.

4.2.5.2 Circuit

Color

4.2.6 Termination Requirements

4.2.6.1 Shield termination - shield must not be cut, frayed or otherwise broken open exposing the wire intended to be shielded or producing loose strands of shielding braid. Shields which are to be grounded must use AWG 20 insulated wire for the pig tall. Shields terminated by the electro-fuse "Termashield method," must not show signs of insulation damage or excess fraying of shields. Sheilded wire must have the shielding braid removed 1/4 to 1/2 inches beyond the end of the insulation.



QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

Q. C. P. PAGE DATE ISSUED DATE REV. 7 of 8 20 Oct 59 30 Jan 60

4.2.6

4.2.6.2 All wires should be securely fastened at their termination by crimping the terminals firmly upon the wire, including insulation wherever design feature of terminals permit, or by crimping or wrapping the wires upon the terminals, or by other equally effective means, so as not to depend upon solder for mechanical strength. Soldering leads, lugs and terminals should be tinned, silverplated or lead-coated. Wires subject to movement during specified operation of equipment should be provided with terminals that grip the wire insulation.

4.2.7 Splicing

4.2.7.1 Wires should not be spliced on production equipment without the approval of the Engineer. For develo ment and modification work, splicing may be done with approved butt connectors. Only tools specifically designed by the manufacturer for these connectors may be used. Extreme care in selecting the proper connector and making the splices is necessary.

4 WIRING

- 4.3 Inspection Check List
 - 4.3.1 Stripped wire ends for nicks, broken strands etc.
 - 4.3.2 Insulation for damage and fraying.
 - 4.3.3 Length of bare wire between insulation and connection approximately 1/16".
 - 4.3.4 Sleeving is tied down, continuous and not damaged or frayed.
 - 4.3.5 Hole insulation or radiused hole edges.
 - 4.3.6 Wire placed or protected against sharp edges abrasive surfaces etc.
 - 4.3.7 Sufficient slack in wires, permitting operation without causing undue strain.



QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL

- 4.3 Inspection Check List (Cont)
 - 4.3.8 Neatly routed wires with no bulky haphazard appearance, permitting access for servicing.
 - 4.3.9 Properly coded
 - 4.3.10 Properly supported & insulated against the chassis.

PiAC Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Book 1

M-ALA NEUTRANIER EA 23 KAYCHEM BELLIB-T-JIM MANHIT YXOJZ 18 1709/41 VACOUM PUMP OIL 00 110 molt STG 2180M 61 MOBIL DIR 30" EROLA HERLY OIL 81 1-ARIAGIA - WINDAHS (MOKAAAS NOUTYA) X 11 271111116 7/4 580L. At 1 25EOL Jd 91 PRIMIR EPOXY GREEN/METAL 51 E-761 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREC n/ II 710 131 7/80 1 11 1081 SMCOUNT 1801 WELLING DO ANHES 43 TOSKH 17 2 & V A 2 SLED RETTRAILER SA 01 A SAMOITICHOD ALCH-M 40 MANJOS 4120 A 1-429 ANIJ-M 2 5.32 ASB DEGRASES 1-SHC-NF CLEAND /PERSONA \supset 526102 806-A125 2012-M 夕 WISSY 3 A CLOSS-M H IN- BOND CURING AGENT TYPE D TOXJATAD GOB GLOST-M BNIS JHUY COR THOR-W

5 70 - 1 200 W - 30 - 17

1 NOOS 5(5W

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Prep Neutralizer 5A

December 8, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

MSDS # MGM048H

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2:	HAZARDOUS	INGREDIENTS	S/IDENTITY	Y INFORMATION
,				

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	<0.02
7601-54-9	Trisodium Phosphate	<0.05
1303-96-4	Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate	<0.01
7732-18-5	Distilled Water	99.92
	SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA	

Routes of Entry:

inhalation: YES Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Ammonium hydroxide is irritating and corrosive to body tissues and a sensitized person may react to even dilute solutions.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Ventilate area. Absorb with absorbent material. Neutralize with dilute acid. Flush spill area with plenty of water.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: For air contaminants above TLV or permissible limits use NIOSH approved respirator for organic vapors.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special:

N/A

Other:

N/A

Protective Gloves: Neoprene or rubber gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: Full face shield or chemical safety goggles are recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Rubber apron is recommended. Safety shower and eyewash should be available in work area.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Use good housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after use.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store below 80°F (27°C) in dry place. Keep containers tightly sealed.

Other Pracautions: Avoid breathing vapors and direct contact.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 212°F (100°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHg): 760 mmHg @ 100°C

Vapor Density (Air = 1): 1.0 Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$): 1.0

Melting Point: 32°F (0°C)

Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1): <1

Volatile Organic Compounds: 0% Solubility in Water: 100%

Appearance and Odor: Colorless liquid; mild ammonia odor.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME

CLASS

UN NUMBER

Corrosive Liquids, N.O.S. (Ammonium Hydroxide)

8

1760

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL NAME

% BY WEIGHT

NONE

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g)(2)(c)(1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Prep Conditioner A

December 8, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM046H

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
7664-38-2	Phosphoric Acid	5.0-6.0
7732-18-5	Distilled Water	90.0
NA	Non-hazardous	Balance
	SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA	

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): None known.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

INHALATION: May cause severe irritation of respiratory system. In confined areas, vapors in high concentrations are anesthetic. Over-exposure may result in light-headedness and staggering gait. Mist may cause coughing, sneezing, salivation, and difficult breathing.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended for emergency use.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special:

N/A

Other:

N/A

Protective Gloves: Chemical resistant or rubber gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety glasses and faceshield recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Rubber apron or suitable protective clothing. Eye wash station and safety shower should be available in the work area.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash hands thoroughly after using.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store below 80°F (27°C). Keep containers tightly sealed. Avoid storing or mixing with materials containing chlorine.

Other Precautions: Avoid eye and skin contact. Avoid breathing mist.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point:

Melting Point:

210°F to 212°F (99°C to 100°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHg):

NA

Vapor Density (Air = 1):

NA

Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$):

1.36 N/A

Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1):

<1

Volatile Organic Compounds:

None

Solubility in Water:

Complete

Appearance and Odor: Clear to slightly turbid liquid; no odor.

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL NAME

% BY WEIGHT

7664-38-2

Phosphoric Acid

5.0-6.0

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g)(2)(c)(1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Line 361A-20R Solder

January 2, 2001

MSDS # MGM039F

Measurements Group, Inc.

Post Office Box 27777

Raleigh, NC 27611

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION		
CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
7440-31-5	Tin	63.00
7439-92-1	Lead	36.65
7440-36-0	Antimony	0.35
8050-09-7	Rosin	<3.0
	SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA	

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Breathing fumes during soldering may cause respiratory system irritation, headache, and irritation of mucous membranes. Smoke during soldering will contain resin which is an altergen and can cause respiratory system irritation and damage. Repeated ingestion of lead can result in systemic poisoning.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Use NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus in case of toxic lead fumes.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Flux in cored solder may ignite when the solder melts in a fire.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Melted solder will solidify on cooling and can be scraped up. Use caution to avoid breathing furnes if a gas torch is used to cut up large pieces.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Usually not required. When ventilation is not sufficient to remove fumes from the breathing zone, a cartridge type respirator should be worn.

Ventilation: Provide adequate exhaust ventilation (general and/or local) if necessary to meet exposure requirements. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred to minimize dispersion of smoke and fumes into the work area.

Protective Gloves: Not usually required.

Eye Protection: When soldering, use goggles or face shield.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: None

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash hands thoroughly after handling solder containing lead and before eating, drinking or smoking.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store away from sources of sulfur. Wash hands after handling solder containing lead. Avoid breathing smoke or fumes generated during soldering. Do not place flux cored solder into a hot solder pot since flux may ignite.

Other Precautions: None known.

M-Line 361A-20R Solder

MSDS # MGM039F

Antimony

OSHA PEL:

0.5 mg/m³

ACGIH TLV:

0.5 mg/m³

OTHER:

INGESTION (Rat) LD₅₀ 7.0 g/kg

Rosin

OSHA PEL:

ΝE

ACGIH TLV:

NE

OTHER:

NE

SECTION 12: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Solder can be reclaimed. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME

CLASS

UN NUMBER

Not required -- Shipped as non-hazardous article.

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

 CAS NUMBER
 CHEMICAL NAME
 % BY WEIGHT

 7439-92-1
 Lead
 36.65

 7440-36-0
 Antimony
 0.35

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

Attention Transporters

This product is being shipped as a "Chemical Kit".

Chemical kit, as defined by IATA, "are boxes, cases, etc., containing small amounts of various dangerous goods used for analytical or other purposes."

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Bond Curing Agent - Type 15

March 27, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

MSDS # MGM006F

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL IDENTITY

%

104-78-9

3-Diethylaminopropylamine

100

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): None known.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Evacuate area. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, rubber boots, and heavy rubber gloves. Absorb with sand or vermiculite and place in closed containers for disposal. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material clean-up is complete.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH / MSHA approved respirator.

Ventilation:

()

Local Exhaust: May be necessary for some operations to prevent the heavier than air vapors from collecting and causing eye, skin, or mucous membrane irritation.

Special: Handle in chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapor.

Mechanical: NA

Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Chemical resistant rubber gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles are recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Chemical resistant clothing is recommended. Should have access to safety shower and eyewash station in local area.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Readily absorbed through skin. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Other Precautions: Corrosive. Toxic. Harmful liquid. Keep tightly closed. Keep away from heat and open flame. Store in a cool dry place.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME CLASS PACKING GROUP UN NUMBER

Diethylaminopropylamine 3/8 II 2684

(Flammable Liquid & Corrosive)

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER CHE

CHEMICAL NAME

% BY WEIGHT

NONE

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g)(2)(c)(1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

PREPARED BY: R. L. Fridley

DATE: March 27, 2000

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Bond AE Resin

March 9, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

MSDS # MGM014F

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
1675-54-3 & 25085-99-8	Reaction products of Epichlorohydrin and Bisphenol-A (Epoxy Resin)	93.0
122-60-1	Phenyl Glycidyl Ether	4.0
108-46-3	m-Dihydroxybenzene	3.0
106-89-8	Epichlorohydrin*	<50 ppm

*NOTE: This material can be present as a residual from Phenyl Glycidyl Ether and Epoxy Resin manufacturing. Further studies may establish a carcinogenic effect of this material on the human.

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

inhalation: YES Skin: YES

ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): May cause irritation. Long-term skin exposure may cause burns.

M-Bond AE Resin MSDS # MGM014F

INGESTION: Give large amounts of water or milk. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician. Transport to a medical facility.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: No specific antidote. Provide supportive care. Treatment should be based on the judgement of the physician in response to reactions of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used): 200°F (93°C) PMCC

Flammable limits: LEL: Unknown UEL: Unknown

Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

Special Firefighting Procedures: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected area until fire is out and danger of re-ignition is passed. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Soak up in absorbent material such as sand and collect in suitable containers. Residual resin may be removed using steam or hot soapy water. Solvents are not recommended for clean up. Keep spark producing equipment away. For large spills, evacuate upwind of spills and contain with dike.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved respirator. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the airborne exposure limit.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emission

at the source.

Mechanical: Keep below TLV.

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Neoprene or polyethylene gloves recommended.

Eve Protection: Chemical safety glasses recommended.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Reaction products of Epichlorohydrin and Bisphenoi-A (Epoxy Resin)

OSHA PEL:

Not known

ACGIH TLV:

Not known

OTHER:

LD₅₀ ORAL (RAT) >5000 mg/kg

LD₅₀ SKIN (RABBIT) 20,000 mg/kg

m-Dihydroxybenzene

OSHA PEL:

10 ppm (TWA)

ACGIH TLV:

10 ppm (TWA)

OTHER:

20 ppm (STEL)

Phenyl Glycidyl Ether

OSHA PEL:

1 ppm (TWA)

ACGIH TLV:

1 ppm (TWA) LD₅₀ ORAL (RAT) 3.85 g/kg

OTHER:

LD₅₀ ORAL (MOUSE) 1.40 g/kg

LD₅₀ SKIN (RAT) 2.16 g/kg

LD₅₀ SKIN (MOUSE) 2.99 g/kg LC₅₀ INH (RAT) >100 ppm (8 HR)

LC₅₀ INH (MOUSE) >100 ppm (4 HR)

Epichlorohydrin

OSHA PEL:

2 ppm (TWA)

ACGIH TLV:

2 ppm (TWA)

SECTION 12: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Any disposal practice must be in compliance with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Raychem

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue No: 1

Effective Date: June 1997

Serial No.: RAY/3525

AS WITH MANY PLASTIC COVERED MATERIALS, THESE PRODUCTS CAN GENERATE HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION AND COMBUSTION EMISSIONS IF THE PLASTIC COMPONENTS ARE CHARRED OR BURNED. EXCEPT WHEN CHARRED OR BURNED, THE HANDLING AND USE OF THESE WIRE AND CABLE PRODUCTS PRESENT NO KNOWN HAZARDS. CHARRING OR BURNING CAN OCCUR, FOR EXAMPLE, DURING THERMAL STRIPPING OR LASER PRINTING.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

This MSDS is furnished for Wire and Cable products which have similar properties but which may emit dissimilar thermal degradation byproducts if charred or burned. For more specific information, please call (415) 361-4907.

Product Name: Wire & Cable Products

Chemical Name: Not applicable, mixture

CAS #: Not applicable, mixture

Manufacturer: Raychem Corporation DOT Identification No.: Not regulated

DOT Identification No.: Not regulated

300 Constitution Drive DOT Hazard Classification: Not regulated

Menlo Park, CA 94025 TSCA Inventory Status: All ingredients are listed or exempt

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE or ACCIDENT

Call CHEMTREC - Day or Night - 1-800-424-9300 Toli free in the continental U.S., Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Canada, Alaska or Vissin Islands. For calls originating electrical (702) 527-3887 (collect calls occupied)

Virgin Islands. For calls originating elsewhere: (703) 527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

r non-emergency health and safety information, call: (415) 361-4907

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

These products present no hazards unless the plastic components are heated to the point of charring or burning, such as can occur in laser printing or thermal stripping operations. During such operations, these products can release hazardous thermal decomposition and combustion byproducts.

Base polymer jacket materials include polyethylene and olefin copolymers, fluoropolymers, chloropolymers, polyamides, polyesters, and silicones. Conductor materials include various metal alloys (see product literature for identification of specific alloys).

PRODUCT APPLICATIONS

Raychem Wire and Cable products are small and lightweight, and rugged. They offer thermal, electrical, and mechanical performance and chemical resistance, and can be used in a variety of market applications including rail and transit, automotive, commercial aerospace, defense, medical, marine, and commercial electronics.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and Odor: Wires and cables in a variety of shapes, sizes and colors. Some products may have a slight odor.

Bolling Point: Not applicable Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @ 20°C): Not applicable

Volatility (% by Volume): Not applicable Vapor Density: Not applicable

pecific Gravity (Water=1): Not applicable Evaporation Rate: Not applicable

Flash Point (°F)/Method: Not applicable Solubility In Water (%): Insoluble

Flammable Limits in Air (volume %): Lower Not applicable Upper Not applicable

Issue No: 1

Effective Date: June 1997

Serial No: RAY/3525

Page 3 of 3

Protective Clothing: If there is a danger of hot products contacting the skin or eyes, use eye/face protection and heat resistant gloves.

Transportation: These products are non-hazardous under Department of Transportation Regulations 49, CFR Section 171.8, IATA, IMO, and AFR 71-4. Because there are no applicable shipping regulations for these products, labels are not required on the outside shipping container and all products may be shipped through the U.S. Postal Services.

Disposal: This product is a non-hazardous waste in accordance with Federal U.S. EPA regulations. Wastes of this product may be recycled to recover metal values. Classification according to all local and state hazardous waste regulations is required before disposal. If there are local regulations covering the controlled incineration of halogenated materials, then all halogen-containing products will be subject to such regulations. Refer to the product literature for identification of halogen-containing products.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Eyes: If eye irritation occurs, hold eyelids apart and flush affected area(s) with clean water. Seek medical attention.

Skin: First aid is normally not required. After handling product, it is good work practice to wash your hands.

Ingestion: Not a normal route of exposure. However, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, move victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin artificial respiration. Keep victim warm and quiet; seek immediate medical attention.

Steps to be Taken in Case of Release or Spill: Sweep up and collect in a suitable container for disposal or reuse.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Toxic fumes may be given off in a fire. See also sections on Thermal Degradation and Combustion Byproducts and Other Precautions.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive demand mode when fighting fires.

Extinguishing Media: carbon dioxide water X dry chemical X foam X other Selection of extinguishing media should be based upon the size of the fire and the firefighting training/experience of the individual attempting to extinguish or control a fire. Use media appropriate for the surrounding fire.

This information is supplied in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxics Enforcement Act of 1986 (California Health & Safety Code 25249.6). Users are advised that they may have additional disclosure obligations under other federal, state, and local laws. Users are advised to ensure that this information is brought to the attention of the employees, agents, or contractors handling this product. Distributors of this product are advised to forward this document, or the information contained herein, to their purchaser. Raychem makes no warranties as to its accuracy or completeness and disclaims any liability in connection with its use. Raychem's obligations shall be only as set forth in Raychem's standard terms and conditions of sale for this product and in no case will Raychem be liable for any incidental, indirect, or consequential damages arising out of the sale, resale, use or misuse of the product. Users of Raychem products should make their own evaluation to determine the suitability of each such product for the specific application and to establish safe handling and installation procedures.

Data Sheet Prepared By: Donna Seid, Corporate Toxicology

CONTROL OF COMMON REST

Data Sheet Approved By: Steve Zingheim, Wire and Cable Division Date: June 1997

Date: June 1997



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

: EPOXY THINNER MIL-T-81772B PRODUCT NAME

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 817722-----DATE PRINTED: 09/07/01

PRODUCT USE/CLASS

SUPPLIER:

Randolph Products 701 12th Street

PO Box 830

Carlstadt, NJ 07072

MANUFACTURER:

Randolph Products 701 12th Street

РО Вож 830

Carlstadt, NJ 07072

EMERG TEL: Chem Tel 800 255-3924

24 hrs

EMERG TEL: Chem Tel 800 255-3924

24 hrs

PREPARER: JHR, PHONE: 201 438-3700, PREPARE DATE: 06/16/01

SECTION II - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

WT. PERCENT ------ OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS ----------- CHEMICAL MAME ----- CAS NUMBER IS LESS THAN TLV-TWA TLV-STEL PEL-TWA PEL-CEILING SKIN

METHYL ETHYL KETOME 78-93-3 50.0 % 200 PPM 300 PPM 200 NOT ESTAB NO 150 PPM PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER 107-98-2 35.0 % 100 PPM NOT ESTAB NOT ESTAB NO METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE 108-10-1 20.0 % 50 PPM 75 PPM 100 PPM MO

(See Section 11 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

: Is heavier than air BOILING RANGE VAPOR DENSITY : 172 - 257 F

ODOR : TYPICAL SOLVENT LB/GAL : 6.984

VAPOR PRESSURE pH @ 0.0 %

: COLORLESS LIQUID EVAPORATION RATE: Is slower than Ether APPEARANCE

SOLUBILITY IN H2O : NO

VOLATILE BY WEIGHT: 100.0% VOLATILE BY VOL.: 100.0%

VOCS, lbs/gal : 6.98 VOCS, grams/ltr: 837

(See Section XI for abbreviation legend)

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 21 F FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:

OSHA - FLAMMABLE LIQUID - CLASS IB

DOT - FLAMMABLE LIQUID OR SOLID

(Continued on Page 2)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

(SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP)

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 11.8 %

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM DRY CHEMICAL CO2

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND OPEN FLAME. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CLOSED CONTAINERS TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP AND POSSIBLE AUTOIGNITION OR EXPLOSION WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. REMOVE ALL NON-ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL FROM FIRE AREA. VAPOR IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND CAN TRAVEL CONSIDERABLE DISTANCES TO A SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASHBACK.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: PROVIDE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AGAINST FUMES GENERATED DURING BURNING. WATER STREAM WILL SPREAD FIRE. DO NOT USE WATER HOSE STREAM. FULL BUNKER GEAR IN FIRE AREA (HELMET WITH FACE SHIELD, BUNKER COAT, GLOVES, RUBBER BOOTS)

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: PRIMARY IRRITATION.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS ARE POSSIBLE FROM LONG TERM EXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING DRYING, CRACKING AND IRRITATION OF THE SKIN. REACTS WITH SKIN PROTEIN AND MOISTURE AND CAN CAUSE RASH, SCALING OR BLISTERING.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY CAUSE HEADACHES AND DIZZINESS, ARE ANESTHETIC, AND MAY HAVE OTHER CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS, INCLUDING DEATH.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: No Information.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: CONTACT LENS WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT PROVIDER BEFORE HANDLING - FLUSH WITH COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER - CONSULT PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY IF THERE IS EYE CONTACT. FIRST AID MUST BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY, SINCE DELAY CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY FLUSH WITH COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER. CALL A PHYSICIAN AS SOON AS POSSIBLE NO MATTER HOW SLIGHT THE INJURY APPEARS TO BE.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR, RESTORE BREATHING. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. SKIN CONTACT: FLUSH WITH WATER. EYE CONTACT: FLUSH IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. KEEP PERSON WARM, QUIET AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

(Continued on Page 3)

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: INHALATION SKIN CONTACT SKIN ABSORPTION EYE CONTACT

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: THERMAL DECOMPOSITION RELEASES CARBON MONOXIDE AND/OR CARBON DIOXIDE.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: AVOID STRONG OXIDIZERS, ACIDS AND ALKALIES.

INCOMPATABILITY: NONE KNOWN.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: AVOID BREATHING SOLVENT VAPOR. ENSURE ADEQUATE VENTILATION. AVOID SPARKS, FLAMES, AND ANYTHING WHICH COULD CAUSE FIRE. ELIMINATE SOURCE OF SPILL IF YOU CAN DO SO WITHOUT RISK BY CLOSING VALVE, PLUGGING HOLE, ETC.. APPLY ABSORBENT INERT MATERIAL (SAND, DUST, VERMICULITE) TO SPILL. CLEAN SPILL WITH BRISTLE BROOMS, NON-SPARKING TOOLS, CLEAN DRY RAGS. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING SHOULD BE WORN.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: SOAK LIQUIDS WITH SAWDUST OR RAGS AND REMOVE. FLUSH WITH WATER IF POSSIBLE. AVOID SKIN CONTACT. DISPOSAL SHOULD BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. DO NOT INCINERATE, CUT OR WELD EMPTY CONTAINERS. WHEN DISCARDED THIS MATERIAL IS AN HAZARDOUS WASTE. TRANSFER LIQUID TO CONTAINERS FOR RECOVERY OR DISPOSAL. EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE F003 HAZARDOUS WASTE CHARACTERISTICS. IGNITABILITY.

SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NIOSH/OSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR TYPES SUITABLE FOR MATERIALS IN SECTION II RECOMMENDED. APPROVED CHEMICAL/MECHANICAL FILTERS RECOMMENDED WHEN VENTILATION IS RESTRICTED.

VENTILATION: SUFFICIENT VENTILATION, IN VOLUME AND PATTERN, SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO KEEP AIR CONTAMINATION BELOW CURRENT APPLICABLE OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT OR ACGHI'S TLV LIMIT. SOLVENT VAPORS SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM LOWER LEVELS OF WORK AREA AND IGNITION SOURCES SHOULD BE ELIMINATED.

SKIN PROTECTION: USE PROTECTIVE CREAMS WHERE SKIN CONTACT IS LIKELY. WEAR PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND GOGGLES.

(Continued on Page 4)

SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL GOGGLES WITH SIDE SHIELDS OR FACE SHIELD RECOMMENDED.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: PRECAUTIONS MUST BE TAKEN SO THAT PERSONS DO NOT HAVE CONTACT WITH EYES OR SKIN. PROTECT AGAINST EXPOSURE TO BOTH VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST. REMOVE AND WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: USE NORMAL HYGIENE PRACTICES DURING AND AFTER HANDLING THIS MATERIAL.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: PRE-EXISTING SENSITIVITY TO SOLVENTS CAN CAUSE A HEIGHTENED REACTION TO EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT. DRUMS SHOULD BE GROUNDED WHEN BEING EMPTIED. THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT IS NOT WARRANTIED TO BE WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH RANDOLPH PRODUCTS CO. OR NOT. CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF USE THE ACCURACY AND SUITABLITY. DATA ACCUMULATED HEREIN ORIGINATES WITH OUR SUPPLIERS. DUE TO VARIATIONS IN RAW MATERIAL BATCHES THERE MAY BE TRACE ELEMENTS OF SUBSTANCES NOT LISTED WHICH WOULD NOT REQUIRE CHANGES TO THIS SHEET.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: No Information.

SECTION X - HMIS RATINGS

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 2

FLAMMABILITY: 3

REACTIVITY: 0

SECTION XI - OTHER REGULATIONS

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

METHYL ETHYL KETONE	CAS NUMBER 78-93-3	WT/WT % IS LESS THAN 50.0 %
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	107-98-2	35.0 %
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	108-10-1	20.0 %

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

(Continued on Page 5)

SECTION XI - OTHER REGULATIONS

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

----- CHEMICAL NAME ----- CAS NUMBER No information is available.

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

----- CHEMICAL NAME ----- CAS NUMBER No non-hazardous materials are among the top five ingredients.

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW: The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----CAS NUMBER No non-hazardous ingredients are present at greater than 3%.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: The chemical(s) noted below and contained in this product, are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----CAS NUMBER No Proposition 65 chemicals exist in this product.

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 06/21/99

LEGEND: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The information contained herein is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results and assume no liability for damages incurred by use of this material. it is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.

EXXON USA A DIV OF EXXON -- 131030-00627 VARSOL 1 - SOLVENT

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NSN: 8030012878185

Manufacturer's CAGE: 29700

Part No. Indicator: B

Part Number/Trade Name: 131030-00627 VARSOL 1

General Information

Item Name: SOLVENT

Company's Name: EXXON CO USA, A DIV OF EXXON CORP.

Company's Street: 800 BELL ST Company's P. O. Box: 2180 Company's City: HOUSTON Company's State: TX

Company's Country: US

Company's Zip Code: 77252-2180

Company's Emerg Ph #: 713-656-3424/800-424-9300(CHEMTREC)

Company's Info Ph #: 713-656-3424/3540

Record No. For Safety Entry: 001 Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 002

Status: FE

Date MSDS Prepared: 12APR95

Safety Data Review Date: 13JUN96

Supply Item Manager: CX

MSDS Preparer's Name: MARKETING TECHNICAL SER

Preparer's Company: EXXON COMPANY, USA (713-656-5949)

Preparer's St Or P. O. Box: ROOM 2345, POB 2180

Preparer's City: HOUSTON

Preparer's State: TX

Preparer's Zip Code: 77252-2180

MSDS Serial Number: BZLNB Specification Number: UNKNOWN

Unit Of Issue: EA

Unit Of Issue Container Qty: UNKNOWN

Type Of Container: UNKNOWN Net Unit Weight: UNKNOWN

Ingredients/Identity Information

Proprietary: NO

Ingredient: STODDARD SOLVENT Ingredient Sequence Number: 01

Percent: 100

NIOSH (RTECS) Number: WJ8925000

CAS Number: 8052-41-3 OSHA PEL: 500 PPM

ACGIH TLV: 100 PPM; 9495

Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED

Proprietary: NO

Ingredient: C*7-C*10 SATURATED HYDROCARBON

Ingredient Sequence Number: 02

Percent: 83.0

NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1002492SH

OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED

Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED

Proprietary: NO

Ingredient: 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE (SARA 313)

Ingredient Sequence Number: 03

Percent: 4.0

NIOSH (RTECS) Number: DC3325000

CAS Number: 95-63-6 OSHA PEL: 25 PPM

ACGIH TLV: 25 PPM; 9495

Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED

Proprietary: NO

Ingredient: C8+ AROMATICS
Ingredient Sequence Number: 04

Percent: 17.0

NIOSH (RTECS) Number: 1009803CA OSHA PEL: NOT ESTABLISHED

ACGIH TLV: NOT ESTABLISHED

Other Recommended Limit: NONE RECOMMENDED

Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Appearance And Odor: CLEAR WATER-WHITE LIQUID, MINERAL SPIRITS ODOR.

Boiling Point: 315F,157C Melting Point: <0F,<-18C

Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 1.6MM @20C

Vapor Density (Air=1): 3.5 Specific Gravity: 0.80

Evaporation Rate And Ref: 0.1 (N-BUTYL ACETATE=1)

Solubility In Water: NELGIGIBLE, 0.005%

Percent Volatiles By Volume: 100

Viscosity: 1.25CST @25C

pH: NEUTRA

Autoignition Temperature: 254C

Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: 104F,40C Flash Point Method: TCC Lower Explosive Limit: 2.1

Upper Explosive Limit: 13.3
Extinguishing Media: FOAM, H2O SPRAY(FOG), DRY CHEM, CO2, VAP LIQ TYP EXT
AGENT. H2O MAY BE INEFFECTIVE. PLAN FIRE PROT/RESP STRATEGY THRU COMMUNIT
Special Fire Fighting Proc: KEEP FIRE-EXPO CNTNRS COOL W/H2O.DISPERSE
VAP/PROTECT MEN STOP LEAK, FLUSH SPILLS AWAY FRM EXPO W/H2OSPRAY. MIN BREATH
GAS/VAP/FUMES/DECOMPPO PROD. SUP-AIR BREATH

Unusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: LIQ IS VOLATILE/GIVE OFF INVISIBLE VAP; MAY SETTLE IN LOW AREAS/TRAVEL SOME DISTANCE ALONG GROUND/SURFACE TO IGN SOURCES; MAY IGN/EXPLO.

Reactivity Data

Stability: YES

Cond To Avoid (Stability): KEEP PRODUCT AWAY FRM IGN SOURCES SUCH AS HEAT, SPARKS, PILOT LIGHTS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OPN FLAME.

Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDANTS SUCH AS LIQ CHLORINE, CONCEN OXY, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE, CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, ETC-PRESENTS SER EXPLO HAZ. Hazardous Decomp Products: FUMES, SMOKE, CO, SULFUR OXIDES, ALDEHYDES, OTHER DECOMPO PROD IN CASE OF INCOMPLETE COMBUSTION.

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Conditions To Avoid (Poly): NOT APPLICABLE

Health Hazard Data

LD50-LC50 Mixture: ORAL LD50 (RABBIT) >3.16G/KG OF BODY WT

Route Of Entry - Inhalation: YES

Route Of Entry - Skin: YES Route Of Entry - Ingestion: NO

Health Haz Acute And Chronic: SKIN: REMOVE OILS, IRRIT, DERM. EYE: IRRIT.

INGEST:LOW ORDER OF ACUTE ORAL/DERM TOX.MINUTE AMTS ASPIRATED INTO LUNGS DURING INGEST/VOMIT CAUSE MILD-SEVERE PULM INJURY, POSSIBLY DEATH.

Carcinogenicity - NTP: NO Carcinogenicity - IARC: NO

Carcinogenicity - OSHA: NO

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: HIG VAP CONCE(>1000PPM)IRRIT EYE, RESP TRACT. CAUSE HEAD, DIZZ, ANESTHESIA, DROWS, UNCONSC, OTHER CNS EFFECTS INCLUDING DEATH. Med Cond Aggravated By Exp: PETROL SOLVTS/PETO HYDROCARBONS-SKIN CONTACT MAY AGGRAVATE EXISTING DERMATITIS.

Emergency/First Aid Proc: EYE:FLUSH W/CLEAR WATER FOR 15MINS/TIL IRRI SUBSIDES.IRRIT PERSISTS CALL PHYSICIAN. SKIN:REMOVE CONTAMIN CLOTH.WASH SKIN W/SOAP/WATER.IF INJECTED INTO/UNDER SKIN/INTO ANY PART OF BODY EVALUATE IMMED BY DR AS SURGICAL EMERG.EARLY SURGICAL TREAT W/IN 1ST FEW HRS MAY SIGNIFICANTLY ULTIMATE EXTENT OF INJURY. INHAL:REMOVE FRM EXPO.CALL PHYSICIAN IMMED.BREATH IRREG/STOP START RESUSCIT, ADMIN OXY. (SUPPL)

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: SHUT OFF.ELIMNATE IGN SOURCES.KEEP PEOPLE AWAY.RECOVER FREE PORD.ADD SAND/EARTH/SUITABLE ABSORBENT.MIN BREATH VAP/SKIN CONTACT.VENTI CONFINED SPACES.OPN WINDOWS/DOORS.KEEP OUT OF SEWERS/WATERCOURSES W/DIKE/IMPOUND.CONFORM TO APPLICABLE GOVT REGS.

Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Method: DO NOT CLEAN EMPTY CNTNR-RESIDUE DIFF TO REMOVE; DRAIN COMPLETELY/PROPERLY BUNGED/RETURN TO DRM RECONDITIONER.ALL OTHER CNTNR DISPO IN ENVIR SAFE MANNER IAW GOVT REGS.PROD OIL.REPORT TO NAT RESP CNTRN 800-424-8802 IF DISCHARGE/SPILL INTO/LEAD TO(SUPP)

Precautions-Handling/Storing: KEEP CNTNR CLSD WHEN NOT IN USE.DO NOT STORE NEAR HEAT/SPARKS/FLAME/STRONG OXID.EFFECTIVELY GROUND PROD TRANS SYS IAW NFPA.USE APPROP EQMPT.NFPA-70.

Other Precautions: EMPTY CNTNR RETAIN RESIDUE-DANGEROUS.DO NOT PRESSURIZE/CUT/WELD/BRAZE/SOLDER/DRILL/GRIND/EXPO TO HEAT/FLAME/SPARKS/STATIC ELECTR/IGN SOURCES-MAY EXPLO/INJURY/DEATH.REFER:ANSI Z49.1/OTHER GOVT REGS FOR CLEAN/REPAIR/WELD/CONTEMPLATE OPERATION

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Ventilation: USE ONLY W/VENTI SUFFICTO PREVENT EXCEEDING RECOMMENDED EXPOLIMIT/BUILUP OF EXPLO CONCEN.NO SMOKE/FLAME USE/IGN SOURCE.

Protective Gloves: CHEM-RESIST GLOVES.

Eye Protection: SPLASH GOGG, FACE SHIELDS.

Other Protective Equipment: CHEM-RESIST APRON/OTHER IMPERV CLOTH IF NEEDED.WATERLESS HANDCLEANERS FOLLOWED BY WASHING WELL W/SOAP/WATER. Work Hygienic Practices: MIN BREATH VAP/MIST.LAUNDER/DRYCLEAN CONTAMIN CLOTH/SHOES BEF REUSE.CLEAN WELL BEF MEALS/BREAKS/END @WORK PER. Suppl. Safety & Health Data: 1STAID:INGEST:DO NOT INDUCE VOMIT.CALL PHYSICIAN IMMED. DISPO:SURFACE WATER(CAUSE SHEEN).

Transportation Data

Trans Data Review Date: 96165

DOT PSN Code: ZZZ

DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

IMO PSN Code: ZZZ

IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

IATA PSN Code: ZZZ

IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION AFI PSN Code: ZZZ

AFI Prop. Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION Additional Trans Data: PER MSDS:TRANSP BY HIGHWAY/RAIL:BULK PKG(CAPACITY >119GAL)PETRO DISTILLATE, N.O.S., COMBUST LIQ, UN1268, III.NON-BULK PKG(CAPACITY </=119GAL)NOT REG.TRANSP BY AIR/MARINE VESSEL:BULK/NON-BULK PKG, PETRO DISTILLATE, N.O.S., 3, UN1268, III.

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Technical Review Date: 13JUN96

Label Status: F

Common Name: 131030-00627 VARSOL 1

Signal Word: CAUTION!

Acute Health Hazard-Slight: X

Contact Hazard-Slight: X

Fire Hazard-None: X

Reactivity Hazard-None: X

LOW ORDER OF ACUTE ORAL/DERM TOX.MINUTE AMTS ASPIRATED INTO LUNGS DURING INGEST/VOMIT CAUSE MILD-SEVERE PULM INJURY, POSSIBLY DEATH.1STADI:EYE:FLUSH W/CLEAR WATER FOR 15MINS/TIL IRRI SUBSIDES.IRRIT PERSISTS CALL PHYSICIAN. SKIN:REMOVE CONTAMIN CLOTH.WASH SKIN W/SOAP/WATER.IF INJECTED INTO/UNDER SKIN/INTO ANY PART OF BODY EVALUATE IMMED BY DR AS SURGICAL EMERG.EARLY SURGICAL TREAT W/IN 1ST FEW HRS MAY SIGNIFICANTLY ULTIMATE EXTENT OF INJURY. INHAL:REMOVE FRM EXPO.CALL PHYSICIAN IMMED.BREATH IRREG/STOP START RESUSCIT, ADMIN OXY.INGEST:DO NOT INDUCE VOMIT.CALL PHYSICIAN IMMED.

Protect Eye: Y Protect Skin: Y

Protect Respiratory: Y

Label Name: EXXON CO USA, A DIV OF EXXON CORP.

Label Street: 800 BELL ST Label P.O. Box: 2180 Label City: HOUSTON

Label State: TX

Label Zip Code: 77252-2180

Label Country: US

Label Emergency Number: 713-656-3424/800-424-9300(CHEMTREC)



Chem Quote . Com

Chem Store, Com SciStore.Com

ChamNews.Com Labfqwip.Com ChamClub.Com ChamSell Com

Enter a chemical name, CAS Number, molecular formula, or molecular weight

Or choose: Substructure Query with Plug-In or Structure Query with Java

maximumservice

Naphtha [8030-30-6]

Synonyms: Petroleum Benzine; Naphtha, coal tar; rubber solvent; VM&P naphtha; Benzine Petroleum Naphtha;

BUY AT CHEMACK.COM

Add Compound

Add or Change Property

Add Link

CAS RN

ACX Number X1003254-1

Melting Point (C)

Boiling Point (> 110 - 190

Refractive Index

Evaporation Rate

Flach Point (C)

Comments

UN 1255; UN 1256; UN DOT Number 2553 Flammable Liquid

Density **0.76** Vapor Density Vapor Prossum Water Solubility EPA Code

GF8635000

More information about the chemical is available in these categories:

Health

MSDS

Physical Properties

Reddish-brown, mobile liquid with an aromatic odor

Regulations

8030-30-6

Health

ATSDR Internet HazDat Site Contaminant Query

Information about this particular compound

Information about this particular compound

Hazardous Chemicals Database at the University of Akron

Information about this particular compound

8(e) TRIAGE Chemical Studies Database

Idaho Toxic and Hazardous Substances

North American Emergency Response Guidebook 1996 (NAERG96)

Information about this particular compound

MSDS

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance Fact Sheets
Information about this particular compound

Physical Properties

Required HLB Numbers for Emulsification of Oils and Waxes

DuPont TYVEK® Protective Apparel Information Service

Information about this particular compound

Pollution Prevention Progress Measurement Method (3P2M) Hazard Ranking

Genium's Chemical Container Label Database

Information about this particular compound

NFPA Chemical Hazard Labels

Information about this particular compound

Regulations

NASA Department of Environmental Services List Of Lists of Regulated Chemicals
Information about this particular compound

California EPA List of Lists

OSHA Chemical Sampling and Methods

Information about this particular compound

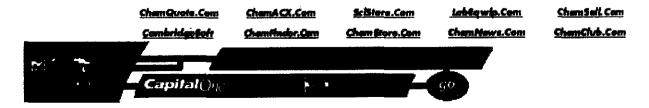
OSHA Limits for Air Contaminants

Guide to NIOSH/OSHA Air Sampling Methods

Information about this particular compound

Enter a chemical name, CAS Number, molecular formula, or molecular weight

Substructure Query with Plug-In or Substructure Query with Java



SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Bond 200 Adhesive

March 30, 2001

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

RECEIVED & INSPECTED
PO 65652

BY 8.03/62 DATE 211-02

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

NOTE: This material is purchased from a number of suppliers and distributed by Measurements Group, inc. To ensure that you have the appropriate information, cross-reference the following data with the manufacturer's label on the product you purchased.

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
Ethyl Cyanoacrylate A	Adhesive EC-100E (Chemence, Inc.)	
7085-85-0 9011-14-7 123-31-9	Ethyl Cyanoacrylate Poly Methyl Methacrylate Hydroquinone	95-100 3-5 0.1-0.5
Cyberbond APOLLO	2010 (Cyberbond, L.L.C.)	
7085-85-0 9011-14-7	Ethyl 2 Cyanoacrylate Poly Methyl Methacrylate	80-90 10-20
Accrabond #419 S-2	(Accrabond, Inc.)	
7085-85-0	Ethyl-2-Cyanoacrylate	90

ADHESIVE ON THE EYEBALL: Cyanoacrylate introduced into the eyes will attach itself to the eye protein and will disassociate from it over an indeterminable period, generally covering several hours. This will cause periods of weeping until clearance is achieved. During the period of contamination, double vision may be experienced together with a lachrymatory effect, and it is important to understand the cause and realize that disassociation will normally occur within a matter of hours, even with gross contamination.

MOUTH: If lips are accidentally stuck together, apply lots of warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth. Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips with direct opposing action.

It is almost impossible to swallow cyanoacrylate. The adhesive solidifies and adheres in the mouth. Saliva will lift the adhesive in 1/2 to 2 days. In case a lump forms in the mouth, position the patient to prevent ingestion of the lump when it detaches.

INGESTION: Saliva should lift the adhesive in 12 to 48 hours. Do not force removal. Do not swallow the adhesive when it loosens.

BURNS: Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will increase in temperature enough to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the lump of cyanoacrylate is released from the tissue as described above.

SURGERY: It should never be necessary to use such a drastic method to separate accidentally bonded skin.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

SECTION 5: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used): 150°F - 200°F Tag Closed Cup

Flammable limits: LEL: Not determined UEL: Not determined

Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear proper protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None known.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Flood with water to polymerize cyanoacrylate adhesive and to control product vapors. Soak up with an inert absorbent or scrape up cured product.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Water, alcohols, amines, alkalies, peroxides, cotton and wool.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-products: None known.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ethyl Cyanoacrylate

OSHA PEL:

Not known

ACGIH TLV:

2 ppm TWA

ACGIH STEL:

4 ppm TWA

OTHER:

None

Poly Methyl Methacrylate

OSHA PEL:

None

ACGIH TLV:

None

OTHER:

None

Hydroquinone

OSHA PEL:

2 mg/M3 TWA

ACGIH TLV:

2 mg/M³ TWA

OTHER:

4 mg/m³ STEL

SECTION 12: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Bond 200 Catalyst C

December 8, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM059D

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
67-63-0	2-Propanol	98.0
120-07-0	n-Phenyldiethanolamine	2.0

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Skin contact over-exposure may cause dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection required if airborne concentration exceeds TLV. At concentrations up to 1000 ppm, a chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridge is recommended. Above this level, a self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended.

Ventilation: Use general or local exhaust ventilation to meet TLV requirements.

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special:

N/A

Other:

NA

Protective Gloves: Butyl rubber gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles are recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Protective apron is recommended.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly after using.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated, flammable liquid storage area.

Other Precautions: Bond and ground containers when transferring liquid.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point:

181°F (83°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHg):

33 @ 68°F (20°C)

Vapor Density (Air \approx 1):

2.1

Specific Gravity (H₂O = 1):

0.78

Melting Point:

-128°F (-89°C)

Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1):

2.83

Volatile Organic Compounds:

98%

Solubility in Water:

98%

Appearance and Odor: Blue liquid; alcohol odor.

M-Bond 200 Catalyst C

MSDS # MGM059D

ECTION 13:	TRANSPORT	TATION INFORMATION
------------	-----------	--------------------

SHIPPING NAME

CLASS PACKING GROUP UN NUMBER

Isopropanol 3 II 1219
(Isopropyl Alcohol)
Flammable Liquid

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER CHEMICAL NAME % BY WEIGHT

67-63-0 2-Propanol 98.0

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g)(2)(c)(1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Bond Curing Agent - Type 10

July 31, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc.

MSDS # MGM002H

Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL IDENTITY

%

112-24-3

Triethylenetetramine

98 - 100

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): None known.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

INHALATION: May cause respiratory sensitization in susceptible individuals. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract.

EYE CONTACT: May cause pain. May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness.



SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Soak up with absorbent material. Residual resin may be removed using steam or hot soapy water.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Adequate ventilation to keep below TLV.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Neoprene / polyethylene gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety glasses recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Neoprene / polyethylene apron, safety shower and eyewash station.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store below 80°F (27°C) in a dry place. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors and skin or eye contact.

Other Precautions: Keep containers tightly capped.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: >482°F (250°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHg): <1 mmHg @ 20°C

Vapor Density (Air = 1): 5.04

Specific Gravity (H₂O = 1): 0.973 - 0.981

Meiting Point:

Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1):

Volatile Organic Compounds:

N/A

None

Solubility in Water: Mixes completely

Appearance and Odor: Light, straw colored liquid; amine odor.



SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION	SECTION 14	: REGUL	ATORY INFO	ORMATION
------------------------------------	------------	---------	------------	----------

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL NAME

% BY WEIGHT

NONE

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g)(2)(c)(1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Bond AE Resin

March 9, 2000

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM014F

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (U.S.)

703-527-3887 (Outside U.S.)

NOTE: CHEMTREC numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	%
1675-54-3 & 25085-99-8	Reaction products of Epichlorohydrin and Bisphenol-A (Epoxy Resin)	93.0
122-60-1	Phenyl Glycidyl Ether	4.0
108-46-3	m-Dihydroxybenzene	3.0
106-89-8	Epichlorohydrin*	<50 ppm

*NOTE: This material can be present as a residual from Phenyl Glycidyl Ether and Epoxy Resin manufacturing. Further studies may establish a carcinogenic effect of this material on the human.

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): May cause irritation. Long-term skin exposure may cause burns.

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Line 361A-20R Solder

April 6, 1998

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM039E

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC Telephone: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION		
CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	&
7440-31-5	Tin	63.00
7439-92-1	Lead	36.65
7440-36-0	Antimony	0.35
8050-09-7	Rosin	<3.0

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Repeated inhalation or ingestion of lead can result in systemic poisoning.

Carcinogenicity: NTP: Not listed

IARC Monographs: Not listed OSHA Regulated: Not listed

INGESTION: Give large amounts of water or milk. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician. Transport to a medical facility.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: No specific antidote. Provide supportive care. Treatment should be based on the judgement of the physician in response to reactions of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used): 200°F (93°C) PMCC

Flammable limits: LEL: Unknown UEL: Unknown

Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

Special Firefighting Procedures: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected area until fire is out and danger of re-ignition is passed. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Soak up in absorbent material such as sand and collect in suitable containers. Residual resin may be removed using steam or hot soapy water. Solvents are not recommended for clean up. Keep spark producing equipment away. For large spills, evacuate upwind of spills and contain with dike.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved respirator. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the airborne exposure limit.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust:

Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emission

at the source.

Mechanical:

Keep below TLV.

Special:

NA

Other:

N/A

Protective Gloves: Neoprene or polyethylene gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety glasses recommended.

DISPOSAL

SPILLS AND LEAKS: Less than 1 Quart - Wipe up, following guidelines above in "Safe Handling Procedur

One quart or more - EVACUATE AREA. Ensure that clean up crew wears all personal safety wear as presented in "Safe Handling Procedure". The nose is $\underline{\mathtt{NOT}}$ a reliable gauge of air contamination.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Dispose of as EPA hazardous waste #F002.

May be sent to solvent reclaimer. Ensure that aerosol cans are empty and depressu ized before discarding, unless a waste treatment facility is approved to accept th

as is,

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT:

162°F

VAPOR PRESSURE:

230 mm at 100°F

PERCENT VOLATILE: 100%

VAPOR DENSITY:

3 times faster than ethyl alcohol

DENSITY:

WATER SOLUBILITY: Negligible

EVAPORATION RATE: APPEARANCE:

Clear, colorless, mobile liquid

pH:

Neutral

WARNING PROPERTIES: Odor can be detected at 100 ppm, but is not strong enough to cause discomfort at 1000 ppm.

- ()₆.

DOT SHIPPING

SHIPPING NAME:

For Bulk - Methyl Chloroform

For Aerosol - Compressed Gas, N.O.S.

MARKING:

For Bulk - None

For Aerosol - Nonflammable Gas

HAZARD CLASS:

For Bulk - ORM-A

For Aerosol - Nonflammable Gas

IDENTIFICATION: For Bulk - UN2831

For Aerosol - UN1956

11.

CERTIFIED

SKC-NF is composed entirely of materials listed in the TOSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.

DATE: May 26, 1989

Supercedes MSDS dated December 2, 1988

SIGNED:

Bruce C. Graham, Chief Chemist MACNAFLUX Corporation

12. SPECIAL NOTE: SKC-NF should not be used in a vapor degreaser.

Page 3 of 3 (SKC-NF)



CHAPLUX COMPONENTIAL SAPETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT: SHEET SECRET CAMERICANES

IDENTIFICATION

ADDRESS:

7300 West Lewrence Avenue, Chierre, 111ino 60656

TELEPHONE:

(312) 867-8000

PACKAGES:

1 gallon can, 5 gallon pail, 30 and 55 gallon drums, 12 oz serosol

CREMICAL FAMILY:

Chlorinated Alkane

MIS BATING:

Health 2, flammability 0, Red ty 1

AZARDOOS TROBED I ENTIS

1,1,1-Trichlorosthane (Methyl chloroform), CAS \$71-55-6, OSHA PEL: 350 ppm, Conc. \$8% Bullet \$3% Acro Carbon dioxide (serosol only), CAS \$124-38-9, OSHA PEL: \$000 ppm, Conc. 5%

Methylal, CAS \$109-87-5, OSHA PEL 1900 ppm, about 1%

2-Methyl, 2-propanol, CAS #75-65-0, OSHA PEL 100 ppm, about 1%

1,1,1 - Trichloroethane is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313

of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Bart.

Contains no other ingredient suspected of being hazardous according to information sources given in 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazard Communication Rule.

HEALTH BAZARD

TERESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: 350 p

BOOTES OF ENTRY, EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Inhalation: Dizziness, drowsiness, nausea. Unconsciousness atchigh exposure

Skin Contact:

Irritates by dissolving skin oils. Not absorbed through skin in

emounts

Eye Contact:

Irritating due to strong solvent action

Ingestion:

Low single dose toxicity in test animals

CARCINOGENICITY:

Contains no known carcinogens listed with OSHA, the FARC [International Agency

for Research on Cancer Monographs of the NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Annual Report on Carcinogens.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS KNOWN TO BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO PRODUCT: None

FIRST AID

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, call emergency vehicle immediately.

Give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

SKIN CONTACT:

Wash off in flowing water or shower. Remove contaminated clothes and wash

before re-use. Use soothing lotion.

EYE CONTACT:

Lift upper eyelld, depress lower eyelld, and flush eye with a steady, gentle

flow of water. Roll eyeball in all directions while flushing.

INCESTION:

Do not induce vomiting; if vomit is inhaled, it may cause asphyxiation. Contact

physician immediately.

IMPORTANT:

POISON CONTROL CENTER NUMBER

In all severe cases, contact physician immediately. Local telephone operators

are able to furnish number of Regional Poison Control Center to assist

physician. ...

FIRE HAZARD

Can be a major contributing factor to a fire in progress, see stability bel PRIMARY HAZARD:

SPECIAL FIRE PIGHTING PROCEDURE: Keep containers cool with water spray.

PLASH POINT:

Si.

-.

None

٠.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: 10 - 15%, using intense ignition sources.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS:

Aerosol cans may burst at temperatures over 130°F. Vapors partially

decompose to toxic gases when exposed to flame, arcs, or red hot surfaces.

REACTIVITY RAZARDS

STABILITY:

Partially decomposes in flame, ares, near red hot surfaces.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Powdered zinc and aluminum

HAZARDOUS DECCMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Phosgene, hydrochloric acid. Phosgene CAS #75-44-5 is extremely texic, TLV 0.1 ppm and cannot be reliably detected by odor. Hydrochoric acid CAS 87647-01-0 is almost as toxic. TLV 5 ppm, and is detectable and even irritating at this concentration.

BAFE HANDLING PROCEDURES

GENERAL:

Do not breathe vapors. Exposures above the TLV can result in clumsiness and poor judgement, with resulting danger to the victim and those around him. Much like ingesting ton much alcohol. If victim is unconscious, death is possible, due to either suffocation (lack of oxygen), or cardiac arrest. For avoidance see next two sections.

Avoid frequent or prolonged exposure to skin as the solvent can irritate skin. Do not use around flame, area, red hot surfaces or lighted smoking materials, so as to avoid exposure to phosgene and hydrochloric acid.

Do not heat aerosol cans above 1300f to eliminate the possibility of their bursting and releasing unwanted vapors.

Store away from heat sources to minimize the danger from exposure to fires.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

In poorly ventilated areas such as small rooms with no windows, or in sumps or other 16-3 areas (SKC-NF vapors are dense and sink to low spots) the user should wear a respirator with chemical cartridge

In confined, unventilated spaces, such as the inside of tanks or small compartments, the inspector should wear a full mask with separate air supply

If hand exposure to SKC-NF is unavoidable, wear nitrile rubber gloves, to avoid skin contact.

Wear full goggles if the application of SKC-NF includes splashing or the possibility of spraying into the eyes. Be sure the goggles are clean and not apt to degrade the inspection procedure,

CONTROLS:

SKC-NF vapors cannot be allowed to collect. It is preferred to use SKC-NF either in a spray booth or next to an exhaust vent. Remember that the vapors tend to settle to the

General ventilation must be sufficient to keep the concentration below \$50 ppm. Almos' all of the SKC-NF that is used will evaporate into the surrounding air. Base ventiletion rate on consumption.

Page 2 of 3 (SKC-NF)

Attention Transporters

This product is being shipped as a "Chemical Kit".

Chemical kit, as defined by IATA, "are boxes, cases, etc., containing small amounts of various dangerous goods used for analytical or other purposes."

SECTION 1: CHAMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: CSM Degreaser

July 31, 1996

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM058C

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC Telephone:

800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY		8
1717-00-6	1,1-Dichloro-1-fluoroethane	96.5 -	99.0
67-56-1	Methanol	1.0 -	3.5
124-38-9	Carbon Dioxide (As propellant	only)	3.0

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Inhalation or ingestion may cause intoxication or asphyxiation. Skin contact can cause defatting. Persons with pre-existing respiratory or heart problems may have the condition aggravated.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

SECTION 5: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used): None

Flammable limits: LEL: 6.0 UEL: 20.3

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, or alcohol foam.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing when fighting fires involving chemicals. Cool fire exposed aerosol containers with water spray.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Concentrated vapors in confined or poorly ventilated areas are ignitable by high intensity heat sources or open flames. High temperatures can cause aerosols to fail violently.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Remove open flames, high-intensity heat sources. Wearing protective respiratory equipment and clothing, take up spill on an inert absorbent material and transfer to approved waste containers. Do not flush spills or residue into sewers or surface water.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: None required with adequate ventilation. If any TLV is exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved self-contained positive pressure respirator where air can be displaced by vapors and in emergency situations.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Polyvinyl alcohol or neoprene.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Wear an impervious apron or other protective clothing as needed to prevent unnecessary skin contact with the liquid or its sprays during use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1,1-Dichloro-1-fluoroethane

OSHA PEL:

N/E

ACGIH TLV:

N/E

OTHER:

500 ppm TWA (American Industrial Hygiene

Association)

Methanol

OSHA PEL:

200 ppm

ACGIH TLV:

260 mg/m³

OTHER:

250 STEL

Carbon Dioxide

OSHA PEL:

10000 ppm

ACGIH TLV:

18000 mg/m³

OTHER:

30000 STEL

SECTION 12: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal environmental regulations. Waste may be reclaimed or incinerated by federally permitted facilities.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME

CLASS

UN NUMBER

Aerosols, Non-Flammable, N.O.S.

2.2

1950

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL NAME

& BY WEIGHT

67-56-1

Methyl Alcohol (Methanol)

1.0 - 3.5

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Reaction products of Epichlorohydrin and Bisphenol-A (Epoxy Resin)

OSHA PEL:

Not known

ACGIH TLV:

Not known

OTHER:

LD₅₀ ORAL (RAT) >5000 mg/kg

LD₅₀ SKIN (RABBIT) 20,000 mg/kg

m-Dihydroxybenzene

OSHA PEL:

10 ppm (TWA)

ACGIH TLV:

10 ppm (TWA)

OTHER:

20 ppm (STEL)

Phenyl Glycidyl Ether

OSHA PEL:

1 ppm (TWA)

ACGIH TLV:

1 ppm (TWA)

OTHER:

LD₅₀ ORAL (RAT) 3.85 g/kg

LD₅₀ ORAL (MOUSE) 1.40 g/kg LD₅₀ SKIN (RAT) 2.16 g/kg

LD₅₀ SKIN (RAT) 2.16 g/kg LD₅₀ SKIN (MOUSE) 2.99 g/kg

LC50 INH (RAT) >100 ppm (8 HR)

LC₅₀ INH (MOUSE) >100 ppm (4 HR)

Epichlorohydrin

OSHA PEL:

2 ppm (TWA)

ACGIHTLV:

2 ppm (TWA)

SECTION 12: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Any disposal practice must be in compliance with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

5

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps to be taken if material is released or spilled: Melted solder will solidify on cooling and can be scraped up. Use caution to avoid breathing fumes if a gas torch is used to cut up large pieces.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Usually not required. When ventilation is not sufficient to remove fumes from the breathing zone, a cartridge type respirator should be worn.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Not usually required.

Eve Protection: When soldering, use goggles or face shield.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: None

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash hands thoroughly after handling solder containing lead and before eating, drinking or smoking.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store away from sources of sulfur. Wash hands after handling solder containing lead. Avoid breathing fumes during soldering. Do not place flux cored solder into a hot solder pot since flux may ignite. Use of strong acid fluxes may result in liberation of toxic lead chloride fumes.

Other Precautions: None known.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: N/A
Vapor Pressure (mmHg): N/A
Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/A
Specific Gravity (H,O = 1): >1
Melting Point: N/A
Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1): N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds: N/A

Solubility in Water: Insoluble

Appearance and Odor: Silver-gray metal in wire form.

14

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME

CLASS

UN NUMBER

Not required -- Shipped as non-hazardous article.

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL NAME	* BY WEIGHT
7439-92-1	Lead	36.65
7440-36-0	Antimony	0.35

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g) (2) (c) (1) - (4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

PREPARED BY: R. L. Fridley

DATE: April 6, 1998

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Line RSK-1 Rosin Solvent

August 2, 1995

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM044D

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC Telephone: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	*
67-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol	50.0
108-88-3	Toluene	50.0

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Chronic effects may

include kidney and/or liver damage.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs: Not listed OSHA Regulated: Not listed

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

INHALATION: Inhalation of vapors may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness, irritation of respiraory tract, and loss of consciousness.

EYE CONTACT: May result in temporary corneal damage.

SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged skin contact may result in dermatitis.

INGESTION: May cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, gastrointestinal irritation.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is required if airborne concentration exceeds TLV. At concentrations up to 1000 ppm, a chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridge is recommended. Above this level, a self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended.

Ventilation: Use general or local exhaust ventilation to meet TLV requirements.

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Polyethylene or neoprene gloves are

recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles and faceshield are

recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Neoprene apron is recommended.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly after use.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Keep containers tightly closed. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated, flammable liquid storage area.

Other Precautions: Bond and ground containers when transferring liquid.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 180°F (82°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHg): 36 @ 80°F (30°C)

Vapor Density (Air = 1): 3.0 Specific Gravity (H₀O = 1): 0.8 Melting Point: N/A Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1): 2.8

Volatile Organic Compounds: 825 g/liter

Solubility in Water: Partial

Appearance and Odor: Colorless liquid; benzene-like odor.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME

CLASS

UN NUMBER

Flammable Liquids, N.O.S. (Toluene / Isopropanol)

3

1993

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL NAME	% BY WEIGHT
67-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol	50.0
108-88-3	Toluene	50.0

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g) (2) (c) (1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

PREPARED BY: R. L. Fridley

DATE: August 2, 1995

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Prep Conditioner A

August 14, 1995

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611 MSDS # MGM046D

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC Telephone:

800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	*
7664~38-2	Phosphoric Acid	10.0
7732~18-5	Distilled Water	90.0

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): None known

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs:

Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

INHALATION: May cause severe irritation of respiratory system. In confined areas, vapors in high concentrations are anesthetic. Over-exposure may result in light-headedness and staggering gait. Mist may cause coughing, sneezing, salivation, and difficult breathing.

EYE CONTACT: May cause severe irritation or burns.

SKIN CONTACT: May cause severe irritation or burns.

INGESTION: May cause burns to mouth, throat, and stomach.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended for emergency use.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Chemical resistant or rubber gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety glasses or faceshield recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Rubber apron or suitable protective clothing. Safety shower and eye wash station should be available.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly after using.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store below 80°F (27°C). Keep containers tightly sealed. Avoid storing or mixing with materials containing chlorine.

Other Precautions: Avoid eye and skin contact. Avoid breathing mist.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 210°F to 212°F (99°C to 100°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHg): N/A
Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/A
Specific Gravity (HO = 1): 1.36
Melting Point: N/A
Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1): <1
Volatile Organic Compounds: None
Solubility in Water: Complete

Appearance and Odor: Clear to slightly turbid liquid; no odor.

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL NAME

% BY WEIGHT

7664-38-2

Phosphoric Acid

10.0

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g) (2) (c) (1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

PREPARED BY: R. L. Fridley

DATE: August 14, 1995



STRUCTURAL ADHESIVES

DESCRIPTION

Hysol® EA 934NA is a two component thixotropic paste adhesive which cures at room temperature and possesses superior strength to 350°F/177°C and higher. Its thixotropic nature and good compressive strength make it ideal for potting, filling and fairing, as well as for shim applications. It is qualified to MMM-A-132 Type 1, Class 3 with a room temperature cure.

FEATURES

- Room Temperature Cure
- 350°F/177°C Performance
- MMM-A-132 Qualified
- · Good Gap Filler
- Potting Material
- . Develops Strength Rapidly

UNCURED ADHESIVE PROPERTIES

	Part A	Part B	Mixed
Color	Gray	Amber	Gray
Viscosity @ 77°F Brookfield, HBT	5000 - 9000 Poise Spdi 7 @ 20 RPM	25 Poise Spdl 1 @ 20 RPM	800 Poise Spdl 6 @ 20 RPM
Viscosity, 25°C Brookfield, HBT	500 - 900 Pa•s Spdl 20 2.1 rad/sec	2.5 Pa•s Spdl 1 @ 2.1 rad/sec	80 Pa•s Spdl 6 @ 2.1 rads/sec
Density (g/ml)	1.59	0.96	1.36
Shelf Life	1 year 1 year 3 mos 2 mos	1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year	

This material will normally be shipped at ambient conditions, which will not alter our standard warranty, provided that the material is placed into its intended storage upon receipt. Premium shipment is available upon request.

HANDLING

Mixing - This product requires mixing two components together just prior to application to the parts to be bonded. Complete mixing is necessary. The temperature of the separate components prior to mixing is not critical, but should be close to room temperature.

Mix Ratio Part A Part B
By Weight 100 33

Note: Volume measurement is not recommended for structural applications unless special precautions are taken to assure proper ratios.

Pot Life (450 gm mass)
Method - ASTM D 2471 in water bath.

40 minutes

APPLICATION

Mixing – Combine Part A and Part B in the correct ratio and mix thoroughly. THIS IS IMPORTANT! Heat buildup during or after mixing is normal. Do not mix quantities greater than 1 pound as dangerous heat buildup can occur causing uncontrolled decomposition of the mixed adhesive. TOXIC FUMES CAN OCCUR, RESULTING IN PERSONAL INJURY. Mixing smaller quantities will minimize the heat buildup.

Applying – Bonding surfaces should be clean, dry and properly prepared. For optimum surface preparation consult the Hysol Surface Preparation Guide. The bonded parts should be held in contact until the adhesive is set. Handling strength for this adhesive will occur in 8 hours at 77°F/25°C, after which the support tooling or pressure used during cure may be removed. (Alternates are: 20 minutes at 140°F/60°C or 1 minute at 205°F/96°C.) Since full bond strength has not yet been attained, load application should be small at this time.

Curing – Hysol EA 934NA may be cured for 5-7 days at 77°F/25°C to achieve normal performance. Accelerated cures up to 200°F/93°C (for small masses only) may be used as an alternative. For example, 1 hour at 200°F/93°C will give complete cure.

Cleanup – It is important to remove excess adhesive from the work area and application equipment before it hardens. Denatured alcohol and many common industrial solvents are suitable for removing uncured adhesive. Consult with your supplier's information pertaining to the safe and proper use of solvents.

BOND STRENGTH PERFORMANCE

Tensile Lap Shear Strength

Tensile lap shear strength tested per ASTM D 1002 after curing for 7 days at 77°F/25°C. Adherends are 2024-T3 clad aluminum treated with phosphoric acid anodize per BAC 5555.

Test Temperature, 'F/'C	Typical Results (PSI/MPa)		
-67/-55	2,800/19.3		
77/ 25	3,100/21.4		
180/ 82	1,800/12.4		
300/149	1,100/ 7.6		
500/260	450/ 3.1		
After Exposure to the following conditions*:	Typical Results (PSI/MPa)		
77°F/25°C Water-30 days	3,500/24.1		
Isopropyl Alcohol-7 days	3,300/22.8		

77°F/25°C Water-30 days	3,500/24.1
Isopropyl Alcohol-7 days	3,300/22.8
Hydraulic Oil-7 days	3,500/24.1
JP-4 Fuel-7 days	3,500/24.1
Salt Spray-105°F/41°C-30 days	3,300/22.8

^{*}Test temperature on all exposure tests is 77°F/25°C

Service Temperature

Service temperature is defined as that temperature at which this adhesive still retains 1000 PSI/6.9 MPa using test method ASTM D 1002 and is 300°F/149°C.

Bulk Resin Properties

Tensile Properties - tested using 0.125 inch/3.175mm castings per ASTM D 638.	Typical Results		
Tensile Strength, PSI @ 77°F/MPa @ 25°C	5,800/40		
Tensile Modulus, KSI @ 77°F/GPa @ 25°C	5,50/3.8		
Elongation at Break, % @ 77°F/25°C	1.2		
Shore D Hardness @ 77°F/25°C	8 5		
T _a dry (Cure 7 days @ 77*F/25*C	159°F/71°C		
(Cure 1 hour @ 200°F/93°C)	264°F/129°C		
Compressive Properties – tested using 0.5 inch/1.27cm castings per ASTM D 695.			
Compressive Strength, PSI @ 77°F (ultimate)/MPa @ 25°C	9,500/65.5		
PSI @ 300°F (ultimate)/MPa @ 149°C	2,500/17.2		
Electrical Properties - tested per ASTM D 149, D 150.			
Dielectric Constant (1 KHz, 77°F/25°C)	7.24		
Dissipation Factor (1 KHz, 77°F/25°C)	0.028		

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Before using this product, read the Material Safety Data Sheets carefully.

For industrial use only.

General:

Use these products with adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Avoid breathing the vapors. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Empty containers retain product residue and vapors so obey all precautions when handling empty containers.

PART A

WARNING! The uncured adhesive causes eye irritation and may cause skin irritation or allergic dermatitis. Contains epoxy resins.

PART

DANGER! Causes severe skin and eye burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause allergic skin reactions. Contains diethylenetriamine.

AVAILABILITY

This Hysol Aerospace Product is available from Dexter Aerospace Materials Division, 2850 Willow Pass Road, P.O. Box 312, Pittsburg, CA 94565-0031. Telephone 510/458-8000. FAX 510/458-8030.

Revised 3/92

Propertiés listed are typical values and are not intended for use in preparing specifications. Actual values may vary. Recommendations and suggestions contained herein are limited to reasonable commercial use. No express warranties are intended by any representation and there are no warranties which extend beyond the description on the face hereof. The user is advised to use our conditions when evaluating this product that are as representative as possible of those used in the actual manufactured item.



HYSOL AEROSPACE PRODUCTS 2850 Willow Pass Road P.O. Box 312 Pittsburg, CA 94565-0031 Tei: (510) 458-8000 Fax: (510) 458-8030

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: M-Prep Neutralizer 5A

August 14, 1995

MSDS # MGM048D

Measurements Group, Inc. Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

919-365-3800

CHEMTREC Telephone: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

CAS NUMBER	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	*
1336-21-6	Ammonium Hydroxide	<0.02
7601-54-9	Trisodium Phosphate	<0.05
1303-96-4	Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate	<0.01
7732-18-5	Distilled Water	99.92

SECTION 3: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation: YES

Skin: YES

Ingestion: Accidental

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Ammonium hydroxide is irritating and corrosive to body tissues and a sensitized person may react to even dilute solutions.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP:

Not listed

IARC Monographs: Not listed

OSHA Regulated:

Not listed

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

INHALATION: Headache, coughing, and possible lung damage (edema and difficulty in breathing). Excessive inhalation of vapors is irritating to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract.

SECTION 7: EXPOSURE CONTROLS -- PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: For air contaminants above TLV or permissible limits use NIOSH approved respirator for organic vapors.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Keep below TLV Mechanical: Keep below TLV

Special: N/A Other: N/A

Protective Gloves: Neoprene or rubber gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: Full face shield or chemical safety goggles are recommended.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Rubber apron is recommended. Safety shower should be available in local area.

Work / Hygienic Practices: Use good housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after use.

SECTION 8: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store below 80°F (27°C) in dry place. Keep containers tightly sealed.

Other Precautions: Avoid breathing vapors and direct contact.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 212°F (100°C)

Vapor Pressure (mmHq): 760 mmHq @ 100°C

Vapor Density (Air = 1): 1.0 Specific Gravity (H₂O = 1): 1.0

Melting Point: 32°F (0°C)

Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1): <1 Volatile Organic Compounds: 0% Solubility in Water: 100%

Appearance and Odor: Colorless; mild ammonia odor.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SHIPPING NAME CLASS UN NUMBER

Ammonia Solutions Corrosive Material

8

2672

SECTION 14: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals (as listed below) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

CAS NUMBER

CHEMICAL NAME

% BY WEIGHT

NONE

TSCA NOTIFICATION:

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

SECTION 15: OTHER INFORMATION

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided above meets the requirements of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Act and regulations established under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g) (2) (c) (1)-(4) for a mixture of hazardous chemicals which has not been tested as a whole. The data provided on this Material Safety Data Sheet is from manufacturers of the original components. Measurements Group, Inc. specifically disclaims any and all form of liability and/or responsibility for the application of this product.

PREPARED BY: R. L. Fridley

DATE: August 14, 1995

[Approved by U.S. Department of Labor "Essentially Similar" to Form OSIIA-20]

Manufacturer's Name Amchem Products, Inc. Address (number, street) Brookside Avenue (City, state, zip code) Ambler. PA 19002			Product Trade Name <u>Alodine 1201</u>				
			Chemical Name & Synonyms Formula				
Information Supplied by: Hugh Gehman			····				
Date: 6/7/82 Title: Coordinator of Reg	gistration	and Labelin	g				
II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS							
MATERIAL	%	TLV (Units)	MATERIAL	*	TLV (Unit:		
Chromic_acid	۷1	0.05mg/M ³	CONFIDENTIAL				
Potassium_ferricyanide	< 1		Proprietary Information	·	<u> </u>		
Hydrofluoric acid	< 0.2	2.5mg/M3	Amchem Products, Inc.				
IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA		e. Special fire	e fighting procedures:				
a. Flash point (state method, °F) None		<u> </u>					
b. Ignition temperature (°F)							
c. Flammable limits in air, LEL UEL	•		re and explosion hazards: None, however if organic				
d. Extinguishing media:Water		– ,	paper, sawdust, etc. become saturated wit ry, spenteneous combustion may result	th this mat	<u>erial and</u>		
V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA		then a	ry, spontoneous compuscion may result				
a. Physiological Properties:			6. Threshold Limit Value (or estimate): 0.05mg/M3()	pased on ch	romic aci		
1. Local effects to skin: Will irritate			_ 7. Local effects to eyes:Will irritate and	may burn.			
2. Genetic Hazard							
3. Acute oral toxicity (LDso if available): Will be	urn mucous	membranes.					
4. Dermal absorption (LD so if available):				 	 -		
5. Inhalation effects (LCso if available):							

b.	Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Special Hazards
	Ingestion: Dilute by drinking several glasses of water or milk. Inhalation:
1.	Call a Doctor.
	Call a poctor.
2.	Eye Contact: Flush immediately with copious amounts of water for
	at least 15 minutes. Call a Doctor.
3.	Skin Contact: a)Flush with cold water for 5-10 minutes. b) 5. Other Health Data:
	Soak affected area in an iced solution of ZEPHIRAN CHLORIDE
	(a readily available product at any drug store). The strength
	of the soak is .13% or 30cc. of 17% ZEPHIRAN CHLORIDE CONCENTRATE per
	each gallon of iced distilled water.c)Soak affected part for 1 hour. Call a Doctor.
i. RE	ACTIVITY DATA
a.	Stability: StableX_UnstableConditions to avoid:
	Incompatible Materials: Organic materials, reducing agents
	Hazardous Decomposition Products:
	Hazardous Polymerication: May occurWill not occurXConditions to avoid:
	ILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES Transfer unspilled material to a clean polyethylene container. Treat spilled material
a.	Steps to be taken for spill or leak: with dilute solution of sodium metabisulfite to reduce chrome. Adjust pH to 7-8 with
	Waste disposal methods: lime and flush to treatment plant with plenty of water.
	ECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION
	Respiratory protection (Specify type) requirements: Acid mist cartridge d. Eye protection required: Safety goggles
	Ventilation requirements (local exhaust, general dilution, special): approved Local
C.	Protective gloves required:
. SPI	ECIAL PRECAUTIONS
a.	Precautionary label required? If yes, please attach. No. Amchem Warning Statement 30.
b. 1	Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store in a cool place.
	Other utions:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

WAGE AND LABOR STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION
Bureau of Labor Standards

CONFIDENTIAL

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETProprietary Information Amchem Products, Inc.

SEC	TION I	•
MANUFACTURER'S NAME AMCHEM PRODUCTS, INC. ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) Brookside Avenue; Ambler, Penna, 19002		EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (215) 446-1700 628-1230
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	1	RADE NAME AND SYNONYMS Alumiprep 33
CHEMICAL FAMILY	FORMULA	

PAINTS, PRESERVATIVES, & SOLVENTS	*	TLY (Units)	ALLOYS AND METALLIC COATINGS	*	TLV (Units)
PEGMENTS		(0),,,,,,	BASE METAL		
CATALYST	1		ALLOYS		
VEHICLE	1		METALLIC COATINGS		
OLVENTS FILLER METAL PLUS COATING OR CORE FLUX			_		
DDITIVES OTHERS			,		
OTHERS	-				
HAZARDOUS MIXTURE	ES OF C	THER LIC	QUIDS, SOLIDS, OR GASES	*	TLV (Units
Phosphoric Acid 20					
				-10	
	S	urface	Active Agents	2-3	
			e Salts	1-2	

	SECTION III	PHYSICAL DAYA	·
BOILING POINT (F.)	>2120	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1)	1.14
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)		PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)		EVAPORATION RATE	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Liquid		
APPEARANCE AND ODOR Colorless	. slight odor		

SECTION IV FIRE AND	EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA	\	
FLASH POINT (Method used) Nonflammable	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	Lei	Uel
extinguishing media CO2, form, or vaporizing liquid exti	inguishers.		
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second second	va - Land
The second secon	Company to Sugar Sugar		*4
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZAROS			
and the second s	La principal de la companya de la co		

THRESHOLD LIMIT VA	1_mg/M _(air) hado	d on nh	sphoric acid	
FFECTS OF OVEREXPO	SURE ALLON MAY	**Causimes	or feet of f	ects and injury commuco assument	1100111
· ·	tory tract.				
MERGENCY AND FIRS	T AID PROCEDURES	oughly wi	ith soan	and water. Eye contact - flu	ieh i
				l a doctor. Ingestion - Drink	
magnesia	, aluminum hyd	droxide ge	el, or 1	imewater followed by several	_mll g bas
water. (Call a doctor		sanas (n. 1800)	and the second s	# P
		SECTION	I VI KEA	CYIVITY DATA	
TABILITY	UNSTABLE	C	ONDITIONS T	O AVOID	
	STABLE	1			
NCOMPATABILITY /A	aterials to avoid)	trong alk	kaline m	aterials	
AZARDOUS DECOMP	POSITION PRODUCTS			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
HAZARDOUS	MAY OCCUR		T	CONDITIONS TO AVOID	
POLYMERIZATION	1		╂╌╌┼		
	WILL NOT O	CCUR	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
			· •		
and a second of the second of the	Control of the second of the s	re silverende s desc e regionie		والمترابط والمعترف المراب الماري المارين المناطب والمتعدد والمتعدد والمتراوع والمتراوع والمتراب المتراوع والمتراث	
	er	(2011)	Cruii : Z	A LEAST PROPERTY SE	
				a leak frocedules	
	N CASE MATERIAL IS	RELEASED OR	SPILLED		
Transfer Co	N CASE MATERIAL IS	RELEASED OR S	SPILLED ass, mil	d steel or SS steel container	
Transfer Co	N CASE MATERIAL IS	RELEASED OR S	SPILLED ass, mil		
Transfer Co	N CASE MATERIAL IS	RELEASED OR S	SPILLED ass, mil	d steel or SS steel container	
Discard broom of water.	ontents to a containe	RELEASED OR S Clean, gla r and flua	spicted ass, mil sh away	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p	
Discard broom of water.	ontents to a containe	RELEASED OR S Clean, gla r and flua	spicted ass, mil sh away	d steel or SS steel container	
Discard broom of water.	ontents to a containe	RELEASED OR S Clean, gla r and flua	spicted ass, mil sh away	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p	
Discard broom of water.	ontents to a containe	RELEASED OR S Clean, gla r and flua	spicted ass, mil sh away	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p	
Discard broom of water.	ontents to a containe	RELEASED OR S Clean, gla r and flua	spicted ass, mil sh away	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p	
Discard broom of water.	n case material is ontents to a container through the container will be container through the container	RELEASED OR S Clean, gla r and flua	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p	
Trunsfer con Discard brown of water. WASTE DISPOSAL ME	n case material is ontents to a container through the container will be container through the container	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland flusten and flusten the adilustration of the a	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution.	
Transfer con Discard brown of water. WASTE DISPOSAL ME	on case material is contents to a contents to a contained with the contained with the contained with the contents of the conte	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland flusten and flus	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution.	
Transfer Control Discard browster. of water. waste disposal me	SECTION (Speelfy type)	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland rand flusten that dilustrate the science of the science	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution.	
Trunsfer con Discard brown of water. waste disposal me	SECTION (Specify sype) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland rand flusten that dilustrate the science of the science	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INTOXIMATION SPECIAL OTHER	
Transfer of Discard brook of water. WASTE DISPOSAL ME RESPIRATORY PROTE VENTILATION PROTECTIVE GLOVE	SECTION (Specify type) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland fluid the a dilumental of the science of	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INFORMATION SPECIAL OTHER	
Transfer of Discard bro of water. WASTE DISPOSAL ME RESPIRATORY PROTE VENTILATION PROTECTIVE GLOVE OTHER PROTECTIVE	SECTION (Specify type) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland rand flusten that dilustrate the science of the science	SPILLED ASS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INTOXIMATION SPECIAL OTHER	
Transfer of Discard brook of water. WASTE DISPOSAL ME RESPIRATORY PROTE VENTILATION PROTECTIVE GLOVE	SECTION (Specify type) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland fluid the additional with a dilumental state of the science of the sci	SPICLEO ARS. mil sh away te alkal	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INFORMATION SPECIAL OTHER EYE PROTECTION Goggles, face shields	
Trunsfer of Discard broof water. of water. waste disposal me RESPIRATORY PROTE VENTILATION PROTECTIVE GLOVE OTHER PROTECTIVE	SECTION (Specify sype) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge EQUIPMENT Apr	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland fluid the a dilumental science of the sc	SPICLEO ass. mil sh away te alkal PECIAL D.	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INTOXIMATION SPECIAL OTHER	
Transfer of Discard bro of water. waste disposal me RESPIRATORY PROTE VENTILATION PROTECTIVE GLOVE OTHER PROTECTIVE	SECTION (Specify type) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland fluid the adilustration of the science o	SPICLEO ass. mil sh away te alkal PECIAL D.	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INFORMATION SPECIAL OTHER EYE PROTECTION Goggles, face shields	
Discard brook of water. Of water. WASTE DISPOSAL ME RESPIRATORY PROTE VENTILATION PROTECTIVE GLOVE OTHER PROTECTIVE	SECTION (Specify type) LOCAL EXHAUST MECHANICAL (Ge EQUIPMENT Apr	RELEASED OR SCIERN, gland fluid the adilustration of the science o	SPICLEO ass. mil sh away te alkal PECIAL D.	d steel or SS steel container any residual materials with p ine solution. OTZOTION INFORMATION SPECIAL OTHER EYE PROTECTION Goggles, face shields	

هاد كادياه الأدفية والحاء المعدي للداميكية الهاليمان يهالين يتوليان وديام الألهامة

- A. - B.A. . .

بالراء والمحادة هدامجه مجرفيها أأكام كمكرك عاراته بموليجوة للأمهاب فللجج كالمطاويل كالميلة

.



OUT MIRE BUILD ON THE BOOK OF THE BOOK OF

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DEXTER AEROSPACE MATERIALS DIVISION 2850 Willow Pass Road Pittsburg, California 94565-3299 KRISTY CUSTOMAL SERVICE

800-257. 7522

USA

20191-0001

WOLCOTT PARK INC

ORDER: 12577

1-716-342-3120

EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

For Help in Chemical Emergencies Call CHEMTREC Anytime Within North America call Toll Free (800) 424-9300 Outside North America call Collect (202) 483-7616

SECTION 1. MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAMÉ: HYSOL EA 934NA QT SYSTEM

PART A PREPARED: JUNE 1995

REV: 08

PRODUCT CODE: AS9174016

SHIP CODE: Z004AB SUPER

SUPERCEDES: MAY 1993 REV: 07

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

WARNING! CAUSES EYE IRRITATION AND MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS EPOXY RESINS. AVOID CONTACT. WASH AFTER

HANDLING.

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION

The composition of this material is proprietary. However, the composition will be disclosed as required pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.1200(i).

	COMPONENT	CAS No.	Wt.	OSHA PEL	OSURE LIMITS, ACGIH TLV	PPM OTHER LIMITS
1.	Polymer of epichlorohydrin, phenol-formaldel					
2.	hovolac resin 4-Glycidyloxy-n, n-diglycidyl-	28064-14-4	20-60	None	None	None
	aniline	5026-74-4	15-40	None	None	None
3. 4.	Aluminum Powder Silica 1	7429-90-5 .12945-52-5*	10-30 1-5	15 mg/m3 6 mg/m3	10 mg/m3 6 mg/m3	None None

^{*}This CAS# has been given to us by the supplier, but the material is TSCA listed as 7631-86-9.

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION/POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Skin contact, inhalation

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: Skin rash, irritation

IMMEDIATE EFFECTS:

DEXTER AEROSPACE HYSOL EA 934NA QT SYSTEM PRINTED: PAGE:

3/24/97

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION/POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS AS9174016 .. CONTINUED..

Brief contact may irritate the skin or cause a rash.

LONG TERM EFFECTS:

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may result in allergic sensitization.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Skin sensitization.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Neither this material nor any of its components is considered a carcinogen.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE:

Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

INHALATION:

Remove victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

INGESTION:

Drink plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT, DEG. F: METHOD USED:

Not tested

EXPLOSIVE LIMITS, LOWER/UPPER:

Not tested

Not tested

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Dry chemical, or halon fire extinguisher, or water spray, foam or fog.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. Cartridge respirators do not provide adequate protection for fire fighters or exotherm mitigation.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:
May liberate large quantities of dense foul-smelling smoke which may contain unidentified toxic gasses.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IF MATERIAL LEAKS OR SPILLS: Wear protective clothing, gloves and safety glasses. Scrape up or shovel into DOT approved waste containers.

NEUTRALIZING AGENT:

Not applicable

SECTION 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

Refrigerated storage is recommended to maintain product quality. This product may be stored at 40 deg. F for up to 12 months.

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

Follow curing schedule as recommended in product literature. See also MSDS Section 9.

DEXTER AEROSPACE HYSOL EA 934NA QT SYSTEM PRINTED: 3/24/97

PART A

SECTION 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

AS9174016 .. CONTINUED.

REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS: Do not cut, grind, weld, or drill on or near this container.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear butyl rubber, PVC, or nitrile rubber gloves.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Unnecessary with adequate exhaust ventilation.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Local exhaust ventilation at the point of use.

OTHER PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

An eyewash and safety shower should be nearby and ready for use.

SECTION 9. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

POLYMERIZATION:

May occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid mixing resin (Part A) and curing agent (Part B) in batches greater than 1 pound unless you plan to use immediately. Do not heat mixed adhesive above 125 deg. F unless curing surfaces to be bonded. Failure to observe these precautions may result in excessive heat build-up causing an exotherm. The exotherm has the potential for release of toxic gasses.

INCOMPATIBILITY:

Strong oxidizing agents, strong Lewis or mineral acids.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

CO, NOx, aldehydes, acids and undetermined organics.

SECTION 10. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT, DEG. F:

Undefined

PHYSICAL STATE:

Paste

SPECIFIC GRAVITY, WATER=1: 1.59

VISCOSITY, p:

5000-9000 Brookfield, Spdl. 7

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

Negligible

CORROSION RATE:

Not applicable

MAGNETISM:

Not applicable

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:

Not tested

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:

Not tested

VAPOR PRESSURE, mmHg:

Nil

DEXTER AEROSPACE HYSOL EA 934NA QT SYSTEM

PRINTED: PART A

3/24/97 3

SECTION 10. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AS9174016 ... CONTINUED.

VAPOR DENSITY, AIR=1:

VOLATILE ORGANIC CONTENT, g/l (Test Method):
<10 g/l (Estimate)</pre>

APPEARANCE/ODOR:

Viscous gray paste with slight odor

pH: Undefined

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been tested as a whole. However, data for its

identified components include:

COMPONENT 1

COMPONENT 2

COMPONENT 3

ORAL, rat LD50:

>4000 mg/kg

1000 mg/kg

No data found

DERMAL, rabbit LD50:

No data found

>4000 mg/kg

No data found

INHALATION, rat LC50:

No data found

No data found

No data found

ORAL, rat LD50:

COMPONENT 4
No data found

DERMAL, rabbit LD50:

No data found

INHALATION, rat LC50:

No data found

OTHER INFORMATION:

Component 2 has exhibited mutagenicity in bacteria.

SECTION 12. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL AS A WASTE: This material, as a waste, is not considered a RCRA hazardous waste. However, incineration in an EPA-approved waste incinerator is a preferred disposal practice.

Chemical additions, processing, or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information herein incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Additionally, state and local requirements for waste disposal may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations. Consult state and local regulations regarding proper disposal of this material.

SECTION 13. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Proper Shipping Name: ADHESIVES, NOI NON-REGULATED

REPORTABLE QUANTITY: Not applicable

POSTAL SERVICE:

This material is allowed to be sent through the Postal Service.

DEXTER AEROSPACE HYSOL EA 934NA QT SYSTEM

PRINTED: PART A PAGE:

3/24/97

SECTION 13. TRANSPORT

.. CONTINUED AS9174015

IATA SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Proper Shipping Name:

ADHESIVES, NOI

NON-REGULATED

SECTION 14. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

All components of this material are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

This material is considered an irritant for Hazard Communication purposes

None of the ingredients in this material is listed on the SARA 313 List.

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS:

- Massachusetts Component 4 is on the Massachusetts Hazardous Substance List.
- New Jersey Component 4 is on the New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List.
- Pennsylvania Component 4 is on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS:

Canada WHMIS: Hazard class = D2B

Europe EEC:

Risk phrase(s) = R36,38,43 Safeguard phrase(s) = S24,37,44,51

SECTION 15. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM: HMIS: Health = 1 Flammability = 1 Reactivity = 1

M.S.D.S. Department, Dexter Aerospace Materials Division (510) 458-8000 x262 or x263 PREPARED BY:

REVISION INDICATORS: June, 1995: Updated Updated Section 2 and Section 14 because of supplier's updated information.

SECTION 16. DISCLAIMER

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, since - much of the information has been received from sources outside our company, we cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Health and safety precautions contained within this data sheet may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this data in order to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Additionally, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein.

DEXTER AEROSPACE MATERIALS DIVISION 2850 Willow Pass Road Pittsburg, California 94565-3299 USA

20191-0000 WOLCOTT PARK INC ORDER: 15552

EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

For Help in Chemical Emergencies Call CHEMIREC Anytime Within North America call Toll Free (800) 424-9300 Outside North America call Collect (202) 483-7616

SECTION MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME: HYSOL EA 934NA QT SYSTEM

PART B PREPARED: JANUARY 1995 REV: 08

PRODUCT CODE: AS9174016

SHIP CODE:

2735AE2 SUPERCEDES: OCTOBER 1993

REV: 07

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:
WARNING! CAUSES EYE AND SKIN BURNS. CONTAINS DIETHYLENE
TRIAMINE AND TRIETHYLENE TETRAMINE.
AVOID CONTACT. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS. WASE AFTER HANDLING.

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION

The composition of this material is proprietary. However, the composition will be disclosed as required pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.1200(i).

	COMPONENT	CAS No.	Wt.	EXPO OSHA PEL	ACGIE TLV	OTHER LIMITS
1. 2.	Polyamide Resin Diethylene-	68082-29-1	40-70	None	None	None
٠.	triamine	111-40-0	10-30	l ppm (skin)	1 ppm (skin)	None
3.	Triethylene- tetramine	112-24-3	5-10	None /	None	None

HAVARUS IDENTIFICATION/POTENTIAL SECTION 3.

ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Skin contact, inhalation

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: Skin or eye irritation, chest discomfort

IMMEDIATE EFFECTS:

This material is corrosive to eyes and skin. Brief contact may chemical burns. Vapors and mists will irritate nose and throat. Brief contact may cause

LONG TERM EFFECTS:

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may result in burns and possible allergic sensitization.

SECTION 3. BAXARDS IDENTIFICATION/POTENTIAL HEALTH REFECTS AS9174016 COM

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Skin sensitization.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Neither this material nor any of its components is considered a carcinogen.

SECTION 4. FIRST ALD MEASURES

EYE:

Flush eyes with lots of running water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

SKIN:

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

INHALATION:

Remove victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

INGESTION:

Drink plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT, DEG. F: METEOD USED:

Not tested Not tested EXPLOSIVE LIMITS, LOWER/UPPER:

Not tested

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Dry chemical, or Halon fire extinguisher, or water spray, foam or fog.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. Cartridge respirators do not provide adequate protection for fire fighters or exotherm mitigation.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

May liberate large quantities of dense foul-smelling smoke which may contain unidentified toxic gasses.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IF MATERIAL LEAKS OR SPILLS:

Wear protective clothing, gloves and safety glasses. Absorb spill with sorbent material such as vermiculite or said. Scrape up or shovel into DOT-approved waste containers.

NEUTRALIZING AGENT: Not applicable

SECTION 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

This product may be stored at room temperature for up to 12 months. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

Follow curing schedule and mixing ratios as recommended in product literature. See also MSDS Section 9. Empty containers retain product residue so obey hazard warnings and handle empty containers as if they were full.

SECTION 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Do not cut, grind, weld, or drill on or near this container.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear butyl rubber, PVC, or mitrile rubber gloves and long-sleeved shirt and trousers.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

If local exhaust ventilation is inadequate, a respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges may be appropriate.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Local exhaust ventilation at the point of use.

OTHER PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

An eyewash and safety shower should be nearby and ready for use.

SECTION 9. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

POLYMERIZATION:

May occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Avoid mixing resin (Part A) and curing agent (Part B) in batches greater than I pound unless you plan to use immediately. Do not heat mixed adhesive above 125 deg. F unless curing surfaces to be bonded. Failure to observe these precautions may result in excessive heat build-up causing an exotherm. The exotherm has the potential for release of toxic gasses.

INCOMPATIBILITY:

Strong oxidizing agents, strong Lewis or mineral acids.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

CO, NOx, aldehydes, acids and undetermined organics.

SECTION 10. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT, DEG. F:

405

PHYSICAL STATE:

Liquid

SPECIFIC GRAVITY, WATER=1: 0.96 VISCOSITY, 10-30 p: Brookfield, Spdl. 1

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 1007

CORROSION RATE: Not applicable

MAGNETISM: Not applicable

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not tested

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not tested

VAPOR PRESSURE -

SECTION 10. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Nil

VAPOR DENSITY, AIR=1:

VOLATILE ORGANIC CONTENT, g/l (Test Method): <10 g/l (Estimate)

APPEARANCE/ODOR:

Amber liquid with ammoniacal odor

pH: Undefined

SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been tested as a whole. However, data for its identified components include:

ORAL, rat LD50:

COMPONENT 1

COMPONENT 2

COMPONENT 3

>2000 mg/kg

1080 mg/kg

No data found

DERMAL, rabbit LD50:

>2000 mg/kg

1090 mg/kg

No data found

INHALATION, rat LC50:

No data found

No data found

No data found

OTHER INFORMATION: No data found.

SECTION 12. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL AS A WASTE: This material, as a waste, is not considered a RCRA hazardous waste. However, incineration in an EPA-approved waste incinerator is a preferred disposal practice.

Chemical additions, processing, or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information herein incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Additionally, state and local requirements for waste disposal may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations. Consult state and local regulations regarding proper disposal of this material.

SECTION 13. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT SHIPPING INFORMATION: Proper Shipping Name:

AMINES, AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (DIETHYLENETRIAMINE/TRIETHYLENETE HAZARD CI

REPORTABLE QUANTITY: Not applicable

POSTAL SERVICE: U.S. Postal Regulations prohibit the shipment of this material through the mails.

IATA SHIPPING INFORMATION: Proper Shipping Name:

AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE; N.O.S. (DIETHYLENETRIAMINETRIETHYLENETETRAMINE) AMINES. HAZARD CLASS: 8 UN2735

SECTION 14. REGULATORY INFORMATION

159174016

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

All components of this material are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

This material is considered a corrosive for Hazard Communication purposes.

None of the ingredients in this material is listed on the SARA 313 List.

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS: 1) Massachusetts

- Compounds 2 and 3 are listed on the Massachusetts Substance List.
- 2) New Jersey Compounds 2 and 3 are listed on the New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List.
- 3) Pennsylvania Compound 2 is on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS:

Canada WHMIS: Hazard class = E Europe EEC: Bisk phrase(s) = R34,41,43

Safeguard phrase(s) = \$24/25,26,36/37/39

SECTION 15. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM: HMIS: Health = 2 Flammability = 1 Reactivity = 1

PREPARED BY: M.S.D.S. Department, Dexter Aerospace Materials Division (510) 458-8000 x262 or x263

REVISION INDICATORS:

January, 1995: Update Risk/Safeguard Phrases Update shipping information under DOT and IATA and EEC

SECTION 16. DISCLAIMER

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, since much of the information has been received from sources outside our company, we cannot guarantee its socuracy or completeness. Health and safety precautions contained within this data sheet may not be adequate for all individuals and/or simuations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this data in order to comply with all applicable laws and regularious. Additionally, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed on implied, is used with respect to the information contained berein.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA BULLETIN

MOBIL JET OIL II

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

APPROVAL DATE: 07/06/98

PRODUCT NAME: MOBIL JET OIL II

SUPPLIER: MOBIL OIL CORP.

NORTH AMERICA MARKETING AND REFINING

3225 GALLOWS RD. FAIRFAX, VA 22037

24 - Hour Emergency (call collect): 609-737-4411

Product and MSDS Information: 800-662-4525 '609-224-4644

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 202-483-7616

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAMES AND SYNONYMS: SYN. HYDROCARBONS AND ADDITIVES

INGREDIENTS CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH:

Substance Name Wt%
TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (1330-78-5) 1-5

1-NAPHTHALENAMINE, N-PHENYL 1-5
(90-30-2)

NOTE: This product contains 1.0% wt. P.A.N. (phenyl-alpha-naphthylamine) 90-30-2.

See Section 15 for European Label Information.

See Section 8 for exposure limits (if applicable).

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical and water fog. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water or foam may cause frothing.

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposure. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: For fires in enclosed areas, fire fighters must use self-contained breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None. Flash Point C(F): 204(400) (ASTM D-92). Flammable limits - LEL: NA, UEL: NA.

NFPA HAZARD ID: Health: 1, Flammability: 1, Reactivity: 0 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES: Report spills as required to appropriate authorities. U. S. Coast Guard regulations require immediate reporting of spills that could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. Report spill to Coast Guard toll free number (800) 424-8802. In case of accident or road spill notify CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

PROCEDURES IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Adsorb on fire retardant treated sawdust, diatomaceous earth, etc. Shovel up and dispose of at an appropriate waste disposal facility in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Prevent spills from entering storm sewers or drains and contact with soil.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: See Section 8

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Avoid ingestion. Avoid inhalation of mists. Avoid prolonged repeated skin contact. Wash thoroughly before eating or smoking. Keep away from feed or food products. Do not use on food processing machinery.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat.

Revision Date: 11/25/98, MOBIL JET OIL II - Page: 3 01/13/99

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY (THERMAL, LIGHT, ETC.): Stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Extreme heat.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Strong oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

Revision Date: 11/25/98, MOBIL JET OIL II - Page: 5 01/13/99

which is indicative of a potential to produce delayed neurotoxicity. Repeated oral administration of 2 g/kg of a generic jet engine oil containing 3% tricresyl phosphate (TCP) (once/day, 5 days/week for 10 weeks) to hens (60mg/kg/day TCP) inhibited brain neuropathy target esterase (NTE) by 70% and caused ataxia or paralysis in 22 of 30 hens in this treatment group.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND EFFECTS: Not established.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

waste DISPOSAL: Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration. Such burning may be limited pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. In addition, the product is suitable for processing by an approved recycling facility or can be disposed of at an appropriate government waste disposal facility. Use of these methods is subject to user compliance with applicable laws and regulations and consideration of product characteristics at time of disposal.

RCRA INFORMATION: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

USA DOT: NOT REGULATED BY USA DOT.

RID/ADR: NOT REGULATED BY RID/ADR.

IMO: NOT REGULATED BY IMO.

IATA: NOT REGULATED BY IATA.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Text:

CONTAINS TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE, 1-NAPHTHALENAMINE, N-PHENYL-

WARNING!

Swallowing this product can cause nervous system disorders including paralysis. Prolonged or repeated breathing of oil mist, or prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause nervous system effects.

Never swallow. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Never use in or around food. Avoid prolonged or repeated overexposure to skin or lungs.

FIRST AID: If swallowed, seek immediate medical attention. If medical attention will be delayed, induce vomiting. In case of contact, wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing.

For industrial use only. Not intended or suitable for use in or around a household or dwelling.

Never use empty container to carry water or food. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near container.

USE: AVIATION ENGINE OIL

NOTE: MOBIL PRODUCTS ARE NOT FORMULATED TO CONTAIN PCBS.

Please call the Customer Response Center on 800-662-4525 for formulation disclosure.

Information given herein is offered in good faith as accurate, but without guarantee. Conditions of use and suitability of the product for particular uses are beyond our control; all risks of use of the product are therefore assumed by the user and WE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF EVERY KIND AND NATURE, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IN RESPECT TO THE USE OR SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT. Nothing is intended as a recommendation for uses which infringe valid patents or as extending license under valid patents. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited. Except to the extent required by law, republication or retransmission of this document, in whole or in part, is not permitted. Mobil assumes no responsibility for accuracy



Mobil Product Data Sheet

Mobil® Jet Oil II

Aircraft-Type Gas Turbine Lubricant

Description

Mobil Jet Oil II gas turbine lubricant is a combination of a highly stable synthetic base fluid and a unique chemical additive package. The combination provides outstanding thermal and oxidative stability to resist deterioration and deposit formation in both the liquid and vapor phases, as well as excellent resistance to foaming.

The effective operating range of Mobil Jet Oil II is between -40°C and 204°C (-40°F and 400°F). Pour point is -54°C (-65°F). The product has a high specific heat in order to ensure good heat transfer from oil-cooled engine parts. In extensive laboratory testing and in-flight performance, Mobil Jet Oil II exhibits excellent bulk oil stability at temperatures up to 204°C (400°F). The evaporation rate at these temperatures is low enough to prevent excessive loss of volume.

Application

Mobil Jet Oil II is recommended for aircraft gas turbine engines of the turbo-jet, turbo-fan, turbo-prop, and turbo-shaft (helicopter) types in commercial and military service. It also is recommended for aircraft-type gas turbine engines in industrial or marine application.

Mobil Jet Oil II is approved against U.S. Military Specification MIL-L-23699C, as well as by the following engine and accessory manufacturers:

Engine Approvals

- Textron-Lycoming (Allied Signal)
- Allison Engine Co. (Rolls-Royce)
- General Electric Company
- Pratt & Whitney Group (United Technologies Corp.)

- SNECMA
- Pratt & Whitney, Canada
- Rolls-Royce Limited
- Garrett Turbine Engine Co.

Accessory Approvals

- Garrett (Allied Signal) Auxiliary power units and air cycle machines
- Hamilton Standard Division, United Technologies Corp. – Starters
- Sundstrand Corp. Constantspeed drives and integrated-drive generators
- Westinghouse Aerospace Electrical Division – Generators

	Mobii Jet Oil II	MIL-L-23699C Requirements
Product Number	43020-7	-
Viscosity		
cSt at 100°C (212°F)	5.0	5.0 - 5.5
cSt at 40°C (102°F)	25.3	25.0 min
cSt at -40°C (-40°F)	11,000	13,000 max
% change at -40°C after 72 hr.	3.7	±6
Flash Point, °C (°F), min	268 (515)	246 (475)
Fire Point, °C (°F)	285 (545)	_
Autogenous Ignition Temp, °C (°F)	404 (760)	
Pour Point, °C(°F)	-54 (-65)	-54 (-65) max
Specific Gravity, 15/15°C (60/60°F)	1.0035	-
TAN (mg KOH/g sample)	0.08	0.50 max
Evaporation Loss, %		
6.5 hr at 204°C (75°F), 29.5" Hg	5.0	10 max
6.5 hr at 232°C (450°F), 29.5" Hg	10.9	-
6.5 hr at 232°C (450°F), 5.5" Hg	33.7	·
Foam, ml		
Sequence 1, 24°C (75°F)	10	25 max
Sequence 2, 93°C (200°F)	15	25 max
Sequence 3, 75°C (after 200°F test)	10	25 max
Foam Stability, after 1 min settling, ml	.0	0 max
Rubber Swell		
F Rubber, 72 hr at 204°C (400°F), %	19	5 – 25
H Rubber, 72 hr at 70°C (159°F), %	16	5 – 25
Silicone, 96 hr at 121°C (250°F), %	9	5 – 25
Tensile Loss, %	17	30 max
Sonic Shear Stability		
KV at 39°C (100°F), change, %	0	4 max
Ryder Gear		
Average lb/in	2750	
% Hercolube A	115	112 min
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

E-761 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG	Page 1 of 4
IDENITTY (used on label - list)	May be used to comply with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200
E-761 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG	Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

SECTION I:	
Manufacturer's Name	Emergency Telephone Number
FiberCote Industries, Inc.	(203) 755-1344
Address (No, St, City, St, Zip)	Information Telephone Number
172 E. Aurora St. Waterbury, CT 06708-2040	(203) 755-1344
Date Prepared - April 03, 1997	Signature of Preparer (Optional)

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION						
Product Ingredients:	•	,	4	CAS		
Woven Graphite	Fabric	50 -	65	7440-44-0		
Proprietary Cate	lyzed Epoxy Mixture	35 -	50	Mixture		
Residual Organ	io Solvents	<	2	See Below		
Hezardous Components:	OSHA Pel	ACGIH TTV	%	CA8		
(Chemical Identity)	8 br TWA	8hr TWA	(Optional)		
Acetone	750 ppm	750 ppm	<1.0	67-64-1		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 ppm	200 ppm	<1.0	78-93-3		
Dimethylformanide	10 ppm	10 ppun	<1.0	68-12-2		

The catalyzed Epoxy Resin Mixture is a trade secret. One or more of the ingredients of the resin mixture may be considered to be hazardous under the Standard. The identity of the resin mixture may be made available as provided in 29 CFR 1910.1200 (I)

SECTION III - PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS				
Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity	NA	
Vapor Pressure	NA	Melting Point	NA	
Vapor Density	N/A	Everocration Rate	NA	
Solubility in Water	- Insoluble			

Appearance and Odor: - Natural pre-impregnated Graphite eloth having a mild non-residual edor.

E-761 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG

Page 2 of 4

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:				
Flash Point (Method Used)	-15 dog. F	(TCC)		
Flammable Limits (% volume in air)	LFL 2.6	UFL 12.8		
(Acctenc)				
Batinguishing Media:	Dry Chemical	, Water, Fog		
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:		ective equipment contained breathing apparatus.		
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: -	N/A			

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA					
Unstable	1	Conditions to Avoid:			
Stable	X	Elevated Temperatures will cure.			
to Avoid):	Strong	Acids, Bases and Oxidizers - Will Core			
By-Product)				
benolice, Ca	rbon Mo	no and/or Dioxides and Oxides of Nitrogen			
- 1	Will not a	normally occur.			
- (Jacontro	lied heat may cause runaway enotherm.			
	Unstable Stable to Avoid): By-Product benotice, Ca	Unstable X to Avoid): Strong By-Products: henolics, Carbon Mc	Unstable Conditions to Avoid: Stable X Elevated Temperatures will cure. to Avoid): Strong Acids, Bases and Oxidizers - Will Cure		

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA				
Route(s) of entry:	Inhalation, Skin and Ingestion Prolonged skin exposure can cause moderate irritation and/or dermatitis. Excessive inhalation can cause usual and/or respiratory irritation, fatigue, weakness, confusion, explicita, dizziness and headache. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.			
Carcinogenicity:	- No significant caroinogenic or reproductive effects have been observed in animal tests.			
Signs and Sympton	rs of Exposure: - See health hazards section.			
	Generally Aggravated by Exposure: - Preexisting dermal, brouchial and respiratory problems.			

E-761 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA (Continued)

Page 3 of 4

Emergency and First Aid Proce	dures: Eyee: Flush with Water immediately for 15 minutes.
	Cell a Physician.
	Skin: Wash thoroughly with mild some and water
	Ingestion: Induce vomiting. Call a Physician.
and the second s	
SECTION VII - PRECA	AUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE
SECTION VII - PRECA Stope to be taken if Material in	

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage:

Keep sealed to avoid absorption of water from humid air

Keep away from heat. Store under controlled low temperature conditions. Store at 0 deg. F if possible. After low

conditions. Store at 0 dog. It it possible. After low temperature storage, allow package to return to room

temperature before opening.

Regulations in an Approved Land Fill.

SECTION VIII - CO	NTROL MEASURES:	
Respiratory Protection (Spo	sify type):	
	NIOSH approved respiratory protection N/A with local exhaust.	1.
Ventilation Required	Local Exhaust: Recommended when curing	Special:
	Mechanical (General): Recommended	N/A
Protective Gloves:	Required: Rubber, vinyl or other OSHA	approved gloves.
Bye Protection:	Byo Sufety Glasses	
Other Protective Clothing o	r Equipment: - As Required to Provent	Skin Contact.
Work / Hygienic Practices:	 Wash hands thoroughly after working, Esting or drinking. 	

E-761 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG

Page 4 of 4

DISCLAIMER

The information in this document is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, WE MAKE NO' WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. Health and safety precautions in this data sheet may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The data in this MSDS relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or process.

E-765 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG (UD)

Page 1 of 4

IDENTITY (used on label - list)	May be used to comply with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200
E-765 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG (UD)	Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

SECTION I:	
Manufacturer's Name	Emergency Telephone Number
FiberCote Industries, Inc.	(203) 755-1344
Address (No, St, City, St, Zip)	Information Telephone Number
172 E. Aurora St. Waterbury, CT 06708-2040	(203) 755-1344
Date Prepared - February 2, 1998	Signature of Preparer (Optional)

Product Ingredients:		9	6
Graphite F	iber	50 -	75
Proprietary	25 -	50	
Residual C	organic Solvents	. <:	2 .
Hazardous Components:	OSHA Pel	ACGIH TIV	%
(Chemical Identity)	8 hr TWA	8 hr TWA	(Optional)
Acetone	750 ppm	750 ppm	<2.0

The catalyzed Epoxy Resin Mixture is a trade secret. One or more of the ingredients of the resin mixture may be considered to be hazardous under the Standard. The identity of the resin mixture may be made available as provided in 29 CFR 1910.1200 (I)

SECTION III - PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity	N/A				
Vapor Pressure	N/A	Melting Point	N/A				
Vapor Density	N/A	Evaporation Rate	N/A				
Solubility in Water -	Insoluble						

Appearance and Odor: - Pre-impregnated graphite tape having a mild non-residual odor.

E-765 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG (UD)

Page 2 of 4

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:						
Flash Point (Method Used)	-15 deg. F	(TCC)				
Flammable Limits (% volume in air)	LFL 2.6	UFL 12.8				
(Acetone)						
Extinguishing Media: -	Dry Chemical,	, Water, Fog				
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: -	Wear full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus.					
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: -	N/A					

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA						
Stability_	Unstable	1	Conditions to Avoid:			
	Stable	įx	Elevated Temperatures will cure.			
Incompatibility (Condit	ions to Avoid):	Stron	Acids, Bases and Oxidizers			
Hazardous Decomposition	•					
Aldehyde	s, Phenolics, C	arbon M	ono and/or Dioxides and Oxides of Nitrogen			
Hazardous Polymerization	on: -	Will not	normally occur.			
Conditions to Avoid:	-	Uncontr	olled heat may cause runaway exotherm.			

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA						
Route(s) of entry:	 Skin and Ingestion Prolonged skin exposure can cause moderate irritation and/or dermatitis. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. 					
Carcinogenicity:	- No significant carcinogenic or reproductive effects have been observed in animal tests.					
Signs and Sympton	ns of Exposure: - See health hazards section.					
Medical Conditions	Generally Aggravated by Exposure: - Preexisting dermal problems.					

E-765 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG (UD)

Page 3 of 4

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA (Continued)					
Emergency and First Aid Procedures:					
Eyes:	Flush with Water immediately for 15 minutes.				
	Call a Physician.				
Skin:	Wash thoroughly with mild soap and water				
Ingesti	on: Induce vomiting. Call a Physician.				

CAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE
l is Released or Spilled: - N/A
Dispose of in accordance with Local, State and Federal
Regulations in an Approved Land Fill.
Handling and Storage:
Keep sealed to avoid absorption of water from humid air
Keep away from heat.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES:						
Respiratory Protection (Speci	fy type):					
Ventilation Required	Local Exhaust:	Special:				
·	Recommended when curing	l N/A				
	Mechanical (General):					
	Recommended					
Protective Gloves:	Required: Rubber, vinyl or other OSHA	approved gloves.				
Eye Protection: -	Eye Safety Glasses					
Other Protective Clothing or						
Work / Hygienic Practices:	- Wash hands thoroughly after working,	and before				
<u> </u>	Esting or drinking.					

E-765 EPOXY GRAPHITE PREPREG (UD)

Page 4 of 4

DISCLAIMER

The information in this document is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, WE MAKE NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. Health and safety precautions in this data sheet may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The data in this MSDS relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or process.

SPECIAL COMMENTS:

All components of the E-765 Epoxy Resin prepreg are listed on the TSCA inventory.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

PARTETARY PRODUCER COMPANY 701 12TH STREET/ PO BOX 830 CARLSTADT, NJ 07072-0830

INFORMATION TRIMPROMM NO.: 201-438-3700 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.: 800-255-3924

PREPARATION DATE: 03/10/99 REPLACES DATE: 10/02/98

PREPARER: SU

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

TYPE II GREEN COMP & MIL-P-23377 EPOXY-POLYAMIDE PRIMER

PRIMER EPOXY GREEN /MOTAL

233772----

SECTION II - MAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

			*	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS			MINORE OR	
		ut. Descent	ALEPOSOR.	K LIMITE	DESIO-	PRESSURE	SVEPECTED	
CHERTICAL BANK	CAS MONORER	is then term	(TLT-THE)	(TLV-STEL)	MATTON	mag 28c	CYNCEROGER	31
	05 50 CC 05 CV 7 FT			*********				****
Active Principality	±0-00-0	0.14	1 PPM	3 PPK	MO	0.0	YES	12
	7440-47-3	10%	0.05 mg/ml	30 3370	200	0.0	124	177
STRUCTURE CRITCHIANT	7719-06-2	15%	.05 mg/m3	NOT ESTABL.	200	0.0	YES	*
SISATEM GRACOF NONORGANT MANEE	111-76-2	5 %	25 PPM EXCH	NOT RETAIL.	TES	0.6	187C	11
METRYL ETRYL REYCHE	78-91-1	30%	200 PPM	300 PFM	20	70.0	380	XX
GLYCOL ETKER	107-98-2	. 5%	100 PPM	150 PPM	390	10.5	M/O	¥
TOLOUGHE	108-E6-3	.90%	SO THE	150 FFM	1980	22.0	190	¥2
PREMOLUME DISTILATE (MAPTEL)	64742-89-8	P *	BOO PIM	400 YYM	100	25.0	200	1
THE SAME	1330-30-7	.71%	100 FW	150 100	100	10.0	2003	**

THE PROTOCO CONTAINS AND BE WORD MATERIALS STRUCT TO THE EXPOSITION REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING AND THE COMMITTY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACTS OF 1986 AND OF 40 CFR 372.

M.A. - NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE

1 172- 343 F

VAFOR DENSITY : IS MEAVIER THAN AIR

ODOR

: TYPICAL SOLVENT

EVAPORATION RATE: IN SLOWER THAN ETHER

APPEARANCE

1 THIN GREEN LIQUID

VOLATILE BY WEIGHT: 37.84

SOLUBILITY

VOLATILE BY VOLUME: 60.0%

PRODUCT DEMSITY : 10.9 LBS./GAL. (US)

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HALARD DATA

PLANCABILITY CLASSIFICATION:

FLASH POINT: 21 F (SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP) LELT 0.9 %

OSHA - FLANDOABLE LIQUID - CLASS IB

DOT - FLANMABLE LIQUID OR SOLID

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CARBON DIOXIDE DRY CHEMICAL FOAK

	·
	233772 03/10/99 PAGE:
	SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
İ	全球状性有多类点在工作工具加速电话状态的正常是显然是多类是非常不同的,并不可以使用的一种的一种的,但是不可以使用的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的一种的
	STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: AVOID BREATHING SOLVENT VAPOR RESURE ADROUATE VENTILATION. AVOID SPARKS, FLANTS, AND ANYTHING WHICH COULD CAUSE FIRE. BLINGWATE SOURCE OF SPILL IF YOU CAN DO SO WITHOUT RISK BY CLOSING VALVE, PLUGGING HOLE, BYOK. APPLY ABSORBENT INERT MATERIAL (SAND, DUST, VERNICULITE) TO SPILL. CLEAN SPILL WITH BRISTLE BROOMS. NON-SPARKING TOOLS, CLEAN DRY RAGS. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING SHOULD BE WORK.
	WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: SOAK LIQUIDS WITH SANDUST OR RAGS AND REMOVE. FLUSH WITH NATER IP POSSIBLE. AVOID SKIN CONTACT. DISPOSAL SHOULD BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE, AND PEDERAL REGULATIONS. DO NOT INCINERATE, CUT OR WELD EMPTY CONTAINERS. WHEN DISCARDED THIS MATERIAL IS A HASARDOUS WASTE. TRANSFER LIQUID TO CONTAINERS FOR RECOVERY OR DISPOSAL. EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE CODE FOOS HAZARDOUS WASTE CHARACTERISTICS. IGNITABILITY.
	SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION
	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NIOSH/OSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR TYPES SUITABLE FOR NATERIALS IN SECTION II RECOMMENDED. APPROVED CHEMICAL/MECHANICAL FILTERS RECOMMENDED WHEN VENTILATION IS RESTRICTED. PRECAUTIONS MUST BE TAKEN SO THAT PERSONS DO NOT BREATHE THE VAPORS OR HAVE CONTACT WITH EYES OR SKIM. PROTECT AGAINST EXPOSURE TO BOTH VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST.
	VENTILATION: SUPPLICIENT VENTILATION, IN VOLUME AND PATTERN, SECOLD BE PROVIDED TO REEP AIR CONTAMINATION BELOW CURRENT APPLICABLE OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT OR ACCRI'S TLV LIMIT. SOLVENT VAPORS SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM LOWER LEVELS OF WORK AREA AND IGNITION SOURCES SHOULD BE ELIMINATED.
	PROTECTIVE GLOVES: WEAR PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND GOGGLES.
):	BYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL GOGGLES WITH SIDE SHIELDS OR FACE SHIELD RECOMMENDED.
	other protective equipment: Use protective creams where skim contact is likely. Remove and wash contaminated clothing repore reuse.
:	HYGENIC PRACTICES: USE NORMAL HYGIENE PRACTICES DURING AND AFTER HANDLING THIS MATERIAL.
	SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECLUTIONS
	PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: DRUMS SHOULD BE GROUNDED WHEN BEING EMPTIED.
	OTHER PRECAUTIONS: PROVIDE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AGAINST FUNES GROERATED DURING BURNING

HEALTH: 3 FLAMMABILITY: 3

REACTIVITY: 0

PERSONAL PROTECTION: I

THE INFORMATION COMPAINED RESENT IS, TO THE BEST OF OUR PROMISED AND DELIEF, ACCURATE. SOMEYER, SINCE THE COMPITIONS OF TANDELIES AND USE AND EXTENDED OUR COMPANY, HE WAS NO CHARACTER OF RESULTS, AND ASSUME NO LIBERLY FOR DAMAGES INCOMPANY BY USE OF THIS MATERIAL. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO COMPANY HITE ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL LANS AND PROSPECTIONS.

мениникателиния пред 35001 октивательникателичности FORM 00169 скиницинатели

NYLESIYT SYLBIA DYLY SKERL

RANDOLPH PRODUCTS COMPANY 701 12TH STREET/ PO BOX 830 CARLSTADT, NJ 07072-0830

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. : 201-438-3700 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.: 800-255-3924

PREPARATION DATE: 03/10/99

REPLACES DATE: 10/02/98

PREPARER: SU

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

TYPE II GREEN COMP A MIL-P-23377 EPOXY-POLYANIDE PRIMER

PRIMER EPOXY CREEN /METAL

233772----

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

		Occupation Control of the Control of		STORELL		AYRON	ACTION CONT			
			WI. PERCENT	EXPOSURE LIKITS		DESIG-	PARAGULE.	EUEPECTED	EEC	
	CHERTOAL HAME	CAS MONRER	is less twan	(ILA-LIGE)	(TLV-STEL)	RATION	===Eg 20C			
				·				*****		
	LOSSOTTOMENTS	50-00-0	0.14	1 PPM	2 PPM	MO	0.0	YES	YES	
	CHROKIUK	7440-47-3	104	0.05 mg/m3	NO JUNO	300	0.0	YES	YZS	
	STRUCTURE CHROMATE	7785-06-2	1.5%	.05 mg/m3	NOT ESTABLE.	MO	0.0	TRO	Yala	
	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONORVYYL YTHER	111-76-2	5%	25 FFM BRIM	HOT ESTABL.	YES	0.6	160	XXE	
	MELIAT MINAT MELCHE	78-93-3	30%	200 PMM	300 FFM	760	70.0	1963	122	
,	ALYCOL ETEER	107-90-2	5%	100 PPK	150 PPM	190	10.9	MQ.	YES	
ĺ	LORGE CO.	101-05-3	.90%	SG PPM	150 FFE	300	22.0	1873	125	
•	PETROLUM DISTILATE (MAPERA)	64742-89-8	24	100 PPM	400 PPM	160	26.0	970	WO	
	XAT WORK	1330-20-7	.71%	100 PPM	150 PPM	30	10.0	MO.	YES	

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS ONE OR NORS MATERIALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 11] OF THE EMPROPHYT YEARDING AND THE COMMUNITY RECHT-TO-DOOM ACTS OF 1986 AND OF 40 CFA 372.

M.A. - NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION III - PEYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE

: 172~ 343 F

VAPOR DENSITY : IS HEAVIER THAN AIR EVAPORATION RATE: IS SLOWER THAN ETHER

APPHARAMCE

ODOR

: TYPICAL SOLVENT : THIN GREEN LIQUID

VOLATILE BY WEIGHT: 37.8% VOLATILE BY VOLUME: 60.0%

POLUBILITY PRODUCT DENSITY : 10.9 LBS./GAL. (US)

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLANDABILITY CLASSIFICATION:

FLASE POINT: 21 F (SETAPLASH CLOSED CUP) UEL: 12.7 %

OSHA - PLANMABLE LIQUID - CLASS IN

DOT - FLANMARIE LIQUID OR SOLID

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CARBON DIOXIDE DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

\$P\$电影和张克里里的现在分词是这种的情况是是不是不是不是的情况的。

233772---- - 03/10/99

PAGE 2

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION EXERCICATED DATA

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND OPEN FLAME. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CLOSED CONTAINERS TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP AND POSSIBLE AUTOIGNITION OR EXPLOSION WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. REMOVE ALL HON-ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL FROM FIRE AREA. VAPOR IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND CAN TRAVEL CONSIDERABLE DISTANCES TO A SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASHBACK.

SPECIAL PIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: WATER STREAM WILL SPREAD FIRE, DO NOT USE WATER HOSE STREAM. FULL SUNKER GEAR IN FIRE AREA (HELMET WITH FACE SHIELD, BUNKER COAT, GLOVES, RUBBER BOOTS)

EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE: CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS ARE POSSIBLE FROM LONG TERM EXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLIDING DRYING, CRACKING AND IRRITATION OF THE SKIM. REACTS WITH SKIM FROTEIR AND MOISTURE AND CAUSE RASH, SCALING OR BLISTERING, HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY CAUSE BRADACHES AND DIZZINESS, ARE AMESTHETIC, AND MAY HAVE OTHER CENTRAL MERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS, INCLUDING DEATH. ABUSE OF TOLUBNE VAPORS CLEARLY INDICATE THAT TOLUBNE IS A DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICANT IT IS KNOWN IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE BARN.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PROME TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: PRE-EXISTING SENSITIVITY TO SOLVENTS CAN CAUSE A HEIGHTENED REACTION TO EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT. CONTACT LENS WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT PROVIDER REPORT HANDLING - CONSULT PHYSICIAN INMEDIATELY IF THERE IS THE CONTACT

TRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: DERMAL INHALATION

SURPRIENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES: IMBALATION: REMOVE TO FRESE AIR, RESTORE BREATHING. COMBULT A PHYSICIAN. SKIN CONTACT: FLUSE WITH WATER. SYS CONTACT: FLUSE IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF MATER. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. DO NOT INDUCE VONITING. KEEP PERSON WARM, QUIET AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SWALL AMOUNTS OF THE LIQUID ASPIRATED INTO THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DURING INGUSTION, OR FROM VONITING, MAY CAUSE CHEMICAL PREUMONIA OR PULMOSIARY EDEMA.

DECTION VI - REACTIVITY PATA

BECTION VI - REACTIVITY PATA

STABILITY: THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE UNDER NORMAL STORAGE COMDITIONS.

HARARDOUS POLYMERISATION: WILL NOT OCCUR UNDER MORMAL COMDITIONS.

BARARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: THERMAL DECOMPOSITION RELEASES CARBON MONOXIDE AND/OR-CARBON DIOXIDE.

COMDITIONS TO AVOID: AVOID STRONG OXIDISERS, ACIDS AND ALKALIES.

INCOMPATABILITY: NONE KNOWN.

11-07-2000

PIASECKI AIRCRA ESSINGTON, 965 PIASECKI AIRCRAFT CORP. WEST TERMINUS SECOND ST. ESSINGTON, PA 740209803 US

0007859FRPPSD43

PF-7035

SUBJECT: Material Safety Data Sheet

Dear MSDS Coordinator,

Enclosed, find the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) (MSDS) for the requested product(s). We have reviewed our products, conducted a hazard determination, and prepared MSDSs in compliance with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Our MSDSs also provide information on any toxic chemical subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA).

If this product, or any component of it, is considered to be hazardous or carcinogenic under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard or the WHMIS regulations, information is provided in Section 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS or in Section 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

You have received the MSDS because

- 1. You have ordered the products for the first time, or
- Your company reordered products where the MSDS has changed since you last ordered, or
- 3. You requested the MSDS.

If you have any questions, please contact your Sales Representative.

Sincerely yours,

Global Regulatory

PF7035 C

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

COMPANY INFORMATION

MSDS INFORMATION

Fiber Resin Corporation H.B. Fuller Company Subsidiary 20701 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 Phone: 818-882-3022 Preparation Date: 18 December 1998 Supersedes: 25 April 1995

Prepared By: Industrial Hygiene

OSHA PEL

ACGIH TLV

Phone Number: 651-236-5842

Phone: 818-882-3022 Fax: 818-709-0399

Medical Emergency Phone Number: 1-888-853-1758
Transport Emergency Phone Number (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Chemical/CAS Number

Product Name/Number: PF-7035 C, FR-7035 F/K, WWMAT .055-.065 PSF, 48"

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This Material Safety Data Sheet is prepared to comply with the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Unlisted ingredients are not 'hazardous' per the OSHA standard and/or are not found on the WHMIS ingredient disclosure list.

Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether 10-30% Not estab. Not estab. (1675-54-3)LD50: 11 gm/kg (oral,rat) LC50: No data found Diuron (330-54-1) 1-5% 10 mg/M3 10 mg/M3 LD50: 1017 mg/kg (oral, rat) LC50: No data found Epoxy resin 30-50% Not estab. Not estab. Resorcinol diglycidyl ether Not estab. Not estab. (101 - 90 - 6)LD50: 2570 mg/kg (oral, rat) LC50: No data found

Percent

See Section 16 for additional information.

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Vapors/fumes may be irritating at application temperatures. Potential skin sensitizer

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eyes: Vapors and fumes released at or above application temperatures may cause irritation.

Skin: Epoxy resins are potential skin sensitizers.

Inhalation: Vapors and fumes may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Overexposure may cause headaches and dizziness.

Ingestion: Not an anticipated route of exposure. Harmful if swallowed.

Chronic: No anticipated chronic effects.

REGULATED CARCINOGEN STATUS: Unless noted below, this product does not contain regulated levels of NTP, IARC, ACGIH or OSHA listed carcinogens.

Resorcinol diglycidyl ether is listed as a potential carcinogen by NTP and IARC.

Existing Health Conditions Affected by Exposure: No known effects on other illnesses.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

- If in eye: Flush immediately with water for 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.
- If on skin: Wash affected area with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
- If vapors inhaled: Remove subject to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms persist.
- If ingested: If person can swallow, give one glass of water or milk.

 Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

 Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point/Method: > 200 degrees F Cleveland Closed Cup (93 C)

Upper Explosive Limit/Lower Explosive Limit: Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable

Appropriate Extinguishers: Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None known.

Hazardous Combustion Product: Incomplete combustion can yield low molecular weight hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide, hydrogen chloride, phosgene, nitrogen compounds

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Procedures: Not anticapated to occur as supplied.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION

Wear appropriate protective equipment when working with this product.

STORAGE INFORMATION

Consult the Technical Data Sheet for specific storage instructions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection: Safety glasses.

Skin Protection: Prevent contact by using rubber gloves and appropriate protective clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if conditions warrant.

Ventilation: General dilution ventilation.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

Color:

Characteristic color

Characteristic odor

Characteristic odor

Not established

Weight per Gallon:

Specific Gravity:

Solids by Weight:

Not established

Not established

pH: Not applicable (as supplied)
Boiling Range: Not applicable (as supplied)

Freezing/Melting Point: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure: Not established
Vapor Density: Not applicable
Evaporation Rate: Not applicable

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable Water/Oil Partition Coefficient: Not established

VOC: Not established

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Incompatibility: Not established

Hazardous Decomposition:
Nitrogen compounds
Hydrogen chloride, phosgene

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not meet the definition of hazardous waste under the U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261. Disposal via incineration at an approved facility is recommended. Consult state, local or provincial authorities for more restrictive requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Carbon dioxide, solid (Material packed in

dry ice)

DOT Hazard Class/I.D. Code: 9, UN1845
DOT Label: Misc 9
DOT Packaging Group: III

It is our opinion that the information provided here may be used to transport this product in compliance with Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

FEDERAL

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Section 4 - Test Rule

This product contains a chemical substance that is subject to a Section 4 Test Rule.

Contact the company TSCA Compliance Manager at 651/236-5858 for the identity of the Section 4 chemical(s).

Section 8(b) - Inventory Status

This product is in compliance with the Toxic Substances Control Act's Inventory requirements.

Section 12(b) - Export Notice Requirements

This product contains a chemical substance that is currently on the EPA's Section 12(b) Export List. Within seven days of entering into a contract to export and certainly no later than the day of export, the agent of export must notify the EPA of their intent.

Contact the company TSCA Compliance Manager at 651/236-5858 for the identity of the Section 12(b) chemical(s).

SARA TITLE III

Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent	
Diglycidyl resorcinol ether	101-90-6	1-5%	
Diuron	330-54-1	1-5%	

STATE REGULATIONS

California Proposition 65: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer (c) or reproductive (r) damage.

<0.0009% Acrylonitrile (c) 107-13-1 listed July 1, 1987

<0.0042% Benzene (c) 71-43-2
listed February 27, 1987
<0.0001% Epichlorohydrin (c) (r) 106-89-8
listed October 1, 1987
<1.5195% Diglycidyl resorcinol ether (c) 101-90-6
listed July 1, 1989
<0.0082% 4-Vinylcyclohexene (c) 100-40-3
listed May 1, 1996</pre>

WHMIS IDENTIFICATION/OTHER INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

d2b

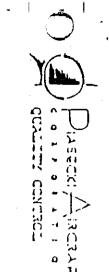
SECTION 16: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS RATING

Health-2 Flammability-1 Reactivity-0

See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for personal protective equipment recommendations.

The information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate. Because some of the information is derived from information provided to Fiber Resin Corporation from its suppliers, and because Fiber Resin Corporation has no control over the conditions of handling and use, Fiber Resin Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. The information is supplied solely for your information and consideration, and Fiber Resin Corporation assumes no responsibility for use or reliance thereon. It is the responsibility of the user of Fiber Resin Corporation products to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.



SANCE STATE OF STATE SECOND STREET,

ಕ

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

KRYLON Sprayon

BEERWIN-WILLIAMS
DIVERSIFIED BRANDS, INC.
EXTLONORMATION INSUSTAIN PRODUCTS
\$1500 SOLON ROAD
SOLON, OH 44150

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. (118) 566-2517

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

(880) 247-3266 SPRATON PROSPUTALL C195

DATE OF PREPARATION 17 - Aug - 98

€1991 The Sherwin-Williams (

Industrial Maintenance

PR

CAS No.	ECTION II— NAZAROGUS BIGNEDIENT (Inventor by weight)	ACSSI TLY «STEL»	PEL 12781	. Unite	Vapor Procuso (mn 19)	Al Puspono Paragan	All Purposes Video	Al Purpose Flecti	Russian Bensara	At Pagest Gray	All Puppers Made Brown	All Purpose Ciray
74-98-4	Propers		1000	PPM	760.D	17	16	16	18	17	16	16
84742-89-8	V. M. S.P. Naphtha	300	300	PPM	120	4	4	5	3.	4	3	3
106-66-3	Terusne	54	120	4214 (B)do) 22.C	23	23	25	27	20	27	26
78-83-1	2-Maihyi-1-preparal	54	50	PPM	8.7	. 2	2	2	5		2	2
87-84-1	Agenens	758 <1000 a	750	PPM	190.0	33	23	39	33	33	32	33
14607-96-5	Talc	Z	2		as Resp. Dust	7	7	7	7	•	7	7
13463-47-7	Tilanium Diazido	10	10(5)		at Resp.	8	6					1
	Weight per Gallon (lbs.)					6.89	6.10	6.73	6.79	6.30	679	6.73
VOC as a percent by weight per BAAGMO fluis 49			48.4	48.3	49,0	48.6	4E.2	44.6	48.2			
	VOC (Vatalile Organic Compounds) Total - the Jeal				2.12	3.19	3.90	3.29	3.91	1,29	3.27	
	HM & INFPA) Rating (health-	Abarretili:	Y - 194	Helle)		240	240	240	240	240	240	240

Ingredient subject to the reporting requirements of the Separtual Amendments and Peguitionization Act (SARA) Section 313 40 CFR 372 55 C

Section VI — SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

CATCH TO AR FAMILY 19 CASE MATTRICLE IS AREAGAIN ON STRICTOR IN INCIT ABOUT NOT.

Makes 111 watered of ignation, vancilate and remove with incit about Not.

MATTRICLE MATTRICL MATTRICLE MATTRICLE AND ABOUT AND ABOUT THE BRANCE CRASHWALLES AND MALE FOR LINES BETWEEN 18 NATIONAL AS CAN ASI. Neated mant be lasted daried billing to december the upplicable fifth about mantricle matters.

The same incidence characters mantricle container. Company of its accordance with Paderal State, and Local Copulations requirisms pullivities.

Section VIII - PROTECTION INFORMATION

the maly all adequate ventilation, avoid breathing vapor and agray airl. Avoid traited to this like and early airl.

This like and eyes hash bands affect thing.

There contains may remain accordate the animance particulate liketed to but, in factors II, which may be present at hacked leads each daring annion; at abrediang at the agreed file. If no adjustific leads are liketed in Bestian II, the applicable limits for watering at the state or Mills the bus in temperature in Bestian is an indicate for watering states and water is no related for the state of the

Local subsuit priderable. Denois urbania naragidate if the amproure to materials in interior line. In the amproure to materials in interior is a section of the section of

House properties. Par secrets application of astroic products where existed stan sentant is expected. Par lamp or repeated contact, went chemical resistant bloves for emphicisals

wese astacy apartments with usperforted olderkalds.

SACRED IX - PRECALITIONS

Contaction for the founds for absoluting and protects

Contacts are attractive for absolutely. Now some from here, upacks, and notes than.

Supers will accomplist remainly and may habite memberable by

Survey and mainly all velocity from the form manifested. To rat made
Extraolation of frames, palest tiphes, and hencems: From and dispuss, alesteds and

contacts offer code. Whe superson of agreeters: From all dispuss, alesteds and

contacts offer code. Whe superson framing and providing procedures.

Contacts offer code. Whe superson to now positive, inclinated, at impositive above

contacted to fine analysis, reflected, showns, but water, and where courses could asset

contacted to fine analysis. The fact takes interestly, Koop out at the react of children.

PRINT PAINTENES. Incentional planes by fallbacataly contained and inhaling the contents and be REDAVII or fetal.

Sector X -- OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

collynamic follows: 1985 and 1985 contain charteals bacen to the State of California to tours commen. Including discourse and other representative were

THE CONTINUES

All characals in these products are listed, or ore exempt from listing, on the TACA

The above infermations particles to those products as currently formulated, and is based on the standards and sales that the control should be a third that products are other ladditures at these products are businessed by a first control to comparate and furnished at the product. Since confictions are the other ladder of the product. Since confictions are two and endades our restrict, we make our particle we pake our between the confictions and the other confictions.

Section IR - PHYSICAL DATA

· Pastar than Ather · Hastier than Lis · H.A.

Sector (V — FIME AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA PRODET MODET - Am TANA INSTITY GRAFTS - C.B.-Q 13 ROTALM AMERIC - cG-13 'P SELMPLITY IN ARIM - N B.

FLAMMANITY (LASSICIONEM NASS PORT Entrebally Homeskie, Flack below 21 18

Corbes Binails. Any Chaples! Feed Corresponds to the agent these Closed containers asy include 1/10 and 5075/5755 paidles.

[Griels food bail, electrical employees, sports, and upon these Closed containers asy include the food to the build of at general was aspected to marrame hear. Application to be printed and examples the containers are suited for a strength to movement the food to the food to the food of the containers of the food
Section V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

A SERVED OF Moffer by Especial Opposes may be by Interaction and on Atlant by Contact, depending an To similar amplement Collar restmendations for proper and, vertibation, ACUTE Health Magneta

Includion of opticional and comparation, they make directly directly districts.

Includion of opticional and comparations and possibly decid,

Includion of opticional and inspections and possibly decid.

Includion of projects of opticional and long of confidence are inclinated at the same and forther are against the same and long of the same and include the same and long of the same a

To improdict in these products is an TARC, ATP or ASBA (fature everloopen of the vertical party of the vertical section of the second or the second of the s

espektor tovals ate met attaidable in the modificae. Poperta hare depocioted espected and gretampse everopopise to selvents with peoplesse beain and marrous agitum depope.

Sector VI - REACT-VITY DATA

M5D5

Piasecki Aircraft Corp.

	14/2-1-	alm 4 A -					No.	64623	
		ninus of Seco ton, PA 190					P. O. Prepared	4-Jan-00	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ship Via Cheapest Way	x	Date due at Plasecki	-	
REIT LUBR	ICANTS				Terms: 2% 10 - Net 30	х	AUTHORIZATIO	4	
99 MEAR	NS RD		•		Other			FzWP	
VARMINIS	TER PA 18	3974			Plasecki Pays Freight	х	CONFIRMING OF		
		_			Vendor Pays Freight			YES	
ontract No.	(Supplementary Provi	lano Apply)	Inspection	Req No.		Deliver T	o:		
100019-00	C-0284		YES	Requisitioner	SHANKO	Plas	secki Aircraft Corp.		
occount No.			Job No.	To be used fo	rc ·	We	st Terminus of 2nd Stre	et	
310-0000			31	BLOCK TE	ST III	Ess	ington, PA. 19029		
Item No.	Quantity	ļ			Description	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Unit Cost	Total Cost
1	55GAL	DRUM O	F MOBIL DTE	HEAVY OR	EXTRA HEAVY OIL			274.27	274.27
		<u> </u>			•	_("	-A)		· .
2	55GAL	DRUM OF	F #10 WEIGH	T OIL			0 /	274.27	274.27
			•						
3	2	DRUM DE	EPOSIT					20.00	40.00
<u> </u>			·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				:					
	ļ	ļ							
		<u> </u>						•	<u> </u>
	-	ļ							
		 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 					
		<u> </u>	-						
								·	•
			<u></u>						
		ļ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
			T				Price:	\$58	8.54
<u> , ,</u>	 -						Tax:		
			<u></u>	·	<u>. 3</u>		Shipping & Handling TOTAL		8.54

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PURCHASING

Buyer



ACCOUNTING

VARMINSTER OFFICE:

9 Mearns Road, Warminster, PA 18974 -15) 674-1000 Fax: (215) 674-8860 -00 **27-1808



NOTTINGHAM OFFIC

15 Sylmar Road, Nottingham, P.A. 1936 (610) 932-2200 Apx: (610) 932-933 800-423-362

01/10/01 64623 00055933-00 610-521-5700 1 01/08/01 PIASECKI AIRCRAFT CORP. PIASECKI AIFCRAFT CORF. NET 30 DAYS TERMS: W. TERMINUS OF SECOND ST. W. TERMINUS OF SECOND ST. · 669028-00 S.O. NUMBER: ESSINGTON **ESSINGTON** PA 19029 PA 19029

			11.8 TV 14.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.	
OUR TRUCK	10 WARMINSTER/HO	USE	10 WARMINSTER	
TAX EXEMPT NO:	MANUFACTURING		10 PA BUBINESS	
MOBIL DIE HEAVY 55	1.0 55 GAL DRUM BAL #98K563	1.0		
MODITELID MOBIL DIE LIGHT 55	1.0 55 GAL DRUM GAL #98J157	1.0		
SUBTÒTAL	60	**	A STATE OF THE STA	1 And
ORDE	ER - 1 T	S. Jan		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
	51' 4	ا ال		
() GNED: LOSAL O	PRINT: dose	SPH A-THEN	DIMB	

COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA'S HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD REQULATIONS, A MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST AT OUR OFFICE.

__liances remaining unpaid 30 (thirty) days after billing date are subject to a FINANCE CHARGE of 1-½% per month. (ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE 18%).

he FINANCE CHARGE will be computed monthly on the outstanding unpaid balance over 30 days old after crediting current payments.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA BULLETIN

MOBIL DTE OIL LIGHT

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

APPROVAL DATE: 04/15/98

PRODUCT NAME: MOBIL DTE OIL LIGHT

SUPPLIER: MOBIL OIL CORP.

NORTH AMERICA MARKETING AND REFINING

3225 GALLOWS RD. FAIRFAX, VA 22037

24 - Hour Emergency (call collect): 609-737-4411

Product and MSDS Information: 800-662-4525 609-224-4644

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 202-483-7616

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAMES AND SYNONYMS: PET. HYDROCARBONS AND ADDITIVES

INGREDIENTS CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH:

This product is not formulated to contain ingredients which have exposure limits established by U.S. agencies. It is not hazardous to health as defined by the European Union Dangerous Substances/Preparations Directives. See Section 15 for a regulatory analysis of the ingredients.

See Section 15 for European Label Information.

See Section 8 for exposure limits (if applicable).

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

US OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: Product assessed in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and determined not to be hazardous.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: No significant effects expected.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE DATA: Light Amber Liquid. DOT ERG No. - NA

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash contact areas with soap and water.

INHALATION: Not expected to be a problem.

INGESTION: Not expected to be a problem. However, if greater than 1/2

liter (pint) ingested, seek medical attention.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION: No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

EYE PROTECTION: Normal industrial eye protection practices should be employed.

SKIN PROTECTION: No special equipment required. However, good personal hygiene practices should always be followed.

EXPOSURE LIMITS: This product does not contain any components which have recognized exposure limits. However, a exposure limit of 5.00 mg/m3 is suggested for oil mist.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical physical properties are given below. Consult Product Data Sheet for specific details.

APPEARANCE: Liquid COLOR: Light Amber

ODOR: Mild

ODOR THRESHOLD-ppm: NE

pH: NA

BOILING POINT C(F): > 316(600)

MELTING POINT C(F): NA

FLASH POINT C(F): > 207(405) (ASTM D-92)

FLAMMABILITY: NE

AUTO FLAMMABILITY: NE EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES: NA OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: NA

VAPOR PRESSURE-mmHg 20 C: < 0.1

VAPOR DENSITY: > 2.0 EVAPORATION RATE: NE

RELATIVE DENSITY, 15/4 C: 0.87 SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible

PARTITION COEFFICIENT: > 3.5

VISCOSITY AT 40 C, cSt: > 28.8 VISCOSITY AT 100 C, cSt: 5.1

POUR POINT C(F): -7(20)

FREEZING POINT C(F): NE

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND: NA

NA=NOT APPLICABLE NE=NOT ESTABLISHED D=DECOMPOSES

FOR FURTHER TECHNICAL INFORMATION, CONTACT YOUR MARKETING REPRESENTATIVE

11. TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

---ACUTE TOXICOLOGY---

- ORAL TOXICITY (RATS): Practically non-toxic (LD50: greater than 2000 mg/kg). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- DERMAL TOXICITY (RABBITS): Practically non-toxic (LD50: greater than 2000 mg/kg). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- INHALATION TOXICITY (RATS): Not applicable ---Harmful concentrations of mists and/or vapors are unlikely to be encountered through any customary or reasonably foreseeable handling, use, or misuse of this product.
- EYE IRRITATION (RABBITS): Practically non-irritating. (Draize score: 0 or greater but 6 or less). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- SKIN IRRITATION (RABBITS): Practically non-irritating. (Primary Irritation Index: 0.5 or less). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- OTHER ACUTE TOXICITY DATA: The acute toxicological results summarized above are based on testing of representative Mobil products. Representative Mobil formulations have shown no acute effects, administered via the inhalation route, when tested at maximum attainable oil mist or vapor concentrations.

--- SUBCHRONIC TOXICOLOGY (SUMMARY) ---

Representative Mobil formulations have been tested at the Mobil Environmental and Health Sciences Laboratory by dermal applications to rats 5 days/week for 90 days at doses significantly higher than those expected during normal industrial exposure. Extensive evaluations, including microscopic examination of internal organs and clinical chemistry of body fluids, showed no adverse effects.

---REPRODUCTIVE TOXICOLOGY (SUMMARY)---

Dermal exposure of pregnant rats to representative formulations did not cause adverse effects in either the mothers or their offspring.

--- CHRONIC TOXICOLOGY (SUMMARY) ---

The base oils in this product are severely solvent refined and/or severely hydrotreated. Chronic mouse skin painting studies of severely treated oils showed no evidence of carcinogenic effects. These results are confirmed on a continuing basis using various screening methods such as the Mobil Modified Ames Test and IP-346.

--- SENSITIZATION (SUMMARY) ---

Representative Mobil formulations have not caused skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Governmental Inventory Status: All components comply with TSCA and DSL.

EU Labeling: EU labeling not required.

U.S. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III: This product contains no "EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES".

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: None.

This product contains no chemicals reportable under SARA (313) toxic release program.

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY USDA FOR USE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CATEGORY: H2 - Lubricants With No Food Contact

The following product ingredients are cited on the lists below:

CHEMICAL NAME

CAS NUMBER

LIST CITATIONS

TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (0.05%)

PHOSPHORODITHOIC ACID, 0,0-DI

68649-42-3

C1-14-ALKYL ESTERS, ZINC SALTS (2:

1) (ZDDP) (0.07%)

--- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED ---

1=ACGIH ALL	6=IARC 1	11=TSCA 4	16=CA P65 CARC	21=LA RTK
2=ACGIH A1	7=IARC 2A	12=TSCA 5a2	17=CA P65 REPRO	22=MI 293
3=ACGIH A2	8=IARC 2B	13=TSCA 5e	18=CA RTK	23=MN RTK
4=NTP CARC	9=OSHA CARC	14=TSCA 6	19=FL RTK	24=NJ RTK
5=NTP SUS	10=OSHA Z	15=TSCA 12b	20=IL RTK	25=PA RTK
				26=RI RTK

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; SUS=Suspected Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA BULLETIN

MOBIL DTE OIL HEAVY

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

APPROVAL DATE: 04/15/98

PRODUCT NAME: MOBIL DTE OIL HEAVY

SUPPLIER: MOBIL OIL CORP.

NORTH AMERICA MARKETING AND REFINING

3225 GALLOWS RD. FAIRFAX, VA 22037

24 - Hour Emergency (call collect): 609-737-4411

800-662-4525 609-224-4644

Product and MSDS Information: CHEMTREC:

800-424-9300

202-483-7616

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAMES AND SYNONYMS: PET. HYDROCARBONS AND ADDITIVES

INGREDIENTS CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH:

This product is not formulated to contain ingredients which have exposure limits established by U.S. agencies. It is not hazardous to health as defined by the European Union Dangerous Substances/Preparations Directives. See Section 15 for a regulatory analysis of the ingredients.

See Section 15 for European Label Information.

See Section 8 for exposure limits (if applicable).

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

US OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: Product assessed in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and determined not to be hazardous. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: No significant effects expected. EMERGENCY RESPONSE DATA: Amber Liquid. DOT ERG No. - NA

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash contact areas with soap and water.

INHALATION: Not expected to be a problem.

INGESTION: Not expected to be a problem. However, if greater than 1/2 liter (pint) ingested, seek medical attention.

Revision Date: 28/10/98, MOBIL DTE OIL HEAVY - Page: 1 01/16/99

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical and water fog. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water or foam may cause frothing.

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposure. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: For fires in enclosed areas, fire fighters must use self-contained breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None. Flash Point C(F): >
210(410) (ASTM D-92). Flammable limits - LEL: NA, UEL: NA.
NFPA HAZARD ID: Health: 0, Flammability: 1, Reactivity: 0
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide. Elemental oxides.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES: Report spills as required to appropriate authorities. U. S. Coast Guard regulations require immediate reporting of spills that could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. Report spill to Coast Guard toll free number (800) 424-8802. In case of accident or road spill notify CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

PROCEDURES IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Adsorb on fire retardant treated sawdust, diatomaceous earth, etc. Shovel up and dispose of at an appropriate waste disposal facility in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Prevent spills from entering storm sewers or drains and contact with soil.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: See Section 8

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: No special precautions are necessary beyond normal good hygiene practices. See Section 8 for additional personal protection advice when handling this product.

STORAGE: Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Store away from strong oxidizing agents or combustible material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION: No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

EYE PROTECTION: Normal industrial eye protection practices should be employed.

SKIN PROTECTION: No special equipment required. However, good personal hygiene practices should always be followed.

EXPOSURE LIMITS: This product does not contain any components which have recognized exposure limits. However, a exposure limit of 5.00 mg/m3 is suggested for oil mist.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical physical properties are given below. Consult Product Data Sheet for specific details.

APPEARANCE: Liquid

COLOR: Amber ODOR: Mild

ODOR THRESHOLD-ppm: NE

pH: NA

BOILING POINT C(F): > 316(600)

MELTING POINT C(F): NA

FLASH POINT C(F): > 210(410) (ASTM D-92)

FLAMMABILITY: NE

AUTO FLAMMABILITY: NE EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES: NA OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: NA

VAPOR PRESSURE-mmHg 20 C: < 0.1

VAPOR DENSITY: > 2.0 EVAPORATION RATE: NE

RELATIVE DENSITY, 15/4 C: 0.88 SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible PARTITION COEFFICIENT: > 3.5 VISCOSITY AT 40 C, cSt: > 90.0 VISCOSITY AT 100 C, cSt: 11.4

POUR POINT C(F): -7(20)
FREEZING POINT C(F): NE
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND: NA

TILE ORGANIC COMPOUND: NA

NA=NOT APPLICABLE NE=NOT ESTABLISHED D=DECOMPOSES

4

FOR FURTHER TECHNICAL INFORMATION, CONTACT YOUR MARKETING REPRESENTATIVE

Revision Date: 28/10/98, MOBIL DTE OIL HEAVY - Page: 3 01/16/99

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY (THERMAL, LIGHT, ETC.): Stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Extreme heat.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Strong oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide. Elemental oxides.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

---ACUTE TOXICOLOGY---

- ORAL TOXICITY (RATS): Practically non-toxic (LD50: greater than 2000 mg/kg). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- DERMAL TOXICITY (RABBITS): Practically non-toxic (LD50: greater than 2000 mg/kg). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- INHALATION TOXICITY (RATS): Not applicable ---Harmful concentrations of mists and/or vapors are unlikely to be encountered through any customary or reasonably foreseeable handling, use, or misuse of this product.
- EYE IRRITATION (RABBITS): Practically non-irritating. (Draize score: 0 or greater but 6 or less). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- SKIN IRRITATION (RABBITS): Practically non-irritating. (Primary Irritation Index: 0.5 or less). ---Based on testing of similar products and/or the components.
- OTHER ACUTE TOXICITY DATA: The acute toxicological results summarized above are based on testing of representative Mobil products. Representative Mobil formulations have shown no acute effects, administered via the inhalation route, when tested at maximum attainable oil mist or vapor concentrations.

--- SUBCHRONIC TOXICOLOGY (SUMMARY) ---

Representative Mobil formulations have been tested at the Mobil Environmental and Health Sciences Laboratory by dermal applications to rats 5 days/week for 90 days at doses significantly higher than those expected during normal industrial exposure. Extensive evaluations, including microscopic examination of internal organs and clinical chemistry of body fluids, showed no adverse effects.

---REPRODUCTIVE TOXICOLOGY (SUMMARY) ---

Dermal exposure of pregnant rats to representative formulations did not cause adverse effects in either the mothers or their offspring.

--- CHRONIC TOXICOLOGY (SUMMARY) ---

The base oils in this product are severely solvent refined and/or severely hydrotreated. Chronic mouse skin painting studies of severely treated oils showed no evidence of carcinogenic effects. These results are confirmed on a continuing basis using various screening methods such as the Mobil Modified Ames Test and IP-346.

---SENSITIZATION (SUMMARY)---

Representative Mobil formulations have not caused skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND EFFECTS: This product is expected to be inherently biodegradable. There is no evidence to suggest bioaccumulation will occur.

Acute LC/EC50 Fish: Juvenile Rainbow Trout: Practically non-toxic ---Based on test

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration. Such burning may be limited pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. In addition, the product is suitable for processing by an approved recycling facility or can be disposed of at an appropriate government waste disposal facility. Use of these methods is subject to user compliance with applicable laws and regulations and consideration of product characteristics at time of disposal.

RCRA INFORMATION: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

USA DOT: NOT REGULATED BY USA DOT.

RID/ADR: NOT REGULATED BY RID/ADR.

IMO: NOT REGULATED BY IMO.

IATA: NOT REGULATED BY IATA.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Governmental Inventory Status: All components comply with TSCA and DSL.

EU Labeling: EU labeling not required.

U.S. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III: This product contains no "EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES".

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: None.

This product contains no chemicals reportable under SARA (313) toxic release program.

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY USDA FOR USE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CATEGORY: H2 - Lubricants With No Food Contact

The following product ingredients are cited on the lists below: CAS NUMBER CHEMICAL NAME LIST CITATIONS 22 -TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (0.07%) 1330-78-5 ZINC (ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS) (0.01%) 7440-66-6 22 PHOSPHORODITHOIC ACID, O,O-DI 68649-42-3 22 C1-14-ALKYL ESTERS, ZINC SALTS (2: 1) (ZDDP) (0.10%)

--- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED ---

1=ACGIH ALL	6=IARC 1	11=TSCA 4	16=CA P65 CARC	21=LA RTK
2=ACGIH A1	7=IARC 2A	12=TSCA 5a2	17=CA P65 REPRO	22=MI 293
3=ACGIH A2	8=IARC 2B	13=TSCA 5e	18=CA RTK	23=MN RTK
4=NTP CARC	9=OSHA CARC	14=TSCA 6	19=FL RTK	24=NJ RTK
5=NTP SUS	10=OSHA Z	15=TSCA 12b	20=IL RTK	25=PA RTK
			•	26=RI RTK

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; SUS=Suspected Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

16. OTHER INFORMATION

USE: STEAM TURBINE OIL

NOTE: MOBIL PRODUCTS ARE NOT FORMULATED TO CONTAIN PCBS.

Please call the Customer Response Center on 800-662-4525 for formulation disclosure.

Information given herein is offered in good faith as accurate, but without guarantee. Conditions of use and suitability of the product for particular uses are beyond our control; all risks of use of the product are therefore assumed by the user and WE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF EVERY KIND AND NATURE, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IN RESPECT TO THE USE OR SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT. Nothing is intended as a recommendation for uses which infringe valid patents or as extending license under valid patents. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited. Except to the extent required by law, republication or retransmission of this document, in whole or in part, is not permitted. Mobil assumes no responsibility for accuracy of information unless the document is the most current available from an official Mobil distribution system. Mobil neither represents nor warrants that the format, content or product formulas contained in this document comply with the laws of any other country except the United States of America.

Copyright 1996 Mobil Corporation, All rights reserved

END OF DOCUMENT



PIASECKI AIRCRAFT

QUALITY CONTROL WEST TERMINUS SECOND STREET ESSINGTON, PA 19029

		11-19-01	DATE		<u> </u>		VENDOR
SHIPPING POINT SHIPPING POINT DESCRIPTION	64623	P.O. NO.	·				
SHIPPING POINT SHIPPING POINT DESCRIPTION		CONT. NO.	3	REIT LUBRICANT	FROM	RECEIVE	
SHIPPING POINT JOB NO BLOCK. TEST CARRIER NO. YENDOR. ITEM QUAN. DESCRIPTION DEFECTIVE DISPOSITION ORD J RECEIVED ONE S.CGR. DRUM OF MOBIL DTE HEAVY OR EXTRO HEBVY OIL DRUM OF MOBIL DTE 10 WEIGHT OIL TWO PRUM DEFOSIT: \$2000 EACH. DELIVER TO: /// SPECTION ORD ORD ORD ORD ORD ORD ORD O						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TITEM QUAN. DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION ORD			P.S. NO.				
TITEM QUAN. DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION ORD	STIII	BLOCK T	JOB NO.			POINT	SHIPPING
DESCRIPTION DEFECTIVE DISPOSITION ORD I RECEINED ONE S.C. GR. DRUM OF MOBIL DIE HEAVY OR EXTRO HEAVY OIL. 2 I RECEINED ONE SS GALLON DRUM OF MOBIL DIE TWO DRUM DEFOSIT. \$20.07 EACH. DELIVER TO: ///S PECTION ORD ORD ORD ORD ORD ORD ORD O						<u> </u>	······
DRUM DE MOBIL DE HE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE	ACK RDER	DISPOSITION			DESCRIPTION	QUAN.	ITEM
DRUMI DE MOBIL. DIE HE AVY OR EXTRO HEAVY OIL. OIL. RECEINED ONE SS GALLON DRVM DE MOBIL. DIE 10 WEIGHT OIL TWO DRUM DEPOSIT. 2000 EQCH. DELIVER TO: /NSPECTION ORDER COMPLETE. REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE	-			SS GAL	RECEIVED ONE	1	1
HEAVY OR EXTRÓ HEAVY OIL OIL RECEIVED ONE SS GALLOW DRUM OF MOBIL DTE TO WEIGHT OIL TWO DRUM DEPOSIT: 2000 FACH. DELIVER TO: ///SPECTION CRUBR COMPLETIS. SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE					_		•
2 1 RECEIVED ONE SS GALLON DRUM OF MOBIL. DTE 10 WEIGHT OIL TWO DRUM DEPOSIT. 20.07 EACH. DELIVER TO: ///SPECTION ORDER COMPLETE. SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE				4			
DRUM OF MOBIL. DTE 10 WEIGHT OIL TWO DRUM DEPOSIT: 20.07 EACH. DELIVER TO: /N.SPECTION COMPLETE. REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE					014		
DRUM OF MOBIL. DTE JO WEIGHT OIL TWO DRUM DEPOSIT: 20.07 EACH. DELIVER TO: /N.SPECTION COMPLETE. REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE							
DRUM OF MOBIL. DTE 10 WEIGHT OIL TWO DRUM DEPOSIT: 20.07 EACH. DELIVER TO: /N.SPECTION COMPLETE. REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	S GALLON	RECEIVED ONE S	<u> </u>	2
DELIVER TO: /N.S.P.E.C.TIO.N. DELIVER TO: /N.S.P.E.C.TIO.N. ORDER COMPLETE. REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE		7.			, -		
DELIVER TO: ///SPECTION DELIVER TO: ///SPECTION ORDER COMPLETE. SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE			4	:	JO WEIGHT OIL		
DELIVER TO: ///SPECTION DELIVER TO: ///SPECTION ORDER COMPLETE. SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE							
DELIVER TO: //SPECTION ORDER COMPLETE. REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE				17:	"Two DRUM DEPOS		
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE					\$20.00 EACH.		·
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE				·			
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE							
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE		ļ					
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE							
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE							
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED INVOICE CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE		ORDE	· •	-	IS DECTION	TO: / A	DELIVER
REMARKS: SERIAL CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DI RCIVOIA	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	D
SERIAL CHECKED DATE APPROVED FOR PAYMENT: DATE	<u> </u>	OFFER					REMARK
	·					<u></u>	* *************************************
	E	PAYMENT: D	APPROVED FOR F	DATE	1	ECKED	
SEAL COMPANY RECEIVED BY: DATE GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR: DATE	E	SPECTOR: D	GOVERNMENT IN		RECEIVED BY:	PANY	
FORM QC-114 M:50/FORMS/MATERIAL RECEIPT MATERIAL REC				11-18-01	The French and	 	INSPEC

- 0065129571 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SEEET (MSDS) This MSDS should be attached or kept with the respective product with which it is associated. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET - 78M01 Associated Grainger Items 43577 42877 3/8 INDUSTRIES, INC. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PRODUCT NAMED VACUUM PUMP OIL DVO-6-4, DVO-12-12, DVO-24-6, DVO-55 DATE ISSUED: MARCE 1, 1995 CAS NO. COMPLEX MIXTURE N/A SECTION I - LOCATION COMPANY: 3/B INDUSTRIES INC. LOCATION: 601 M. PARMSWORTH AVE. AURORA, IL 60507 - INTERCEMENT TELEPHONE NUMBER: 706/851-9444 SECTION II - CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AME: PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL FORMULA: N/A MANAGEDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE AND SULFUR OXIDES FROM BURNING INCOMPATIBILITY (REEP AWAY FROM): STRONG OXIDIXERS SUCH AS HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, BROWING AND CHROMIC ACID TORIC AND HASARDOUS INGREDIENTS: NOWE FORM: LIQUID APPEARANCE: VISCOUS LIQUID SPECIFIC GRAVITY (WATER=1): 0.88 MELTING POINT: <-10 C (20 F) __ WOLATILE: 0 VAPOR PRESSURE: 0

PE: N/A

VISCOSITY SUS AT 100 F: 200

ODOR: BLAND PETROLEUM

COLOR: LIGHT AMBER LIQUID

BOILING POINT: >350 C (700 F)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 0 AT 20 C

EVAPORATION RATE: 0

DEMETT: <1

STRELLTY: STABLE UNDER MORNAL CONDITIONS

SECTION III - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

* SPECIAL FIRE PIGHTING PROCEDURES: DO NOT USE WATER EXCEPT AS POG UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HARARDS: NOWE PLASHPOINT: (METHOD USED) CLEVELAND OPEN CUP >250 C (425 F) FLANGIABLE LIMITS &: N/A EXTINGUISHING AGENTS: DRY CHMCICAL OR WATERFOG OR CO2 OR FOAM MATICUAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (MYPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION PLANOLABILITY MEALTH BEACTIVITY SECTION IV - MEALTH HAZARD DATA _____ MATARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HHIS) PLANOGABILITY REACTIVITY 1 PREMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS (AIR): IP USED IN APPLICATIONS WHERE A MIST MAY BE GENERATED, OBSERVE A TWA/PEL OF 5 MG/M3 FOR MINERAL OIL MIST (OSHA AND ACGIH) CEROMIC EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE: - PROLONGED OR REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE DERMATITIS (SKIN IRRITATION) SHE SECTION IN CONDENTS THOUSENICITY PROPERTIES: TARCY NO OSHAY NO EMERGRACY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES: MYES: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH LARGE QUARTITIES OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES AND CALL A PHYSICIAN. -- SKIN CONTACT: REMOVE EXCESS WITH CLOTH OR PAPER. WASH THOROUGHLY WITH SOAD IMMALATION: REMOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR. CALL A PHYSICIAM. EF SWALLOWED: CALL A PHTELCIAN IMMEDIATELY. DO NOT INDUCE VONCTING. (WOMITING MAY CAUSE ASPIRATION INTO LUNGS RESULTING IN CHEMICAL PHEUMONIA.) SECTION V - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION TENTILATION TYPE REQUIRED (LOCAL, MECHANICAL, SPECIAL): LOCAL IF MECESSARY TO MAINTAIN ALLOWABLE PHL (PERKISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT) OR TLY (TERRETOLD LIMIT VALUE) RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): THE HIGH/OSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR WITH ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE IF VAPOR CONCENTRATION EXCEEDS PERKISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT PROTECTIVE GLOVES: MEOPERME TYPE RIN PROTECTION: CHEMICAL SAFETY GOOGLES

OTHER PROTECTIVE BOUIFHENT: MONE

SECTION VI - NAMELING OF SPILLS OR LEAKS
PROCEDURES FOR CLEAN-Up:
TRANSFER BULK OF MIXTURE INTO AMOTHER CONTAINER. ARSONS RESIDUR MITH AM
MATERIAL SUCE AS MARTH, SAND, OR VERNICULITE. SHEEP UP AND DISPOSE AS
SOLID WASTE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND PEDERAL REGULATIONS.
WASTE DISPOSAL:
DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL
ENGULATIONS.
SECTION VII - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:
DO NOT MANDLE OR STORE AT TEMPERATURES OVER 65 C (150 F)
SECTION VIII - TRANSPORTATION DAYA
ACTION VIII - IMANDORIATION DATA
D.O.T.: NOT REGULATED
REPORTABLE QUANTITY: N/A
PRESCRIT CLASSIFICATION: PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL

- SECTION IX - COMMENTS

SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION NOTES: NOME

THE IMPORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED HERRIN ARE, TO THE BEST OF J/S

OF RELIABILITY, AND J/S INDUSTRIES INC. DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THEIR ACCURACY
OF RELIABILITY, AND J/S INDUSTRIES INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS OR
DANIAGE ARISING OUT OF THE USE TRRESOF.

THE INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE OFFERED FOR THE USER'S CONSIDERATION
AND EXAMINATION, AND IT IS THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SATISFY ITSELF THAT
... ARE SUITABLE AND COMPLETE FOR ITS PARTICULAR USE.

.

0085056317	Mith	rial Safet y data s	www (wens)	7		42849
This MSDS shou	ld be attached or ke			which it is ass	rociated.	
******************************	*********			********		*******************
IAL SAFFTY DATA SHEET - 78172		MAC	DOM	PUP	P	016
Associated Grainger Items		VII	DOPL	, .	'	_
42149			PN	7E	84	01L 9 65017
42849				_	0.	1017
DUAL PURPOSE VACUUM P	UNCP OIL		R	Ex-	PO	65001
MATERIAL SAFRTY DATA	SHEET		/			
SECTION : - COMPANY IDENTIFICATION						
PRODUCT: DUAL PURPOSE VACUUM PUMP OIL						
PACKED & DISTRIBUTED BY:						
VIRGINIA EMP CORPORATION						
4100 PLATÍNUM WAY						
DALLAS, TEXAS 75237						
CAT. NO.: L339, L340, L341, L342, L343						
THLEPRONE MUNICIPALS:						
OFFICE: 1-{214} 330-7731						
EMERGENCY ONLY: 1-(800) 424-9300						
SECTION II - HARARDOUS INGREDIENTS						
<i>C</i> >						
MASARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200)						
	EXPOSURE LIMITS:					
	OSKA PEL	WCGIH ALA				
MEANY PARAFFISIC DISTILLATE (CAS#64741-88-4)	NE	XX				
SINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE (CAS# 19210-06-1)	ME	W2				
SIRC DIALRYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE (CAS6 68457-79-4)	NE	373				
SECTION III - NASARDS IDENTIFICATIONS						

ENGRAPHICY OVERVIEW: CAUTION! STE AND SKIN IS	RITANT. MARMFUL IF	SWALLOWED.				
POTENTIAL MEALTH REFECTS:						
IMMALATION: UNLIRALY.						
HTE CONTACT: HYE INDITATION DEVELOPS INMEDIAT	TELY ON CONTACT.					
SETH CONTACT: CAUSES HILD SKIN IRRITATION.						
INGRESTION: CAUSER TERRITATION OF MOUTH AND STO	MACH. MAY CAUSE MA	USEA,				
VOMITING.						
CERONIC SFFECTS: NONE ESTABLISHED.						
MOTH:						
CARCINOGENICITY: LISTED IN MTP? NO IARC	C? NO OSEA RING	ULATED† NO				
F						

EMMALATION: REMOVE VICTIM TO PRESE AIR AND, IF MEEDED, IMMEDIATELY BEGIN ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. GIVE OXYGEN IF BREATHING IS LABORED. GET EMERGENCY

MEDICAL MELP. CONTACT A PRISCEAM IMMEDIATELY.

HYB COMPACT: FLUSH HYBS WITH WATHR FOR 15 MINUTES. GRT MEDICAL ATTEMPTION IF SYMPTOMS DEVELOP AND PERSIST.

CONTACT: PLUSH WITH WATER OR SOAP AND WATER FOR 15 MINUTES OR UNTIL ALL

BE HAVE BEEN REMOVED. SHEE MEDICAL ATTENTION IF STRUTOMS DEVELOP AND
PRESIST.

SECTION V - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMEABLE LIMITS: LOWER: ND UPPER: ND AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:

CHMERAL MARARD:

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: APPROACH FIRE FROM UPWIND SIDE. AVOID BREATHING
__SMORE, FUMES, MIST OR VAPORS ON THE DOWNWIND SIDE. FIREFIGHTERS WEAR
PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

EXTINUISHING MEDIA: DRY POWDER, CARRON DIOXIDE (CO2), MATER FOG OR SPRAY.

ENGARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: ACRID SMOKE, CO, CO2 AND TOXIC PUMES OF SOX,

ENG. POX.

- SECTION VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MAAGURES

LAND SPILL: EMERGENCY RESPONSE COORDINATOR MUST HAVE MANDATED TRAINING.

HATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. SMALL SPILLS: PICK UP WITH ABSORBENT

MATERIALS AND PLACE IN MON-LHARING CONTAINERS, SHAL TIGHTLY FOR PROPER

DISPOSAL OR REUSE. LARGE SPILLS: EVACUATE THE EALARD AREA OF UNPROTECTED

PERSONNEL. WHAR APPROPRIATE RESPIRATOR AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. SHUT OFF

SOURCE OF LEAK IF SAFE TO DO SO. DIKE AND CONTAIN. REMOVE WITH VACUUM TRUCKS

OR PUMP TO STORAGE/SALVAGE VESSELS.

WATER SPILL:

CLEAN UP LEAKS/SPILLS INDEDIATELY TO PERVENT SOIL OF NATER CONTAMINATION.

SECTION VII - NAMELING AND STORAGE

MANDLING: AVOID CONTACT WITH SELM, STEE AND CLOTHING. AFTER EARDLING THIS PRODUCT, WASH MANDE BEFORE BATING, DRINKING OR SMOKING. IF CONTACT OCCURS, MEMORE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. IF MEEDED, TAKE FIRST AND ACTION SHOWN IN SECTION IV. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHING REPORT REUSE.

STORAGE: STORE IN A COOL PLACE AWAY FROM IGNITION SOURCES. STORE AWAY FROM CHIDTENES.

SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESIDENCING CONTROLS: LOCAL EXPLANSY VENTILATION RECOGNISHDED.

PERSONAL PROTECTION: RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AND CERRICAL GLOVES NOT RESIDED

UNDER PROPER CONDITIONS OF USE. USE CREMICAL GOOGLES AND WEAR BOOTS, APRONS,

THE SECRETS, STE MASH AS MEETIND FOR PROTECTION AGAINST SPILLS AND/OR

HERE.

SECTION II - PHISICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

```
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20-1); 0.88
                                 EVAPORATION RATE (BUAC=1): ND
  SOLUBILITY IN WATER: MEGLIGIBLE
                                VOC: NO
 PR: XA
                                 FREELING POINT:
  MORETHG BOINT: 221C
     MANCE & ODOR: LIGHT AMBER LIQUID, OIL ODOR.
 SECTION X - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
 STABILITY: STABLE.
-- CONDITIONS TO AVOID: BIGH TEMPERATURE, IGNITION SOURCES.
 MATERIALS TO AVOID: OXIDISERS.
 MARABOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: FROM COMBUSTION: SMOKE, CO, CO2, TOXIC
 FUNCIA OF SHO, POX, SOX.
 MASARDOUS POLYMERISATION: WILL NOT OCCUR.
 SECTION XI - TOXICOLOGICAL IMPORMATION
SINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE: LDLC: 2130 Mg/Kg (ORAL-RAT)
___SECTION III - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
 NINC ACCUMULATES IN SOME ORGANISMS BUT IS NOT CONSIDERED TO BE BIO
 CONCENTRATIVE.
 SECTION XIII - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
- DISPOSE AS NAMADOUS WASTE, CLASSIFICATION AND DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED
 SUFCRE DISPOSAL. FOLLOW ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
   CH XIV - TRANSPORTATION IMPORMATION
     PROPER SHIPPING NAME: NOT REGULATED.
MARARD CLASS: NA
 IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: MA
 DOT MIRRGENCY GUIDE #1 NA
___REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): MA
  INTERNATIONAL: MA
  RECTION XV - REGULATORY INFORMATION
 .....
  TECA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT): COMPONENTS OF THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED ON
  THE TSCA INVESTORY.
CERCLA (COMPREMENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT):
SARA TITLE IXI (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORISATION ACT): SECTION 313.
  TOXIC MATERIALS: SINC COMPOUNDS <2%
  CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS MIMERAL OIL, A
 CHEMICAL ENOUGH TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.
  SECTION AVI - OTHER IMPORMATION
STATE RIGHT-TO-ENOW PROGRAMS: NOT LISTED.
MYPA RATZNGS
  PLANCABILITY:
  REACTIVITY:
```

MILE PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: I SEE TOUR SUPERVISOR

PREPARED BY: VIRGINIA KMP CORPORATION REVISED: 12/13/95

THE IMPORMATION IS FURNISHED WITHOUT WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, RECEPT

IT IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST EMONLANCE OF VIRGINIA EMD. THE DATA OF TRIS

SHRET RELATED ONLY TO SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED REPRESS. VIRGINIA KMP

ASSURES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE UPON THESE DATA.

BOOK 2

25 M- LINE 361A-20R SOLDER 26 M- BOND CURING AGENT-TYPE 15 27 WEST SYSTEM 105 RESIN 28 WEST SYSTEM 206 HARDENER 29 CLOTA 241 30 WOVEN ROVING 223 31 RESIN 77A 32 GEL COAT 78A 33 MEKP HANDENER GEL FILM ADH ESIVE 34 PF-7035 C, FR-7035 F/K FIBER RESIN 35 TURQUE SEAL F-900 36 CRC LUBRICANT-CORROSION-INHIBITOR 37 NAPHTHA 38 TOOLTEC A DOS 39 WRIGHTLON 7400 40 A4000 CLEAR 41 TOOLTEE CS5

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date: 8-2-99

Section I - Product Identification

Trade Name:

Tooltec CS5

Product Class:

Supplier:

Airtech International, Inc.

5700 Skylab Road

Huntington Beach, CA 92647 Telephone: 714-899-8100

Fax: 714-899-8179

Emergency Telephone:

800-424-9300

CERCLA Ratings (scale 0-3):

Health= Fire=

Reactivity=

Persistence=

NFPA Ratings (scale 0-4):

Health=

Fire=

Reactivity=

Formula: Proprietary

CAS#:

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

Teflon CF2 CF2 N = 70%

Silicone & Acrylic Adhesive = 30%

Non-hazardous pressure sensitive tapes made of inert teflon, silicone adhesive and acrylic adhesives.

Section III - Physical Data

Description:

Light brown, no odor

Boiling point:

Non-volatile - solid

Vapor pressure (mm Hg.):

N/A

Vapor density (Air=1):

N/A

Solubility in water:

N/A

Specific gravity:

2.1-2.3

% volatile by volume:

N/A

Evaporation Rate:

N/A

MSDS: Tooltee CS5

8-2-99

Page 2 of 3

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Data

Fire and explosion hazard: No explosion hazard. Toxic fumes given off 932°F - 500°C.

Flash point: Non-burning

Flammable limits: N/A

Extinguishing media: Non-burning. Its pressure in a fire does not hinder the use of standard medium.

Special firefighting procedure: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section V - Health Hazard Data

None at ambient temperature.

Emergency and First Aid Procedure:

IN CASE OF INHALATION: If exposed to high temperature fumes, call a physician.

Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability:

Stable

Incompatibilities: Liquid sodium

Decomposition:

HF-COF2

Polymerization:

Will not occur

Conditions to avoid: Fumes at high temperature

Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedure

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled

N/A

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of as harmless waste. Burning not recommended. Landfill is best method. Comply with state and local regulations.

MSDS: Tooltec CS5

8-2-99

Page 3 of 3

Section VIII - Special Protection Information

Ventilation: N/A

Respiratory Protection: N/A

Gloves: N/A

Eye Protection: N/A

Section IX - Special Precautions

This product requires no special precautions. Use normal personal hygiene and good housekeeping when handling this material.

User's Responsibility

This bulletin cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of your operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin should be provided to your employees or customers. It is your responsibility to use this information to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs for your operation.

Disclaimer of Liability

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of this material. Information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate but all statements or suggestions are made without warranty, express or implied, regarding accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations remains the responsibility of the user.



CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS 5700 Skylab Road Huntington Beach, California 92647

Phone: (714) 899-8100 FAX: (714) 899-8179

internet: http://www.airtechintl.com email: airtech@airtechintl.com

Page 10 11-7-97

DATA SHEET

TOOLTEC® CS5 and CA5

PTFE Film Coated with Adhesive For Semi-Permanent Release
And Mold Surface Reconditioning

Description

Tooltec® is a .005 inch (125μ) PTFE film coated with high temperature pressure sensitive adhesive. CS5 has a cured silicone adhesive and CA5 has a non silicone adhesive. Tooltec® is non reinforced allowing conformance to complexed contours. Tooltec® can be used to seal masters and leaky tool surfaces while providing semi-permanent and contamination free part release.

Application

Tooltec® should be applied using a vacuum bag and a prepreg pressure pad to work out wrinkles. Tooltec® can be applied without a pressure pad but wrinkles and entrapped air must be removed by hand (follow procedure #8). Application can also be aided with a heat gun on difficult contours. The following page shows how to fabricate a pressure pad and then how to apply Tooltec® using the pressure pad.

Material Characteristics	<u>CS5</u>	<u>CA5</u>
Carrier Type:	PTFE	PTFE
Adhesive Type:	Silicone	Acrylic
Total Thickness (inches):	.0065 (165 <i>u</i>)	.006 (152µ)
Film Thickness (inches):	.005 (125µ)	.005 (125µ)
Adhesive Thickness (inches)	.0015 (37هـ)	.001 (25µ)
Adhesion oz/inch/width:	40 (4.4N/cm)	30 (3.3N/cm)
Elongation %:	275	275
Breaking Strength lbs/inch/widt	h: 28 (49N/cm)	28 (49N/cm)
Maximum Use Temperature:	600°F (316°C)	600°F (316°C)
Color:	Light Brown	Light Brown
Available sizes:	36" x 18 yards	36" x 18 yards
	(91cm x 16m)	(91cm x 16m)
	48" x 18 yards*	48" x 18 yards**
	(122cm x 16m)	(122cm x 16m)

^{* 5} roll minimum

Shelf Life:

1 year when stored at 72°F (22°C)



CATALOG POSITION: PRESSURE SENSITIVE TAPES

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control. Airtech International, Inc. does not assume any responsibility for the performance of this material for any particular use. The material is sold "as is". Airtech International, Inc. disclaims, and buyer waives, any and all implied warranties, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for particular use.

^{** 10} roll minimum

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date: 7-14-99

Section I - Product Identification

Trade Name:

A4000 Clear

Product Class:

Supplier:

Airtech International, Inc.

5700 Skylab Road

Huntington Beach, CA 92647 Telephone: 714-899-8100

Fax: 714-899-8179

Emergency Telephone:

800-424-9300

NFPA, NPCA-HMIS

NFPA Ratings (scale 0-4):

Health= 2 Flammability= 1 Reactivity= 0

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

Exposure Limits for Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)

PEL (OSHA): 15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Tetrafluoroethylene-Hexafluoropropylene Copolymer

CAS #:

25067-11-2

Percentage: >98

PEL (OSHA):

None established

TLV (ACGIH):

None established

Cadmium Sulfoselenide*

CAS#:

12626-36-7

Percentage: <0.7

OSHA PEL

5 ug/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, , as Cd

TLV ACGIH 0.01 mg/m3, total dust, 0.002 mg/m3, respirable dust, as Cd, A2

*Disclosure as a toxic chemical is required under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

Heated above 400°C (750°F) can evolve as a degradation products:

7-14-99

Page 2 of 7

Hydrogen Fluoride as a degradation product

CAS #: 7664-39-3

Percentage: <1

OSHA PEL: 3 ppm, 8 Hr. TWA, as F

ACGIH TLV: 3 ppm, 2.6 mg/m3, Ceiling as F

Carbonyl Fluoride as a degradation product

CAS #: 353-50-4

Percentage: <1

OSHA PEL: None established

ACGIH TLV: 2 ppm, 5.4 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA

STEL 5 ppm, 13 mg/m3

Perfluoroisobutylene as a degradation product

CAS #: 382-21-8

Percentage: <0.01

OSHA PEL: None established

ACGIH TLV: Ceiling 0.01 ppm, 0.082 mg/m3

Section III - Physical Data

Description:

Clear Film

Odor:

None

Melting point:

260-275°C (500-527°F)

Solubility in water: Specific gravity:

Insoluble 2.1 - 2.2

Form:

Film

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Data

Flammable Properties:

Flash Ignition Temperature:

530-550°C (986-1022°F)

Method: ASTM D1929

Self Ignition Temperature:

Limiting Oxygen Index:

520-560°C (968-1040°F)

Method: ASTM D1929

UL-94 Flammability Rating:

V-0

>95

Method: ASTM D2863

Difficult to ignite, and flame goes out when initiating source is removed (UL-94). Limited flame spread and low smoke generation (NFPA 262-1990, UL-910). Complies with NFPA definition of "limited combustible" material. High self-ignition and auto-ignition temperatures (ASTM D1929).

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are hydrogen fluoride (HF), carbon monoxide, potentially toxic fluorinated compounds.

7-14-99

<u>Fire Fighting Instructions:</u> Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full protective equipment. Does not burn without an external flame. Protect from hydrogen fluoride fumes which react with water to form hydrofluoric acid. Wear neoprene gloves when handling refuse from a fire. <u>Extinguishing media:</u> Water, foam, dry chemical, CO2

Section V - Health Hazard Data

A4000 Clear is not hazardous as shipped. The primary hazard associated with these polymers is the inhalation of fumes from overheating or burning, which may cause "polymer fume fever". (See Human Health Effects Below)

Tetrafluoroethylene-Hexafluoropropylene Copolymer (FEP)

Inhalation 4 hour LC50 > 4,900 mg/m3 in rats. At very high exposure levels, animals were suffocated by accumulated dust in the lungs. Repeated exposure by ingestion caused no adverse effects.

HUMAN HEALTH EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE TO FEP COPOLYMER:

Inhalation of fumes from overheating FEP may cause polymer fume fever, a temporary flu-like illness with fever, chills, and sometimes cough, of approximately 24 hours duration. There are some reports in the literature of persistent pulmonary effects in individuals, especially smokers, who have had repeated episodes of polymer fume fever. Because of complicating factors, such as mixed exposures and smoking history, these findings are uncertain. Protection against acute exposure should also provide protection against any potential chronic effects. Smokers should avoid contamination of tobacco products, and should wash their hands before smoking. Significant skin permeation after contact appears unlikely. There are no reports of human sensitization. Small amounts of carbonyl fluoride, hydrogen fluoride and perfluoroisobutylene may also be evolved when FEP Copolymer is overheated or burned.

Inhalation of low concentrations of HYDROGEN FLUORIDE can initially include symptoms of choking, coughing, and severe eye, nose, and throat irritation. Possibly followed after a symptomless period of 1 or 2 days by fever, chills, difficulty in breathing, cyanosis, and pulmonary edema. Acute or chronic overexposure to HF can injure the liver and kidneys.

Inhalation, ingestion, or skin or eye contact with CARBONYL FLUORIDE may initially include: skin irritation with discomfort or rash; eye corrosion with corneal or conjunctival ulceration; irritation of the upper respiratory passages; or temporary lung irritation effects with cough, discomfort, difficulty breathing, or shortness of breath. Symptoms may be delayed.

PERFLUOROISOBUTYLENE is extremely toxic gas for which inhalation is the most likely route of human exposure.

7-14-99

Inhalation exposure may cause severe symptoms of pulmonary edema with wheezing, difficulty in breathing, coughing up sputum and bluish discoloration of the skin. Coughing and chest pain may occur initially. However, severe symptoms of pulmonary edema may be delayed for several hours and then become rapidly worse. Over-exposure may cause death. (Inhalation 2 hour LC50 = 1.05 ppm in rats).

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures from thermal decomposition products.

Carcinogenicity Information

The following components are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogens.

Material:

LARC NTP OSHA ACGIH

Cadmium Sulfoselenide

 \overline{X} \overline{X} \overline{X} \overline{X}

Emergency and First Aid Procedure:

IN CASE OF INHALATION: No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT: The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

<u>IN CASE OF INGESTION</u>: No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion. Consult a physician if necessary.

Section VI - Reactivity Data

CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

7-14-99

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS:

Incompatible or can react with finely divided metal powders (e.g., aluminum and magnesium) and potent oxidizers like fluorine (F2) and related compounds (e.g., chlorine trifluoride, C1F3). Contact with incompatibles can cause fire or an explosion.

DECOMPOSITION:

Heating above 275°C (527°F) may cause evolution of particulate matter, which can cause polymer fume fever. (See Human Health Effects). Trace amounts of hydrogen fluoride, carbonyl fluoride, and perfluoroisobutylene may be evolved at about 380°C (716°F), which larger amounts at higher temperatures.

Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedure

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled

Review Fire and Explosion Data Section IV before proceeding with clean up. Use appropriate personal protective equipment during clean up. Sweep up to avoid slipping hazard.

Ecotoxicological Information

Aquatic Toxicity: No information available. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling and (2) landfill. Incinerate only if incinerator is capable of scrubbing out hydrogen fluoride and other acidic combustion products. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

Section VIII - Special Protection Information

Respiratory Protection: A respirator is not required if local exhaust ventilation is adequate. At processing temperatures less than 400°C (750°F) a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister may provide protection from airborne particulates which cause polymer fume fever. At higher processing temperatures if ventilation is inadequate to maintain hydrogen fluoride and carbonyl fluoride concentrations below exposure limits, use a positive pressure air supplied respirator. Air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

<u>Protective Clothing</u>: If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u>: Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material.

7-14-99

Page 6 of 7

Other Protection: Avoid contamination of cigarettes or tobacco with dust from this material.

Section IX - Special Precautions

Storage: Keep containers closed to avoid contamination.

<u>Handling</u>: Do not use a torch to clean this material from equipment without local exhaust ventilation and respirator.

Engineering Controls:

VENTILATION: Use local exhaust to completely remove vapors and fumes liberated during hot processing from the work area.

Medical Use: CAUTION: Do not use in medical applications involving permanent implantation in the human body.

Section X - Transportation Information

Shipping Information DOT:

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated

Section XI - Regulatory Information

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW LAWS

No substances on the state hazardous substances list, for the states indicated below, are used in the manufacture of products on this Material Safety Data Sheet with the exceptions indicated.

SUBSTANCES ON THE PENNSYLVANIA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES LIST PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1% OR MORE (0.01%) FOR SPECIAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES): None known

WARNING: SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM: Cadmium compound.

SUBSTANCES ON THE NEW JERSEY WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1% OR MORE (0.1% FOR SUBSTANCES IDENTIFIED AS CARCINOGENS, MUTAGENS OR TERATOGENS): Cadmium compound, carbon black.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

7-14-99

User's Responsibility

This bulletin cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of your operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin should be provided to your employees or customers. It is your responsibility to use this information to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs for your operation.

Disclaimer of Liability

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of this material. Information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate but all statements or suggestions are made without warranty, express or implied, regarding accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations remains the responsibility of the user.



CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS 5700 Skylab Road Huntington Beach, California 92647

Phone: (714) 899-8100 FAX: (714) 899-8179

Internet: http://www.airtechinti.com email: airtech@airtechinti.com

DATA SHEET

Page 5 7-29-98

A4000 Clear, Red or White

High Elongation Release Film

MECHANICAL Elongation at break Tensile Strength	TEST METHOD ASTM D882 ASTM D882	<u>A4000</u> 350% 3400 psi 23.5 M Pa
THERMAL Maximum use temperature:	IPPT 101	500°F 260°C
Melt point by DSC	ASTM D3418	500-536°F 260-280°C

FLAMMABILITY

A4000 is non-flammable

PHYSICAL		
Density:	ASTM D792	2.13-2.17 g/cc
Yield:	N/A	90 ft.²/#/mil
		18.4m²/kg/25μ
Shelf Life:	N/A	18 months
Shrinkage		3% @ 392°F (200°C)

RELEASE

A4000 will release from all resin systems.

Stock Sheeting Sizes:

	A4000 F	Red	<u>A4000 (</u>	<u>Clear</u>
Thickness	Width	Length	Width	Length
Inches (4)	Inches (cm)	Feet (m)	Inches (cm)	Feet (m)
.0008 (20)	50 (127)	500 (152)		
.0008 (20)	60 (152.4)	417 (127)		
.001 (25)	50 (127)	500 (152)	48 (121.9)	600 (183)
.001 (25)	60 (152.4)	417 (127)	58 (147.3)	4 9 7 (152)
.001 (25)	72 (182.9)	347 (106)		
.002 (50)	50 (127)	250 (76)	58 (147.3)	224 (68)
.002 (50)	60 (152.4)	208 (63)	•	
.002 (50)	72 (182.9)	174 (53)		

Perforations:

Please refer to Page 1 of this section for perforation styles. A4000 Clear and A4000 Red are available in all perforation styles.

Bondable A4000 Clear is available treated one side (B.O.S.) or two sides (B.B.S.) to fit your individual application. Bondable A4000 is also available in Red and White (minimum order required).

Notes: 1) A4000 Clear and Red can be heat seamed to produce wider sheets and lay flat tubing. Please consult Airtech Customer Service for more information.

2) Other gauges are available upon request. (Minimum order required.)

Custom manufactured shapes are available to fit your individual requirements.

4) Useful service life of bondable surfaces may be limited to exposure due to moisture, high temperature, ultraviolet energy or come chemicals.

CATALOG POSITION: RELEASE FILMS

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control. Airtech International, Inc. does not assume any responsibility for the performance of this material for any particular use. The material is sold "as is". Airtech International, Inc. disclaims, and buyer waives, any and all implied warranties, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for particular use.

WE COVER THE WORLD WITH HIGH TEMPERATURE CULL



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date: 2-18-99

Section I - Product Identification

Trade Name:

Wrightlon® 7400

Product Class:

Supplier: Airtech International, Inc.

5700 Skylab Road

Huntington Beach, CA 92647 Telephone: 714-899-8100

Fax: 714-899-8179

Emergency Telephone:

800-424-9300

CERCLA Ratings (scale 0-3):

Health= Fire= Reactivity=

Persistence=

NFPA Ratings (scale 0-4):

Health= Fire= Reactivity=

Formula: Proprietary

CAS #:

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

Other contaminants:

E - Caprolactam = or less than 3%

Exposure limits:

ACGIH/TWA Values: PPM = 5

MG/M3 = 1

Section III - Physical Data

Description:

Thin Green Film

Melting point:

420°F

Boiling point:

Not applicable

Specific gravity:

1.13 - 1.14

PH:

Not applicable

Solubility in water:

Not applicable

Solvent solubility:

Not applicable

Vapor Density:

Not applicable

MSDS:

Wrightlon® 7400

Page 2 of 4

2-18-99

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Data

Fire and explosion hazard:

Flash point:

N/A

LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

Auto ignition temperature: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

Extinguishing media: Water, foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical

Firefighting procedure: Smoke and noxious gases (carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons, ammonia, hydrogen cyanide) evolved upon burning. Self-contained breathing apparatus in any closed space.

Section V - Health Hazard Data

Toxicity: See Section II

Carcinogen status: Not a known carcinogen

Emergency and First Aid Procedure:

IN CASE OF INHALATION: Film is not respirable.

IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water.

<u>IN CASE OF INGESTION:</u> (swallowing) Not a probable route of exposure.

IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT: Not a probable route of exposure.

Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability Stable

Incompatibilities (materials to avoid) None known

<u>Decomposition</u> Temperatures over 555 degrees F may result in thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur

MSDS:

Wrightlon® 7400

Page 3 of 4

2-18-99

Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedure

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Sweep and discard.

Waste disposal method: Landfill in accordance with local, state and federal laws.

Section VIII - Special Protection Information

Ventilation: N/A

<u>Respiratory Protection:</u> Not required if proper ventilation is provided.

Clothing: N/A

Gloves: N/A

Eye Protection: Safety glasses for good industrial hygiene practice.

Emergency Wash Facilities: N/A

Section IX - Special Precautions

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing: Store at 50-55 R.H. at 70 - 75 degrees F.

Other precautions:

Inhalation (breathing): If exposed to excessive fumes from over-heating or combustion, move to fresh air.

Skin contact: N/A

User's Responsibility

This bulletin cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of your operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional

2-18-99

precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin should be provided to your employees or customers. It is your responsibility to use this information to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs for your operation.

Disclaimer of Liability

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of this material. Information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate but all statements or suggestions are made without warranty, express or implied, regarding accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations remains the responsibility of the user.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date: 7-26-99

Section I - Product Identification

Trade Name:

Tooltec A005

Supplier:

Airtech International, Inc.

5700 Skylab Road

Huntington Beach, CA 92647 Telephone: 714-899-8100

Fax: 714-899-8179

Emergency Telephone:

800-424-9300

CERCLA Ratings (scale 0-3):

Health=

Fire= Reactivity=

Persistence=

NFPA Ratings (scale 0-4):

Health=

Fire=

Reactivity=

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

This material is considered non-hazardous under normal conditions.

Section III - Physical Data

Description:

White to tan, odorless pliable fabric

Boiling point:

N/A

Specific gravity:

N/A

Solubility in water:

Insoluble

Vapor pressure at (mm Hg) Vapor density (air=1) N/A

vapor delisity (att 1)

N/A

% Volatile by Volume:

Nil

Evaporation Rate:

Nil

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Data

Flash point:

N/A

Extinguishing Media: All standard firefighting media

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Does not burn (rated 94 V-0 by UL) without external source of fuel. In extreme fire situation, protection from hydrogen fluoride fumes should be employed. Wear respiratory protection if in a confined area.

MSDS: Tooltec A005

7-26-99

Unusual Fire and Exposition Hazards: Dry Tooltec A005 will burn in an atmosphere of 100% oxygen when ignition source is present.

Section V - Health Hazard Data

Effects of Overexposure: Thermal decomposition may cause fumes that result in flu-like symptoms if inhaled.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures: If inhaled, remove to fresh air; if not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability Stable

<u>Incompatibilities</u> Molten alkali metals, interhalogen compounds, oxidizing agents. Strong acids or bases will weaken fabrics.

Conditions to Avoid: Conditions above 250°C without adequate ventilation.

<u>Decomposition</u> Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, silicon dioxide. Above 250°C hydrofluoric acid, perfluorocarbon olefins.

Polymerization Will not occur.

Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedure

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled

N/A

Waste Disposal Method

(1) Landfill (2) Complete combustion and removal of gaseous products by alkaline scrubbing. Disposal methods must conform to local, state and federal regulations.

Section VIII - Special Protection Information

Ventilation Local exhaust where material is heated above 250°C.

Mechanical Ventilation Avoid contaminating tobacco products

Gloves N/A

MSDS: Tooltec A005

7-26-99

Eye Protection N/A

Other Protective Equipment N/A

Section IX - Special Precautions

Considered non-hazardous when handled and stored by conventional methods.

When exposed to elevated temperatures (250°C) toxic fumes evolve. Avoid inhalation. Smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is being fabricated, or, in general where there may be dust from it.

User's Responsibility

This bulletin cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of your operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin should be provided to your employees or customers. It is your responsibility to use this information to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs for your operation.

Disclaimer of Liability

As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of this material. Information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate but all statements or suggestions are made without warranty, express or implied, regarding accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations remains the responsibility of the user.



CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS 5700 Skylab Road Huntington Beach, California 92647

Phone: (714) 899-8100 FAX: (714) 899-8179

Internet: http://www.airtechintl.com email: airtech @airtechintl.com

> Page 8 4-16-96

DATA SHEET

TOOLTEC® A005, A007, A012 Permanent Tool Release Without Contamination

Description

Tooltec® pressure sensitive tapes are designed to stick to tool surfaces to provide semipermanent release and a reconditioned surface. Tooltec® can be used on all types of molds, press platens, caul sheets or any surface that comes in contact with resins or adhesives. Release agents are not required thereby reducing cost and part contamination problems. Standard Tooltec® comes with fully cured silicone pressure sensitive adhesive. Tooltec® can also be supplied with acrylic adhesive on special order.

Application

Apply Tooltec® 2 inches from the edge of the GS sealant tape. Place breather strip around edge of Tooltec® so air can escape and not lift up the Tooltec®. Adhere Tooltec® to metal or plastic tool surfaces where release from epoxies, urethanes, polyesters, polyamides, polimides and phenolics is needed. Excellent release without using release agents. Tooltec® will usually last about six months before replacement. We recommend A007 Tooltec® for hot presses. When removing Tooltec® from the tool, you may use a shop approved solvent to soften the adhesive. Adhesive can then be scraped off the tool.

Physical Properties Carrier Type: Adhesive Type: Total Thickness, Inches Film Thickness, Inches Adhesive Thickness, Inches Adhesion, oz/inch/width Elongation %: Breaking Strength lbs/inch/width Maximum Use Temperature: Color: Available Sizes:	A005 PTFE/Glass Silicone .005 (125) .003 (75) .002 (50) 45 (4.9N/cm) 8 120 (210N/cm) 600°F (316°C) Light Brown	A007 PTFE/Glass Silicone .007 (1754) .005 (1254) .002 (504) 50 (5.5N/cm) 5 140 (245N/cm) 600°F (316°C) Light Brown 1" (2.54cm) x 36 yards (33m) 2" (5.08cm) x 36 yards (33m)	
7.11dilabio 01203.		2" (5.08cm) x 36 yards (33m) 36" (91cm) x 18 yards (16m)	
		48" (122cm) x 18 yards (16m)

Shelf Life: 1 year when stored at 72°F (22°C).

CATALOG POSITION: PRESSURE SENSITIVE TAPES



As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, Airtech International, Inc. does not assume any responsibility for the performance of this material for any particular use. The material is sold "as is". Airtech International, Inc. disclaims, and buyer waives, any and all implied warranties, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for particular use.

TAKE COLVED THE TAKEN A MUTHING COME COME CONTROL OF CO. C.



CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS 5700 Skylab Road Huntington Beach, California 92647

Phone: (714) 899-8100 Fax: (714) 899-8179

Internet: http://www.airtechintl.com email: airtech@airtechintl.com

> Page 3 April 1, 2002

DATA SHEET

WRIGHTLON® NYLON BAGGING FILMS The Highest Elongation Of Any Standard Nylon Vacuum Film

MECHANICAL Elongation at break Tensile strength	Unit Test Method % ASTM D 882 >psi ASTM D 882 N/mm5	350+ 7000 48	5400 350+ 7000 48	6400 300+ 8000 55	7400 350+ 8000 55	8400 300+ 9000 62
THERMAL Maximum use temperature	°F IPPI T 101 °C	300 149	350 177	400 204	400 204	450 232
Melt point (minimum) crystalline	°F ASTM D 789 °C	380 193	400 204	420 215	420 215	500 260
Flammability (Self Extinguishing)	IPPI T 102	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CHEMICAL Materials to avoid: PHYSICAL	Strong Oxidizers Phenol Compounds(1)	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
Density Density	g/cm ³ ASTM D 792	1.13	1.13	1.14	1.13	1.13
Yield	in ² /#/mil M ² /kg/25µ	24500 34.8	24500 34.8	24300 34.5	24500 34.8	24500 34.8
Color		Clear	Clear	Yellow	Bl/Gr	Blue
Shelf Life	Months IPPI P 201	18	18	18	18	18

Gauges Available (1) Inches .002 & .003 and .005 u 50, 75, and 125

Forms Available (2) Sheeting, Lay Flat Tubing, Center (V) Fold & Bags

NOTES:

(1) Other gauges available on special order.

(2) Consult the dimension chart on Page 1 in this section for dimensional information. Custom sizes and manufactured shapes are available to fit your individual requirements.

(3) Please consult Airtech for further information.

(4) Econolon has the same properties of Wrightlon 5400 in .0015" (33 μ) thickness.

CATALOG POSITION: BAGGING FILMS



As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, Airtech International, Inc. does not assume any responsibility for the performance of this material for any particular use. The material is sold "as is". Airtech International, Inc. disclaims, and buyer waives, any and all implied warranties, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for particular use.

OSHA Standards Interpretation and Compliance Letters 02/01/1994 - Hazard Communication Standard and Material Safety Data Sheets.

♦ OSHA Standard Interpretation and Compliance Letters - Table of Contents

Record Type: InterpretationStandard Number: 1910.1200

• Subject: Hazard Communication Standard and Material Safety Data

Sheets.

• Information Date: 02/01/1994

February 1, 1994

James J. Balsamo, Jr., C.S.P. Occupational Safety and Health Consultant 5108 Burke Drive Metairie, Louisiana 70003

Dear Mr. Balsamo:

Thank you for your letter of July 27 concerning the requirements under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200, for Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS). Please accept my regret for the delay in responding.

Your questions will be answered below in the order they were presented in your letter.

Question 1:

Situation #1: Can a central repository of MSDS be kept at one location in one of the buildings that support seven buildings?

Situation #2: ... fifty buildings are on city blocks which are all contiguous in a five square block area, with the same personnel and

security situation as noted in situation #1 above. Can a single MSDS repository serve all these buildings?

Situation #3: ... does a single repository provide for each building with security having twenty-four hour a day access to them for all departments in that building meet the intent of the OSHA regulations?

The key to compliance with the HCS is that employees have no barriers to access to the information and that the MSDSs be available during all workshifts. The HCS is a performance-oriented standard. A performance-oriented standard gives employees the flexibility to adapt the rule to the needs of the workplace situation, instead of having to follow specific rigid requirements. Situations #1, #2, and #3 would have to be evaluated within the context of the employer's Hazard Communication Program.

As you know, the HCS specifies that MSDS must be maintained on site and readily accessible during each workshift to employees when they are in their work area(s). Again, the situations you describe above could meet that requirement as long as there are no barriers to employees accessing the MSDSs.

Question 2: Specific chemicals such as acetone, xylene, etc. do not always come from the same manufacturer and each manufacturer supplies an MSDS for their chemicals. Is it necessary to have in the central repository copies of all MSDSs from each company or could one complete MSDS serve the needs for all acetone, etc. user for routine purposes, emergency situations or both?

Given the performance-oriented nature of the standard, an employer must be certain that employees are provided all the necessary information concerning the hazards of chemicals in the workplace. There are a number of concerns with the approach you describe. First, you must ensure that the specific identity on the MSDS can be cross referenced to the corresponding label of the hazardous chemical containers. Second, the employer must ensure that employees are informed during the hazard communication training of this practice of using one MSDS as representative of all vendors, otherwise it could lead to confusion. Third, the MSDS you select must have complete and accurate information as required by section (g)(3) of the HCS. And finally, the standard requires that the MSDS contain the name, address and telephone number of the party who prepares or distributes the MSDS. The party listed must be able to provide additional information on the hazardous chemicals or clarification of the information on the MSDS, as well as, additional emergency procedures, if necessary, in lieu of the actual manufacturer. A chemical manufacturer, importer or distributor may not wish to and is not required to act as the responsible party for a chemical that they did not

produce.

Question 3: If your answer to situations #1 and #2 above is "No" but "Yes" to Situation #3, how does this affect your response to question #2 above?

We believe our responses to questions 1 and 2 address your concerns.

Question 4: Does using, in an emergency situation, one MSDS from, for example Sigma/Aldrich's CD ROM constitute compliance with the OSHA standards?

- 1. You don't know the manufacturer but only the name of the chemical to which the person is exposed.
- 2. You don't know the manufacturer's name and the chemical name, however, the Sigma Aldrich CD ROM access is the fastest way to get the chemical information to those who need it, until the specific MSDS, chemical and/or manufacturer's name, are obtained.

You describe a situation where the company is not in compliance with the HCS; the employer does not have essential information about hazardous chemicals in the workplace. The CD ROM alternative that you described would not meet the HCS intent. The HCS requires that employers have an MSDS for each hazardous chemical which they use. Part of the employer's Hazard Communication Program is to ensure that all MSDSs are maintained and that "good faith efforts" are taken to acquire missing MSDSs from the chemical manufacturer, importer or distributor.

The specific chemical's MSDS itself, not just "MSDS information" must be available to workers. If the MSDSs utilized in your electronic system are specific to each product and contain the same chemical identity as used on the required label of the chemical, so as to allow cross referencing between the two, then this aspect of your system would meet the intent of the standard. If the MSDS provided is not product specific, the intent of the standard would not be met.

We hope this information is helpful. If you have any further questions please contact [the Office of Health Compliance Assistance at (202) 693-2190].

Sincerely,

Ruth McCully, Director
Office of Health Compliance Assistance

July 27, 1993

Ms. Patricia K. Clark
Director, Directorate of Compliance Programs
U.S. Department of Labor
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Room N-3463
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

Dear Patricia K. Clark:

I have read recently several OSHA abstracts and OSHA communications that answered specific questions related to the Hazard Communication Standard. They were written by you and other OSHA representatives. I have four direct questions that I, as a consultant in occupational safety and health, have been asked.

Question 1

Situation #1:

A research facility owned and operated by one company and all workers are employees of that company. One workplace is seven buildings within a three-square block area. Some properties are contiguous and some are two to three blocks away. Each building is considered as a work area in the total workplace. Each work area, i.e. "building," contains many laboratories (25 to 100 per building). A number of laboratories (i.e. ten) may belong to one department carrying out tasks associated with that function and other groups of laboratories are under different departments carrying out different functions. All are employees of one company. My questions are as follows:

Can a "Central Repository" of Material Safety Data Sheets be kept at one location in one of these buildings that supports all seven buildings, i.e. the workplace, as long as everyone knows how to get access to them and access can be accomplished twenty-four hours a day by contacting the security office who can take the person to the MSDSs and open the room where they are kept? Security is a twenty-four hour a day, seven days a week, operation for all the seven buildings in question.

They have keys to the MSDS Repository.

Situation #2:

Another scenario is that fifty (50) buildings are on city blocks which are all contiguous in a five square block area, with the same personnel and security situation as noted in Situation #1 above. Can a single MSDS Repository serve all these buildings?

Situation #3:

If your answer is "No" to Situations #1 and #2 above, does a single repository provided for each building with security having twenty-four hour a day access to them for all departments in that building meet the intent of the OSHA regulations?

Question 2

In the "OSHA Instruction, CPL 2-2.38B" referenced in a letter from you, dated July 6, 1990, to Ms. Betty J. Dabney, Ph.D. it states that "The MSDS used in an employer's hazard communication program must be specific to each **chemical** used on-site." Please be aware of the fact that there are several bottles of specific chemicals, i.e. acetone, xylene, from different chemical manufacturers that are used in the various laboratories in the "workplace" as noted in question #1 above. Each manufacturer supplies MSDSs for their chemicals. Is it necessary to have in the Central Repository copies of all MSDSs from each company or could one complete MSDS serve the needs for all acetone, etc. users for routine purposes, emergency situations, or both?

Question 3

If your answer to Situations #1 and #2 above is "No,"

but "Yes" to Situation #3, how does this affect your response to Question #2 above?

Question 4

Does using, in an emergency situation, one MSDS from, for example, Sigma/Aldrich's CD ROM constitute compliance with OSHA standards:

- 1. You don't know the manufacturer but only the name of the chemical to which the person is exposed.
- 2. You do know the manufacturers name and the chemical name, however, the Sigma Aldrich CD ROM access is the fastest way to get the chemical information to those who need

it, until the specific MSDS, chemical and/or manufacturer's name, are obtained.

Thank you for your time and consideration in this matter. I will await your prompt reply.

Sincerely,

James J. Balsamo, Jr., C.S.P. Occupational Safety & Health Consultant

◆ OSHA Standard Interpretation and Compliance Letters - Table of Contents



Search | Index | Home | Contact Us

Internet HazDat - Substance Information

More information on building a query

Query Results:
cas_id: 008030-30-6
substance_name: NAPHTHA
substance rank: 0
substance_class:
NTP Cancer Classification: Not classified by the NTP
TSCA_regulated: Y
FIFRA_regulated:
RCRA_regulated:
CERCLA_regulated:
Toxicologial Profile Information
tox_profile_no:
tox_profile_name:
to_toxfaq:
Public Comment Release:
Final Publication Release:
NTIS_number:

ID:MSC-SID TOOL

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: Product & Company Identification **Product Name:** 3-36 1 Multi Purpose Lubricant and Corrosion Inhibitor - Acrosol Product Number (s): 03004, 03005, 03093, 73005, 83005 CRC Industries. Inc. (215) 674-4300 Manufactured By: 885 Louis Drive, Warminster, PA 18974 24-Hour Emergency Information: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 Section 2: Composition/Information on Ingredients CAS ACGIH **OSHA** OTHER % Component NUMBER TLV PEL LIMITS Petroleum Distillate 64742-47-8 NE 400 ppm 60-70 100 ppm Inhibited Paraffinic Oil Mixture 5 mg/m3 5 mg m3 (mist) 25-30 Carbon Dioxide 5000 ppm 5000 ppm 124-38-9 NE **c**: 10 Section 3: Hazards Identification Emergency Overview Appearance & Odor: Blue liquid, pleasant odor. DANGER: Flammable, Harmful or Fatal if Swallowed. Contents Under Pressure. Potential Health Effects: Inhabition: Headaches, nausea, dizziness and breathing problems. Eves: **Irritation** Skin: Dryness legestion: NA IARC: Carcinogenicity: OSHA: No. No NTP: No Citronio Overexposure: Dermatitis. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: NA Section 4: First Aid Measures Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Eyes: Flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

P roduct Numbe Skin:			inated clothing	and week a	en with some	and water				
OKIII.	Remo	ve contian	aravor otorini	g and what a	Ca Will soup	OHE WAR	•			
Ingestion:	Call a	physician	Do not induc	e vomiting.						
Section 5: Fire-Pig	hting \ Icası	nes								
Flashpoint:	175 °I	;	Method:	TCC		LEL N	ID		UEL:	ND
Extinguishing Med	a:		CO ₂ , dry cher	nical and foa	m					
l Iszardous Comba	stion Produ	cts:	CO2 and carb		•					
Fire-fighting Instru	ofions:		Remove conta breathing appa							i
		above 1	20°F.							
NFPA: H	alth:	1	Flammability:	2		Reactivity		0		
HMIS: LI	ealth:	ı	Flammability:			Reactivity		0	PPI::	
·									~~ ~~	

Section 6: Accide	ntal Kelease	Meakuros								
.			1.4							
Spill Leak Proced		•								-
expess material. A				•						-
		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						~		
***				1968 F## b#				*****		
Section 7: Handlin				 				****		1
Section 7: Handlin	g and Storag	īs								
Section 7: Handlin Handling Procedu	eg and Storag	ie a cool. di	гу агса. Астоя	ol cans must	be maintaine	d below 12	20°F to	proven	ıt cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handlin	eg and Storag	ie a cool. di	гу агса. Астоя	ol cans must	be maintaine	d below 12	20°F to	proven	ıt cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handlin Handling Procedu	ng and Storag	a cool. d	ry arca. Aeros	ol cans must	be maintaine	d below 12	20°F to	proven	ıt cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handlin Handling Procedu	ng and Storag	a cool. d	ry arca. Aeros	ol cans must	be maintaine	d below 12	20°F to	proven	ıt cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu	ng and Storag	a cool. di	y area. Aeros	ol cans must	be maintaine	d below 1	20°F to	proven	it cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu Engineering Conti	ng and Storag res: Store in re Controls:	a cool, di Personal I	ry area. Aeros Profection	ol coms must	be maintaine	d below 17	20°F to	proven	it cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handlin Handling Procedu	ng and Storag res: Store in re Controls:	a cool, di Personal I	ry area. Aeros Profection	ol coms must	be maintaine	d below 17	20°F to	proven	it cans f	rom explodi
Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limit	ng and Store in res: Store in re Controls: rols: Adequa	ge a cool, de Personal I te to preve g in a conf	Profection ent accumulation	ol cens must on of vapors, low applican	be maintaine Tise mechan le OSHA reg	d below 12	20°F to	preven	at cans f	rom explodi
Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limit	ng and Store in res: Store in re Controls: rols: Adequa	ge a cool, de Personal I te to preve g in a conf	Profection ent accumulation	ol cens must on of vapors, low applican	be maintaine Tise mechan le OSHA reg	d below 12	20°F to	preven	at cans f	rom explodi
Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contr the exposure limit Respiratory: Use	ng and Storageres: Store in the Controls of the Control of th	personal late to prevent in a conf	Profection ent accumulation	ol cens must on of vapors, low applican	be maintaine Tise mechan le OSHA reg	d below 12	20°F to	preven	at cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contr	ng and Storageres: Store in the Controls of the Control of th	personal late to prevent in a conf	Profection ent accumulation	ol cens must on of vapors, low applican	be maintaine Tise mechan le OSHA reg	d below 12	20°F to	preven	at cans f	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Procedular Handling Procedular Section 8: Exposure Engineering Contrible exposure limits Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Mosking NIOSH/MS	personal I te to previous in a conf SHA comp	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folioniant respirato	eroque lo no la roque lo no la roque wol la roque	be maintained Use mechan le OSHA reg	d below 12 ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to	proven	mainta	rom explodi
Handling Procedu Handling Procedu Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contr the exposure limit Respiratory: Use	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Mosking NIOSH/MS	personal I te to previous in a conf SHA comp	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folioniant respirato	eroque lo no la roque lo no la roque wol la roque	be maintained Use mechan le OSHA reg	d below 12 ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to	proven	mainta	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Proceeds Handling Proceeds Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limit Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothir occurs.	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Means NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15	personal Jets to prevo g in a conf SHA comp 10.134.	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folioniant respirato	ective gloves	be maintained le OSHA reg stained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to if neces atus abo	saary to	maints	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Proceeds Handling Proceeds Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limit Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothir occurs.	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Means NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15	personal Jets to prevo g in a conf SHA comp 10.134.	ry area. Aeros Protection ent accumulationed space, foliant respirate memically protection	ective gloves	be maintained le OSHA reg stained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to if neces atus abo	saary to	maints	rom explodi
Handling Procedulandling Proceduland Proce	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15 g/Equipmen	personal lite to prevo pin a conf SHA comp 10.134.	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folio bliant respirato memically prote	ective gloves	be maintained le OSHA reg stained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to if neces atus abo	saary to	maints	rom explodi
Section 7: Handling Proceeds Handling Proceeds Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limit Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothir occurs.	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15 g/Equipmen	personal lite to prevo pin a conf SHA comp 10.134.	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folio bliant respirato memically prote	ective gloves	be maintained le OSHA reg stained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to if neces atus abo	saary to	maints	rom explodi
Handling Procedulandling Proceduland Proce	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15 g/Equipmen	Personal I te to prevo p in a conf SHA comp 10.134. t: Wear cl	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folio bliant respirato memically prote	on of vapors. low applicables or salf-cor	be maintained le OSHA reg stained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. sing appara	if necestus abo	asary to	maints	in levels be
Handling Procedularing Procedularing Procedularing Procedularing Control of the exposure limits Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothin occurs.	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15 g/Equipmen	personal lite to prevo pin a conf SHA comp 10.134.	ry area. Aeros Profection ent accumulation ined space, folio bliant respirato memically prote	ective gloves	be maintained Use mechan le OSHA reg ntained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. ning appara	20°F to if neces atus abo	esary to	maints	in levels be
Section 7: Handling Procedular Procedular Procedular Procedular Procedular Protective Clothir occurs. Section 9: Physical Physical State: Specific Gravity:	ag and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Controls: Adequate. If working NIOSII/MS 29 CFR 15 g/Equipment.	personal Jacobs de to prevo g in a conf SHA comp 210.134. t: Wenr el	ry area. Across Protection ent accumulationed space, folionit respirate memically protects	on of vapors. low applicables or saif-constitute gloves. Appearance Boiling Po	be maintained Use mechan le OSHA reg ntained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. ning appara	if necestus abo	esary to	maints	in levels be
Handling Procedu- Handling Procedu- Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limits Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothir occurs. Section 9: Physica Physical State: Specific Gravity: Freezing Point:	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa ols: Adequa NIOSII/MS s 29 CFR 15 g/Equipmen	personal I te to prevo g in a conf SHA comp 210.134. t: Wear cl	Protection ent accumulationed space, folioption respirate memically protects cs	on of vapors. low applications or saif-consciive gloves Appearance Boiling Poor Pressure:	be maintained I se mechan le OSHA reg Itained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. asses. Use 1.23 mm	if necestus abo	esary to	maints	in levels be
Section 7: Handling Proceeds Handling Proceeds Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contribe exposure limits Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothin occurs. Section 9: Physics Physical State: Specific Gravity: Freezing Point: Evaporation Rate:	ag and Storageres: Store in res: Store in res: Controls: Adequate. If working NIOSII/MS 29 CFR 15 g/Equipment.	Personal I te to prevo g in a conf SHA comp 10.134. t: Wenr cl Liquid 0.8167	ry area. Across Protection ent accumulationed space, folionit respirate memically protects	on of vapors. low applicables or salf-conscive gloves Appearance Boiling Por Pressure: Vapor Dec	be maintained Use mechan le OSHA reg ntained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. sing appara	if necesture about a sples	preven	o mainta	in levels be
Section 7: Handling Proceeds Handling Proceeds Section 8: Exposu Engineering Contrible exposure limits Respiratory: Use OSHA regulation Protective Clothic occurs. Section 9: Physica Physical State: Specific Gravity: Freezing Point:	ig and Storageres: Store in res: Adequations: Adequations: Adequations: Adequations: NIOSI I/MS 29 CFR 15 g/Equipment & Chemical NIO	Personal I te to prevo g in a conf SHA comp 10.134. t: Wenr cl Liquid 0.8167	Protection ent accumulationed space, folioption respirate memically protects cs	on of vapors, low applicable or self-corrective gloves Appearance Boiling Por Pressure: Vapor Des Solubility:	be maintained I se mechan le OSHA reg Itained breath and safety gl	ical means ulations. sing appara	if necesture about a sples	proven	o mainta	in levels be

4 0 4 4 0 y				
section 10: Stability a	nd Reactivity			
stability:		Stable	Hazard	lous Polymerization: No
Themical Incompatibi	lities:	Strong oxidizers.		
laterials to Avoid:		Strong oxidizers.		
lazardous Decompo	sition Products:	None		
Section 11: Texteolog	gical Information			
wereknosure and can	cinogenicity information.	·		of this MSDS for acute symptoms
		*************		· 6 P 4 A B 44 P 41 - P 4 P P 42 B B F 7 P P P B B B B B A A P P P P P P P P P P
Section 12: Ecologica	al Information			
Ecotoxicity:	No data avai	lable.		
Environmental Fate:	No data avail	lable for biodegradation.		
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This materi comply with federal. dump into sewers, or	Considerations all if discarded may be be state and local regulation the ground or into any letters.	is. Contact your local or s body of water.	EPA RCRA reg	ulations. All disposal activities mus al agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This materi comply with federal, dump into sewers, or	Considerations all if discarded may be bustate and local regulation the ground or into any l	nzardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s nody of water.	EPA RCRA reg	ulations. All disposal activities mus
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This materi comply with federal, dump into sewers, or	Considerations all if discarded may be bustate and local regulation the ground or into any l	nzardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s nody of water.	EPA RCRA reg	ulations. All disposal activities mus al agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This materi comply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least on Information Consumer Commodi	nzardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s body of water.	EPA RCRA reg	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor	Considerations all if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any lattion information	nzardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s body of water.	EPA RCRA reg	ulations. All disposal activities mus al agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This materi comply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class:	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least on Information Consumer Commodi	izardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s body of water.	EPA RCRA reg	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class; Label: Special Provisions:	Considerations all if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least tation information Consumer Commodition ORMI-D NA NA	izardous waste under U.S. is. Contact your local or s body of water. ty UN Number: Placard:	EPA RCRA reg tale environment	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Label: Special Provisions:	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least tation information Consumer Commodi ORNI-D NA NA	izardous waste under U.S. is. Contact your local or s body of water. ty UN Number: Placard:	EPA RCRA reg tale environment	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class; Label; Special Provisions:	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least tation information Consumer Commodi ORNI-D NA NA	izardous waste under U.S. is. Contact your local or s body of water. ty UN Number: Placard:	EPA RCRA reg tale environment	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transport Shipping Name: Hazard Class; Label: Special Provisions: Section 15: Regulator TSCA:	Considerations all if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least on Lation Information Consumer Commodity ORM-D NA NA Ty Information All compone	izardous waste under U.S. is. Contact your local or s body of water. UN Number: Placard:	EPA RCRA regitate environment NA NA NA	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not Packing Group: NA
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transporting Name: Hazard Class; Label: Special Provisions: Section 15: Regulator TSCA: SARA Title III:	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any lettion Information Consumer Commodi ORMI-D NA NA ry Information All compone Section 311 312:	izardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s body of water. UN Number: Placard: Ints are either listed under Acute/Pressure	EPA RCRA regitate environment	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not Packing Group: NA
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Label: Special Provisions: Section 15: Regulator TSCA: SARA Title III: CERCLA/Superfund	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any letter in the ground or into any letter in Information Consumer Commodi ORNI-D NA NA Ty Information All components Section 311-312: (RQ):	izardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s body of water. UN Number: Placard: ats are either listed under the Acute/Pressure N.A.	EPA RCRA regitate environment NA NA NA	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not Packing Group: NA
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Label: Special Provisions: Section 15: Regulator TSCA: SARA Title III: CERCLA/Superfund Extremely Hazardou	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any letter in the ground or into any letter in Information Consumer Commodi ORNI-D NA NA Ty Information All components Section 311-312: (RQ):	izardous waste under U.S. as. Contact your local or s body of water. UN Number: Placard: are either listed under Acute/Pressure N.A. No	EPA RCRA regitate environment NA NA NA	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not Packing Group: NA
Section 13: Disposal Disposal: This matericomply with federal, dump into sewers, or Section 14: Transpor Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Label: Special Provisions:	Considerations al if discarded may be he state and local regulation the ground or into any least tation information Consumer Commodity ORNI-D NA NA NA Ty Information All components Section 311 312: (RQ): 8 Substances:	izardous waste under U.S. ns. Contact your local or s body of water. UN Number: Placard: ats are either listed under the Acute/Pressure N.A.	EPA RCRA regitate environment NA NA NA	ulations. All disposal activities musual agency for specific rules. Do not Packing Group: NA

Product Name:

3-368 Multi Purpose Lubricant and Currosion Inhibitor - Aerosol

Product Number (s): 03004, 03005, 03093, 73005, 83005

Prepared By:

Adam M. Selisker

Date:

February 26, 2001

Technical Information: (800) 521-3168

CRC #: 510

This information is accurate to the best of CRC Industries' knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all tvarnings and directions on the label.

CAS.	Chemical Abstract Service	NA:	Not Applicable
ppm.	Parts per Multon	ND:	Not Determined
TCC:	Tag Closed Cup	NE:	Not Established
LEL.	Lower Explosive Limit	g/L	grams per Liter
UE.L:	Upper Explosive Lunit	lbs /gal:	pounds per gallen
PPE:	Personal Protection Equipment	RÇ:	Reportable Quantity
COC.	Cleveland Open Cup	TOC:	Tag Open Cup

```
ORGANIC PRODUCTS -- F-900 TORQUE SEAL - SEALING COMPOUND
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
"N: 8030004081137
   hufacturer's CAGE: 01195
Part No. Indicator: B
Part Number/Trade Name: F-900 TORQUE SEAL
General Information
Item Name: SEALING COMPOUND
Company's Name: ORGANIC PRODUCTS CO.
Company's Street: 1963 IRVING BOULEVARD
Company's P. O. Box: 428
Company's City: IRVING
Company's State: TX
Company's Country: US
Company's Zip Code: 75060-4555
Company's Emerg Ph #: 214-438-7321
Company's Info Ph #: 214-438-7321
Distributor/Vendor # 1: STEVEN INDUSTRIES
Distributor/Vendor # 1 Cage: 33150
Record No. For Safety Entry: 002
Tot Safety Entries This Stk#: 002
Status: FE
Date MSDS Prepared: 05JAN91
Safety Data Review Date: 19DEC94
Supply Item Manager: GSA
Preparer's State: NK
MSDS Serial Number: BMZDN
Hazard Characteristic Code: F4
Unit Of Issue: TU
Unit Of Issue Container Qty: 5 OZ TU
  Ingredients/Identity Information
Proprietary: NO
Ingredient: METHANOL
Ingredient Sequence Number: 01
Percent: 60
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: PC1400000
CAS Number: 67-56-1
OSHA PEL: S,200PPM/250STEL
ACGIH TLV: S,200PPM/250STEL; 93
Other Recommended Limit: NONE SPECIFIED
   Proprietary: NO.
Ingredient: ETHANOL
Ingredient Sequence Number: 02
Percent: 40
NIOSH (RTECS) Number: KQ6300000
CAS Number: 64-17-5
ACGIH TLV: 1000 PPM
Other Recommended Limit: NONE SPECIFIED
ERRERESTENTE CONCONTRATORIO DE CONTRES DE C
                                Physical/Chemical Characteristics
Appearance And Odor: HEAVY THICK PASTE. ALCOHOL ODOR.
Boiling Point: 150F,66C
Vapor Pressure (MM Hg/70 F): 42.00
Solubility In Water: NONE
Percent Volatiles By Volume: 50
  Fire and Explosion Hazard Data
Flash Point: 109F,43C
Flash Point Method: TOC
Extinguishing Media: CARBON DIOXIDE OR DRY CHEMICAL FOR SMALL FIRES.
```

uttp://msds.pdc.cornell.edu/msds/siri/msds/h/q195/q313.html

```
ALCOHOL FOAM FOR LARGE FIRES.
```

Special Fire Fighting Proc: USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH FULL FACE PIECE WITH PRESSURE DEMAND.

Inusual Fire And Expl Hazrds: VAPOR HEAVIER THAN AIR, KEEF AWAY FROM LOT-LIGHTS, LIGHTS, FLAMES, SPARKS, HEATERS AND SMOKERS.

Reactivity Data

Stability: YES

Cond To Avoid (Stability): AVOID HEAD, SPARKS, FIRES.

Hazardous Decomp Products: THERMAL DECOMPOSITION MAY PRODUCE CARBON MONOXIDE AND/OR CARBON DIOXIDE.

Hazardous Poly Occur: NO

Health Hazard Data

Signs/Symptoms Of Overexp: MINOR IRRITATION FROM PROLONGED BREATHING.
MINOR IRRITATION TO SKIN AND EYES. NAUSEA, VOMITING IF SWALLOWED.
Emergency/First Aid Proc: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. WASH AFFECTED AREAS WITH

WATER. IF SWALLOWED, INDUCE VOMITING. CALL PHYSICIAN.

Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps If Matl Released/Spill: ABSORB LIQUID; USE ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND TRANSFER TO HOOD. ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES DESTROY REMAINING MATERIAL BY INCINERATION.

Waste Disposal Method: INCINERATE IN FURNANCE, OR BY LIQUID INCINERATION. DEPOSIT IN TOXIC LANDFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL REGS.

Precautions-Handling/Storing: WEAR RESISTANT GLOVES SUCH AS NEOPRENE, EYE PROTECTION, CHEMICAL SPLASH GOGGLES. PROTECTIVE EQULPMENT TO PREVENT PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT.

Control Measures

Protective Gloves: YES; NEOPRENE Eye Protection: SAFETY GOGGLES

Other Protective Equipment: SAFETY SHOWER AND EYE BATH.

Transportation Data

Trans Data Review Date: 92078

DOT PSN Code: GJR

DOT Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, TOXIC, N.O.S

DOT Class: 3

DOT ID Number: UN1992

DOT Pack Group: ,II

DOT Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, POISON

IMO PSN Code: LCT

IMO Proper Shipping Name: PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

IMO Regulations Page Number: 3372

IMO UN Number: 1263
IMO UN Class: 3.3

IMO Subsidiary Risk Label: -

IATA PSN Code: SXH

IATA UN ID Number: 1263

IATA Proper Shipping Name: PAINT

IATA UN Class: 3

IATA Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID

AFI PSN Code: MCP

AFI Prop. Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, POISONOUS, N.O.S.

AFI Class: 3

7I ID Number: UN1992

∠ÆI Pack Group: III

AFI Label: 6.1

AFI Basic Pac Ref: 7-7

MMAC Code: NK

utp://msds.pdc.comell.edu/msds/siri/msds/h/q195/q313.html

Disposal Data

Label Data

Label Required: YES

Label Status: G

Common Name: F-900 TORQUE SEAL

Special Hazard Precautions: N/K MINOR IRRITATION FROM PROLONGED BREATHING.

MINOR IRRITATION TO SKIN AND EYES. NAUSEA, VOMITING IF SWALLOWED.

Label Name: ORGANIC PRODUCTS COMPANY

Label Street: 1963 IRVING, BLVD

Label City: IRVING Label State: TX

Label Zip Code: 75060

Label Country: US

Label Emergency Number: 214-438-7321

01-25-2002

PIASECKI AIRCR ESSINGTON 985 PIASECKI AIRCRAFT CORP WEST TERMINUS OF SECOND STREET ESSINGTON, PA 19029 US

0011454FRPPSD43

SUBJECT: Material Safety Data Sheet

Dear MSDS Coordinator,

Enclosed, find the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) (MSDS) for the requested product(s). We have reviewed our products, conducted a hazard determination, and prepared MSDSs in compliance with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Our MSDSs also provide information on any toxic chemical subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA).

If this product, or any component of it, is considered to be hazardous or carcinogenic under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard or the WHMIS regulations, information is provided in Section 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS or in Section 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

You have received the MSDS because

- 1. You have ordered the products for the first time, or
- 2. Your company reordered products where the MSDS has changed since you last ordered, or
- 3. You requested the MSDS.

If you have any questions, please contact your Sales Representative.

Sincerely yours,

Global Regulatory

PF7035 C

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

COMPANY INFORMATION

MSDS INFORMATION

Fiber Resin Corporation H.B. Fuller Company Subsidiary 20701 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311

Preparation Date: 18 December 1998 Supersedes: 25 April 1995 Prepared By: Industrial Hygiene Phone Number: 651-236-5842

Phone: 818-882-3022 Fax: 818-709-0399

Medical Emergency Phone Number: 1-888-853-1758
Transport Emergency Phone Number (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Name/Number: PF-7035 C, FR-7035 F/K, WWMAT .055-.065 PSF, 48"

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This Material Safety Data Sheet is prepared to comply with the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Unlisted ingredients are not 'hazardous' per the OSHA standard and/or are not found on the WHMIS ingredient disclosure list.

Chemical/CAS Number Percent OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV

Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether 10-30% Not estab. Not estab. (1675-54-3)
LD50: 11 gm/kg (oral,rat) LC50: No data found

Diuron (330-54-1) 1-5% 10 mg/M3 10 mg/M3 LD50: 1017 mg/kg (oral, rat) LC50: No data found

Epoxy resin 30-50% Not estab. Not estab.

Resorcinol diglycidyl ether 1-5% Not estab. Not estab. (101-90-6)

See Section 16 for additional information.

LD50: 2570 mg/kg (oral, rat) LC50: No data found

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Vapors/fumes may be irritating at application temperatures. Potential skin sensitizer

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eyes: Vapors and fumes released at or above application temperatures may cause irritation.

Skin: Epoxy resins are potential skin sensitizers.

Inhalation: Vapors and fumes may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Overexposure may cause headaches and dizziness. Ingestion: Not an anticipated route of exposure. Harmful if swallowed.

Chronic: No anticipated chronic effects.

REGULATED CARCINOGEN STATUS: Unless noted below, this product does not contain regulated levels of NTP, IARC, ACGIH or OSHA listed carcinogens.

Resorcinol diglycidyl ether is listed as a potential carcinogen by NTP and IARC.

Existing Health Conditions Affected by Exposure: No known effects on other illnesses.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

- If in eye: Flush immediately with water for 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.
- If on skin: Wash affected area with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
- If vapors inhaled: Remove subject to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms persist.
- If ingested: If person can swallow, give one glass of water or milk.

 Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

 Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point/Method: > 200 degrees F Cleveland Closed Cup (93 C)

Upper Explosive Limit/Lower Explosive Limit: Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable

Appropriate Extinguishers: Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None known.

Hazardous Combustion Product: Incomplete combustion can yield low molecular weight hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide, hydrogen chloride, phosgene, nitrogen compounds

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Procedures: Not anticapated to occur as supplied.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING INFORMATION

Wear appropriate protective equipment when working with this product.

STORAGE INFORMATION

Consult the Technical Data Sheet for specific storage instructions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection: Safety glasses.

Skin Protection: Prevent contact by using rubber gloves and appropriate protective clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if conditions warrant.

Ventilation: General dilution ventilation.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:
Color:
Color:
Characteristic color
Characteristic odor
Odor Threshold:
Not established
Weight per Gallon:
Specific Gravity:
Solids by Weight:
Not established
Not established

pH: Not applicable (as supplied)
Boiling Range: Not applicable (as supplied)

Freezing/Melting Point: Not applicable Vapor Pressure: Not established Vapor Density: Not applicable Evaporation Rate: Not applicable

Water/Oil Partition Coefficient: Not established

VOC: Not established

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Incompatibility: Not established

Hazardous Decomposition:
Nitrogen compounds
Hydrogen chloride, phosgene

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not meet the definition of hazardous waste under the U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261. Disposal via incineration at an approved facility is recommended. Consult state, local or provincial authorities for more restrictive requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name:

Carbon dioxide, solid (Material packed in

dry ice)

DOT Hazard Class/I.D. Code: 9, UN1845

DOT Label:

Misc 9

DOT Packaging Group:

ΙΙΙ

It is our opinion that the information provided here may be used to transport this product in compliance with Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

FEDERAL

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Section 4 - Test Rule

This product contains a chemical substance that is subject to a Section 4 Test Rule.

Contact the company TSCA Compliance Manager at 651/236-5858 for the identity of the Section 4 chemical(s).

Section 8(b) - Inventory Status

This product is in compliance with the Toxic Substances Control Act's Inventory requirements.

Section 12(b) - Export Notice Requirements

This product contains a chemical substance that is currently on the EPA's Section 12(b) Export List. Within seven days of entering into a contract to export and certainly no later than the day of export, the agent of export must notify the EPA of their intent.

Contact the company TSCA Compliance Manager at 651/236-5858 for the identity of the Section 12(b) chemical(s).

SARA TITLE III

Section 313: This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent	
Diglycidyl resorcinol ether	101-90-6	1-5%	
Diuron	330-54-1	1-5%	

STATE REGULATIONS

California Proposition 65: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer (c) or reproductive (r) damage.

<0.0009% Acrylonitrile (c) listed July 1, 1987

107-13-1

<0.0042% Benzene (c) 71-43-2
listed February 27, 1987
<0.0001% Epichlorohydrin (c)(r) 106-89-8
listed October 1, 1987
<1.5195% Diglycidyl resorcinol ether (c) 101-90-6
listed July 1, 1989
<0.0082% 4-Vinylcyclohexene (c) 100-40-3
listed May 1, 1996</pre>

WHMIS IDENTIFICATION/OTHER INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

d2b

SECTION 16: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS RATING

Health-2 Flammability-1 Reactivity-0

See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for personal protective equipment recommendations.

The information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate. Because some of the information is derived from information provided to Fiber Resin Corporation from its suppliers, and because Fiber Resin Corporation has no control over the conditions of handling and use, Fiber Resin Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. The information is supplied solely for your information and consideration, and Fiber Resin Corporation assumes no responsibility for use or reliance thereon. It is the responsibility of the user of Fiber Resin Corporation products to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

[Index] [Home] MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIBRE GLAST DEVELOPMENTS CORP.

95 MOSIER PARKWAY

BROOKVILLE, OH 45309

REV 02/01

TELEPHONE: (937) 833-5200

FAX: 937-833-6555

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY CALL (800) 424-9300 24 HRS.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME:

PART #77, Polyester Molding Resin

PRODUCT CLASS:

Unsaturated Polyester Resin

SECTION 2 - INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:

CAS#

WEIGHT MAX. %

POLYESTER RESIN

Trade Secret

53.0 - 58.0

STYRENE

100-42-5

43.0

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EYE: Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

SKIN: Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, burns, and other skin damage. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

SWALLOWING: Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting. This results in lung inflammation and other lung injury.

INHALATION: Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing aerosol and/or mist is possible when material is sprayed. Aerosol and mist may present a greater risk of injury because more material may be present in the air than from vapor alone. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (see Section 8.)

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: metallic taste, stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea,) irritation (nose, throat, airways,) central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness,) and other central nervous system effects, loss of coordination, confusion, liver damage.

TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS:

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: mild, reversible kidney effects, effects on hearing respiratory tract damage (nose, throat, and airways,) testis damage, liver damage. Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: mild effects on color vision, effects on hearing, respiratory tract damage (nose, throat, and airways) central nervous system effects.

DEVELOPMENTAL INFORMATION:

This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

CANCER INFORMATION:

In 1993, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) classified styrene in group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans.) IARC concluded that there was no convincing evidence for carcinogenic action of styrene in animals based on the animal studies which existed at that time. Rather, the IARC 2B listing was based on data for styrene oxide, a metabolite of styrene. Two recent lifetime studies with styrene, one in rats and one in mice, have been completed since the 1993 review. There was no increase in cancer in styrene-exposed rats. However, there was an increase in lung cancer in styrene-exposed mice. The relevance of the mouse lung cancer to humans is uncertain. Styrene exposure has not been associated with an increased incidence of cancer in workers including those in the reinforce plastics and composites plastics industries.

OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:

Styrene readily reacts with low concentrations of halogens (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine) to form a tear-producing substance.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:

Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES:

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN:

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. If skin is not damaged and symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

SWALLOWING:

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. if possible, do not leave individual unattended.

INHALATION:

If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Keep person warm and quiet; seek immediate medical attention.

NOT TO PHYSICIANS:

This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity (See Section 3 - Swallowing) when deciding whether to induce vomiting. Pre-existing disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: respiratory tract, skin, lung (for example, asthmalike conditions,) liver, central nervous system, male reproductive system, auditory system.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 80.0° - 90.0° F. (26.6° - 32..2° C.) SETA

EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (for component:) Lower 1.1 Upper 6.1%

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: No data

HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION:

May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along hte ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Regular foam, water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriated turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

Polymerization will take place under fire conditions. If polymerization occurs in a closed container, there is a possibility it will rupture violently. Cool storage container with water, if exposed to fire.

NFPA RATING: Health - 2, Flammability - 3, Reactivity - 1

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL:

Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and transfer to hood.

LARGE SPILL:

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up as been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five gallon pails and larger metal containers including tank cars and tank trucks should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE PROTECTION:

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear resistant gloves such as: polyvinyl alcohol, wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTIONS:

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see exposure guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper

environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

Component:

POLYESTER RESIN
No exposure limits established.

STYRENE (100-42-5)
OSHA VPEL 50.000 ppm - TWA - (see below)
OSHA VPEL 100.000 ppm - STEL
ACGIH TLV 20.000 ppm - TWA
ACGIH TLV 40.000 ppm - STEL

OSHA has formally endorsed a styrene industry proposal for a voluntary 50 ppm workplace limit on styrene. Members of the Styrene Information and Research Council (SIRC), Composites Institute (CI), Composite Fabricators Association (CFA), International Cast Polymers Association (ICPA) and National Marine Manufacturers Association (NMMA) have agreed to use either engineering controls, work practices or respiratory protection to achieve this voluntary limit for styrene.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT (for component): 293.4° F (145.2° C) @ 760 mmHg

VAPOR PRESSURE (for component): 4.500 mmHg @ 68.00° F

SPECIFIC VAPOR DENSITY: 3.600 @ AIR=1

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.082 - 1.106 @ 77.00° F

LIQUID DENSITY: 9.100 lbs/gal @ 77.00° F (1.094 kg/l @ 25.00° C)

PERCENT VOLATILES: 40.0 - 45.0%

EVAPORATION RATE: SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

APPEARANCE: No data.

STATE: LIQUID

PHYSICAL FORM: HOMOGENEOUS SOLUTION

COLOR: HAZY AMBER COLORED LIQUID

ODOR: No data.

pH: Not applicable.

VISCOSITY: 400.0 - 550.0 cps @ #2spdl @ 30 rpm

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NEGLIGIBLE

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Product can undergo hazardous polymerization. Avoid exposure to excessive heat, peroxides and polymerization catalysts.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with: halogens, strong alkalis, strong mineral acids.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

NO DATA

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

NO DATA

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

WASTE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION:

Contaminated absorbent may be deposited in a landfill in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Destroy by liquid incineration in accordance with applicable regulations.

For assistance with your waste management needs - including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Ashland Distribution Company, IC&S Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT INFORMATION - 49 CFR 172.101

DOT DESCRIPTION: RESIN SOLUTION, 3, UN1866, III

CONTAINER/ MODE: 55 GAL DRUM/TRUCK PACKAGE

NOS COMPONENT: None

RQ (REPORTABLE QUANTITY) - 49 CFR 172.101

Product Quantity (lbs):

Component:

2306

Styrene Monomer

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS: TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT) STATUS TSCA (UNITED STATES) The international ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4 (a)

COMPONENT:

RQ (LBS)

STYRENE

1000

SARA 302 COMPONENTS - 40 CFR 355 APPENDIX A: None

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CLASS - 40 CFR 370.2:

Immediate (X) Delayed (X) Fire (X) Reactive (X) Sudden Release of Pressure ()

SARA 313 COMPONENTS - 40 CFR 372.65:

Section 313 Component(S):

CAS Number:

Max %

STYRENE

100-42-5

43.36

OSHA PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT: 29 CFR 1910

None listed.

EPA ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PREVENTION: 40 CFR 68

None listed.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: INVENTORY STATUS: Not determined

STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS: CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer.

BENZENE

The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm.

BENZENE

Styrene, in the presence of air and high temperature or prolonged exposure to styrene/air mixture to sunlight, can react to form styrene oxide. Styrene oxide is a chemical know to the state of California to cause cancer.

NEW JERSEY RTK LABEL INFORMATION Styrene Monomer - 100-42-5

PENNSYLVANIA RTK LABEL INFORMATION Benzene, Ethenyl - 100-42-5

SECTION 16 - COMMENTS

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be, whether originating with Fibre Glast Developments Corporation or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

[INFO CENTER] [ONLINE CATALOG] [CONTACT US] [PICS & LINKS] [SEARCH] [INTERNATIONAL] [CLEARANCE CORNER]

Copyright © 2000 Fibre Glast Developments Corporation. All rights reserved. (800)330-6368

[Index] [Home] MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIBRE GLAST DEVELOPMENTS CORP.

95 MOSIER PARKWAY BROOKVILLE, OH 45309

REV 07/01

TELEPHONE: (937) 833-5200

FAX: 937-833-6555

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY CALL (800) 424-9300 24 HRS.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: PART #78, Tooling Gel Coat

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Synthetic Organic Resin

CHEMICAL NAME: Unsaturated Polyester in Styrene Monomer

NPCA HMIS RATING: H-2 F-3 R-2

The percent by weight composition data given in Section II and X are not specifications, but are based on "target" formula values for each ingredient in the product. The data are presented as ranges for low hazard ingredients and single point values for ingredients of regulatory concern. Actual batch concentrations will vary within limits consistent with separately established product specifications.

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

1) SILICA, AMORPHOUS-SILICA GEL

CAS # 112926-00-8

% BY WT: 1-5

EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA:

10 MG/CU.M. (TOTAL DUST)

OSHA PEL/TWA:

6 MG/CU.M.

LD50, ORAL

N/A

LD50, DERMAL

N/A

LC50, INHALATION

N/A

2) UNSATURATED POLYESTER RESIN

CAS # PROPRIETARY

On TSCA inventory and CEPA domestic substances list.

% BY WT: 10-20 EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA: NONE ESTABLISHED NONE ESTABLISHED

3) UNSATURATED POLYESTER RESIN

CAS # PROPRIETARY

On TSCA inventory and CEPA domestic substances list.

% BY WT; 5-10 EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA: NONE ESTABLISHED
OSHA PEL/TWA: NONE ESTABLISHED

4) UNSATURATED POLYESTER RESIN

CAS # PROPRIETARY

On TSCA inventory % BY WT: 20-30 EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA: NONE ESTABLISHED OSHA PEL/TWA: NONE ESTABLISHED

5) STYRENE MONOMER CAS # 000100-42-5

% BY WT: 42.0530 VAPOR PRESSURE: 4.50 MMHG @ 68° F.

EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA: 20 PPM (SKIN) (85 MG/CU.M.)
ACGIH TLV/STEL: 40 PPM (SKIN) (170 MG/CU.M.)

OSHA PEL/TWA: 100 PPM (8 HR TWA)

OSHA PEL/CEILING: ACCEPTABLE PEAK (5 min/3 hr) - 600 PPM max.
OSHA PEL/STEL: ACCEPTABLE 15 MIN TWA - 200 PPM MAX

LD50, ORAL: 4.37 G/KG (RAT) LD50, DERMAL: >5 G/KG (RABBIT)

OTHER: LCLO: 5000 PPM/8H (RAT)

6) METHYL METHACRYLATE

CAS # 000080-62-6

% BY WT: 4.6500

VAPOR PRESSURE: 29.000 MMHG @ 68° F.

EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA:

100 PPM (410 MG/CU.M.)

OSHA PEL/TWA:

100 PPM (410 MG/CU.M.)

LD50, ORAL:

7.9 G/KG (RAT)

LD50, DERMAL:

35.5 G/KG (RABBIT)

LC50, INHALATION:

>12,500 PPM/0.5H (RAT)

7) COBALT OCTOATE 17% COBALT (CO)

CAS # 000136-52-7

% BY WT: .1030 EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH TLV/TWA:

.05 MG/CU.M.) AS COBALT METAL,

DUST & FUME

OSHA PEL/TWA:

.05 MG/CU.M.) AS COBALT METAL,

DUST & FUME

8) COBALT NEODECANDATE 26% COBALT (CO)

CAS # 027253-31-2

% BY WT: .0400 **EXPOSURE LIMIT:**

ACGIH TLV/TWA:

.05 MG/CU.M.) AS COBALT

METAL, DUST & FUME

.05 MG/CU.M.) AS COBALT

OSHA PEL/TWA:

METAL, DUST & FUME

This product contains one or more reported carcinogens or suspected carcinogens which are noted by NTP, IARC, or OSHA-2 in the appropriate subsection above under OTHER LIMITS.

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE: HIGH - N/A

LOW - 212.00 F

VAPOR PRESSURE: SEE SECTION II

THEORETICAL WT PER GALLON, CALCULATED: 9..0671 LB/GL

THEORETICAL SPECIFIC GRAVITY, CALCULATED: 1.0890

MAX. THEORETICAL VOC, CALCULATED: 4.273 LB/GAL

PHYSICAL STATE: LIQUID

pH: N/A

APPEARANCE: ORANGE

Freezing Point:

N/A

ODOR: MODERATE AROMATIC

Water Solubility: N/A

COFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: N/A

STATIC ELECTRICITY EXPLOSION: N/A

MECHANICAL IMPACT EXPLOSION: N/A

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINTS 73 TO 100 DEG. F

OSHA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: CLASS IC

DOT FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: FLAMMABLE LIQUID

LOWEST CLOSED CUP FLASHPOINT: 82 DEGREES F

LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT IN AIR: LOWER - 1.10 % BY VOLUME

DOT SHIPPING NAME: RESIN SOLUTION, 3, UN1886, PG III

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: If polymerization takes place in a container, there is possibility of violent rupture of the container. Vapors are uninhibited and may form polymers in vents or flame arresters of storage tanks resulting in stoppage of vents. Vapors may cause flash fire. Keep containers tightly closed and isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and flame. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto-ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

**ADDITIONAL TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:

NMFC: 46030

RESIN COMPOUNDS, LIQUID

LTL CLASS 55

SECTION 5 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF EXCESSIVE OVEREXPOSURE. PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY ARE:

EYE CONTACT: Irritation. Symptoms are tearing, redness and discomfort. SKIN CONTACT: Irritation. Can cause defatting of skin which may lead to dermatitis.

INHALATION: Irritation to nose and throat. Extended or repeated exposure to concentrations above the recommended exposure limits may cause brain or nervous system depression, with symptoms such as dizziness, headache or nausea and if continued indefinitely, loss of consciousness, liver and kidney damage.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

INGESTION: May cause mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT:

Preexisting eye, skin, liver, kidney and respiratory disorders.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

In case of eye contact, flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention; for skin, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If affected by inhalation of vapors or spray mist, remove to fresh air. If swallowed get medical attention immediately.

This material contains no intentionally-added ingredients, covered by the California "Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986." (proposition 65), unless specifically stated under OTHER HEALTH HAZARDS, by individual chemical.

OTHER HEALTH HAZARDS:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has reclassified styrene as Group 2B "possibly carcinogenic to humans". This new classification is not based on new health data relating to either humans or animals, but on a change in the IARC classification system. The Styrene Information and Research Center does not agree with the reclassification and has published the following statement. "Recently published studies tracing 50,000 workers exposed to high occupational levels of styrene over a period of 45 years showed no association between styrene and cancer, no increase in cancer among styrene workers (as opposed to the average among workers), and no increase in mortality related to styrene."

An increased incidence of lung tumors was observed in mice from a recent inhalation study. The relevance of this finding is uncertain. Data from other long-term animal studies and from epidemiology studies of workers exposed to styrene do not provide a basis to conclude that styrene is carcinogenic.

Lung effects have been observed in the mouse following repeated exposure.

11/27/01

SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: MAY OCCUR.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Elevated temperatures. Improper addition of promoter and/or catalyst. Avoid direct contact of MEKP catalyst with accelerator. If an accelerator such as cobalt drier is to be added, mix this accelerator with base material before adding catalyst.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Oxidizers, peroxides, strong acids, aluminum chloride and vinyl polymers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Thermal decomposition or combustion can produce fumes containing organic acids, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

SECTION 7 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Remove all sources of ignition (flames, hot surface, and electrical static, or frictional sparks). Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area. Contain and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Incinerate in approved facility.

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Do not breathe or ingest vapors, spray mist or dust while applying, sanding, grinding, or sawing cured product. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH/MSHA approved) during application and other uses of this product until vapors, mists, and dusts are exhausted, unless air monitoring demonstrates vapor, mist and dust levels are below applicable limits. Follow respirator manufacturers directions for respirator use. Observe OSHA Standard 29CFR 1910.134.

VENTILATION: Provide general clean air dilution or local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep the air contaminant concentration below the lower explosion limit and below current applicable exposure limits in the mixing, application and curing areas; and to remove decomposition product during welding and flame cutting on surfaces coated with this product. In confined areas, use only with forced ventilation adequate to keep vapor concentration below 20% of lower explosion limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 29CFR 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

NOTE: Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from lower levels of the work area and all ignition sources (non explosion-proof motors, etc.) should be eliminated.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Use solvent impermeable gloves to avoid contact with product.

EYE PROTECTION: Do not get in eyes. Use safety eyewear with splash guards or side shields, chemical goggles, face shields.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing. Prevent contact with contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing, including shoes, before reuse.

SECTION 9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

Do not store above 100 deg F. Store large quantities in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep containers closed when not in use and upright to prevent leakage.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Containers should be grounded when pouring. Do not take internally. Wash hands thoroughly after using and before smoking and eating. Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapors. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near emptied containers. Follow all hazard precautions given in this data sheet until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed. If this product is blended with other components such as thinners, converter, colorants and catalysts prior to use, read all warning labels. Any mixture of components will have hazards of all components. Follow all precautions. If spraying this material keep spray booths clean. Avoid build-up of spray dust or over-spray in booths or ducts.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION: The VOC quantity listed in Section III is a maximum loss value. Under typical conditions only half of this amount might be lost to the atmosphere. Loss will vary due to temperature, humidity, film thickness, air movement, spray equipment/techniques, catalyzation, gel and cure rates, etc. If precise loss values are needed, it is suggested that on site testing be conducted.

SECTION 10 - SARA TITLE III INFORMATION

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of

1986 and of 40 CFR Part 372.

This law required certain manufacturers to report on annual emissions of specified toxic chemicals and chemical categories. If you are unsure if you must report or require more information, call the EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Hot Line: 800-535-0202 or 202-479-2449.

COBALT NEODECANOATE 26% COBALT (CO)

CAS # 027253-31-2

PCT BY WT: .0400

COBALT OCTOATE 17% COBALT (CO)

CAS # 000136-52-7

PCT BY WT: .1030

METHYL METHACRYLATE

CAS # 000080-62-6

PCT BY WT: 4.6500

STYRENE MONOMER

CAS # 000100-42-5

PCT BY WT: 42.0530

SECTION 11 - COMMENTS

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be, whether originating with Fibre Glast Developments Corporation or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

[INFO CENTER] [ONLINE CATALOG] [CONTACT US] [PICS & LINKS] [SEARCH] [INTERNATIONAL] [CLEARANCE CORNER]

Copyright © 2000 Fibre Glast Developments Corporation. All rights reserved. (800)330-6368

[Index] [Home] MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIBRE GLAST DEVELOPMENTS CORP.

95 MOSIER PARKWAY

BROOKVILLE, OH 45309

REV 7/01

TELEPHONE: (937) 833-5200

FAX: 937-833-6555

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY CALL (800) 424-9300 24 HRS.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: PART #69 Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide

TRADE NAME: Lupersol DDM-9

CHEMICAL NAME: Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide mixture in plasticizers

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Organic Peroxide - Ketone Peroxide

PRODUCT USE: Polymerization initiator

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
IDENTITY	CAS#	TYPICAL %	OSHA HAZARD
2,2,4 Trimethyl 1-1, 3-pentanediol diisobutyrate	6846-50-0	58.0	Y
Methyl Etyl Ketone Peroxides	1338-23-4	32-34	Υ
Hexylene glycol	107-41-5	6.0	Υ
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	0.7	N
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1-2	Υ
Water	7732-18-5	<0.7	N

TSCA Inventory Status:

This product is TSCA compliant. The components are either on the TSCA inventory or are exempt as impurities.

This material is classified as hazardous under Federal OSHA regulation.

The substance(s) marked with a Y in the OSHA Hazard column above, are those identified as hazardous chemicals under the criteria of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Clear oily liquid, ketone odor

DANGER!

ORGANIC PEROXIDE CAUSES EYE BURNS. MAY CAUSE BLINDNESS. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Skin contact and inhalation are expected to be the primary routes of exposure to Lupersol DDM-9. Based on its composition, Lupersol DDM-9 is anticipated to be moderately toxic if swallowed, slightly toxic if absorbed through skin, practically non-toxic if inhaled, severely irritating to skin and corrosive to eyes. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause an allergic skin reation. Overexposure to vapor may lead to digestive disorders, narcosis and central nervous system (CNS) effects such as headache, dizziness, loss of coordination, loss of consciousness or convulsions. If swallowed, Lupersol DDM-9 may cause CNS effects as noted above, irritation of the mouth, throat and stomach and, in severe cases, death.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately wash with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

INGESTION:

Do not induce vomiting. Give water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Contact a Poison Control Center. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, get medical attention.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD): 71° C / 160° F (CC)

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: NE

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Upper: NE Lower: NE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water spray, dry chemical, foam.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Fight fire with large amounts of water from a safe distance. Use water spray to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand NIOSH approved or equivalent). Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use. After a fire, wait until the material has cooled to room temperature before initiating clean up activities.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Contact with incompatible materials or exposure to temperatures exceeding SADT (Section 9) may result in a self accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IF A SPILL OR LEAK OCCURS:

Use inert, noncombustible absorbent material. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools. Wet down and dispose of immediately. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING & STORAGE

HANDLING:

Contact with incompatible materials or exposure to temperatures exceeding SADT (See Section 9) may result in a self accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Avoid contamination.

Use explosion proof equipment.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not taste or swallow.

Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container closed.

Do not reuse container as it may retain hazardous product residue.

STORAGE:

Store below 100° F.(38° C) to maintain stability and active oxygen content. Detached storage is preferred.

Avoid excessive heat and store out of direct sunlight in a cool well-ventilated place.

Store away from combustibles and incompatible materials

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below air borne limits. Provide ventilation if necessary to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits (see below). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

EYE PROTECTION:

Where there is potential for eye contact, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment available.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult glove manufacturer to determine appropriate type glove material for given application. Wear chemical goggles, a face shield, and chemical resistant clothing such as a rubber apron when splashing may occur. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash before reuse. Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use NIOSH approved full face organic vapor and mist respirator when airborne exposure limits are exceeded. If used, full face piece replaced need for chemical goggles or face shield. Consult respirator manufacturer if exposure limits are greater than ten times the recommended exposure limits. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positivepressure self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134.

AIRBORNE EXPOSURE GUIDELINES FOR INGREDIENTS:

Hexylane Glycol

ACGIH STEL

25 ppm 121 mg/m3

Hydrogen Peroxide

ACGIH TWA

1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3

OSHA TWA PEL 1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

ACGIH CEILING 885 mg/m3 300 ppm

ACGIH TWA

200 ppm 590 mg/m3

OSHA TWA PEL 200 ppm 590 mg/m3

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Peroxide

ACGIH STEL

0.2 ppm 1.5 mg/m3

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL DATA

BOILING POINT, C:

NE

FREEZING POINT, C:

NE

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

1.004 @ 25 C

VAPOR PRESSURE @ 20 C:

NE

VAPOR DENSITY:

NE air=1

EVAPORATION RATE: NE Butyl acetate=1

% VOLATILES:

98%VOC

SADT

75C/169 F (45 lb ctn)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

Slight

APPERARANCE AND ODOR: Clear oily liquid, ketone odor

SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. Lowest temperature at which the tested package size will undergo a self accelerating decomposition reaction. This reaction will generate flammable vapors which may autoignite. The length of time to generate a decomposition reaction, after the SADT has been reached or exceeded, is dependent upon how much the SADT has been exceeded and the length of time needed for the reaction exotherm (heat spike from increasing decomposition rate) to initiate a rapid decomposition reaction. Typically, SADT is inversely proportional to package size. Larger packages will have a lower SADT due to a smaller ratio of heat transfer area to volume of product.

ACTIVE OXYGEN CONTENT = 8.7 - 9.0 %

SECTION 10 - STABILITY & REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

This material is chemically unstable and should only be handled under specified conditions. See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this MSDS for specified conditions.

INCOMPATABILITY:

Contamination with foreign materials such as strong acids, strong alkalis, strong oxidizers, transition metal salts, reaction accelerators/promoters or reducing agents may result in a self accelerating decomposition reaction.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Temperatures above the SADT can result in the release of hazardous decomposition products which are flammable and may autoignite.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Does not occur.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide(s)

Single exposure (acute) studies indicate that this material (40-60% in dimethyl phthalate) is moderately toxic to rats if swallowed (LD50 484 mg/kg), slightly toxic to rabbits if absorbed through the skin (LD50 4,000 mg/kg), practically non-toxic to rats if inhaled (4-hr LC50 17-50 mg/l), corrosive to rabbit eyes, and moderately irritating to rabbit skin (4-hr exposure, 4.5/8.0)

Following an allergic skin reaction in a paint sprayer, patch testing produced an allergic skin reaction with this material as well as other components of the paint. However, subsequent patch testing did not produce allergic skin reactions in 34 healthy subjects. Swallowing of this material was reported to cause liver injury in one case report.

Repeated oral administration of this material was reported to result in decreased body weight, mild liver and kidney injury and death in rats. Following repeated application of this material in dimethyl phthalate to the skin of rats and mice, severe skin damage and animal deaths (only at the highest dose levels) were the primary effects. Spleen and bone marrow changes considered secondary to the severe skin damage were noted in animals at the high doses. Higher doses applied to rat and mouse skin for a shorter period of time produced similar effects. Long-term repeated skin application of this material in dimethyl phthalate was reported to enhance skin tumor production in mice irradiated with UVB. This material has produced genetic changes in standard tests using bacterial or animal cells. However, no genetic changes occurred in a standard test using animals.

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Diisobutyrate

Single exposure (acute) studies indicate that this material is no more than slightly toxic to rats if swallowed (LD50>3200 mg/kg), practically non-toxic to guinea pigs if absorbed through the skin (LD50>20ml/kg) or rats if inhaled (6-hr LC50> 5.3 mg/l), and slightly irritating to rabbits eyes and to guinea pig skin.

No skin allergy was observed in guinea pigs following repeated exposure. Increased liver weights, which were probably adaptive changes due to the induction of drug metabolizing enzymes in these tissues, were observed in rats or dogs fed up to 1% in their feed for up to 103 days. This material is eliminated in the excreta of rats following a single oral dose with little or no retention in the tissues or organs.

Hexylene Glycol

Single exposure (acute) studies indicate that this material is slightly toxic to rats, rabbits, mice and guinea pigs if swallowed (LD 50 2,800-4,700 mg/kg), practically non toxic to rabbits if absorbed through skin (LD50 12,300 mg/kg), severely irritating to rabbits eyes, and

moderately irritating to rabbit skin. No deaths occurred in rats exposed to about 160 ppm for 8 hours.

Skin application of 50% of this material in water showed only minimal irritation in human volunteers, while repeated application of consumer products containing up to 1% showed no irritant or sensitizing effects in humans. Patch tests have shown sensitization responses in individuals working with cutting oils containing this material. Rats and rabbits exposed to 0.7 mg/l for 9 days showed no adverse effects. This material in the diet at up to 150mg daily for 4 months produced no adverse effects on growth, behavior or fertility in rats. Changes in the kidney were noted at 200 mg/day. No genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria or animals cells.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Single exposure (acute) studies indicate that this material is no more than slightly toxic to rats if swallowed (LD50 2700-5600 mg/kg), practically non-toxic to rabbits if absorbed through the skin (LD50, 5000-13000 mg/kg) or rats if inhaled (4-hr LC50 11,700ppm), and moderately irritating to rabbit eyes and skin.

Repeated exposure of humans to controlled skin contact studies with this material produced no skin irritation or skin allergy. Central nervous system (CNS) effects and peripheral neuropathy have been reported in the industrial setting following exposures to mixtures containing this material; however these mixtures contained other solvents known to cause central nervous system injury.

Following repeated inhalation exposure, slight changes in organ weights and blood chemistry were reported in rats. No evidence of nervous system injury following long-term inhalation exposure to this material has been observed in rats chickens mice or cats. Animal studies have shown this material to increase the severity of, or shorten the onset of, irreversible nervous system effects due to n-hexane and methyl butyl ketone, as well as effects of chloroform and carbon tetrachloride. This material did not increase the incidence of tumors in long-term skin application studies in mice. A small number of major birth defects were reported in rats exposed to this material by inhalation during pregnancy at a level (3000 ppm) which produced toxic effects in the offspring, but not in the mothers. However, no birth defects were found in a second repeat study with rats using very similar exposure conditions, while adverse effects were noted in the mothers and their offspring. In mice exposed to 3000ppm of this material by inhalation during pregnancy, toxic effects were observed in the mothers (mild effects only) and their offspring. This material has generally produced no genetic changes in standard tests using animals and animal or bacterial cells. A positive response was reported in one assay using yeast cells.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S)

This material is slightly toxic to guppies (96-hr LC50 44.2 mg/l).

2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1, 3-PENTANEDIOL DIISOBUTYRATE:

This material is no more than moderately toxic to fathead minnow, ramshorn snails, aquatic earthworms, sideswimmers, pill bugs and flatworms (96-hr LC50s > 1.55mg/l), and daphnids (96-hr EC50 > 1.46 mg/l).

HEXYLENE GLYCOL:

Hexylene glycol has been reported to be practically non-toxic to a variety of aquatic organisms by acute toxicity testing. Freshwater fish including rainbow trout, bluegill sunfish, fathead minnow, mosquito fish, goldfish and channel catfish had LC50 values in excess of 1,000 mg/l and generally were in the range of 8,000 to 10,000 mg/l. Aquatic invertebrates such as Daphnia and crayfish had EC50 values greater than 2,800 mg/l.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE (MEK):

MEK is practically non-toxic to goldfish, brine shrimp, Daphnia magna, fathead minnow, mosquito fish, bluegill sunfish and golden orfe (LC50s >1,000 mg/l). MEK inhibits fungal growth and is reported to be bacteriostatic to several microorganisms (Escherichia coli, Salmonella typhimurium, Staphylococcus aureus, Leuconostoc citrovorum and Streptococcus thermophilus) at levels of 10-100 mg/l. Growth inhibition has also been reported for freshwater algae at levels ranging from 120 mg/l (blue green algae) to 4300 mg/l (green algae).

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION:

METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE STRUCTURES (MEKP):

MEKP was reported to be readily biodegradable in a closed bottle system. An EC50 of 16 mg/l was reported in an activated sludge respiration inhibition test.

2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1, 3-PENTANEDIOL DIISOBUTYRATE:

In a 28-day modified Sturm Test, 2,2,4-trimethyl-1, 3-pentanediol diisobutyrate was found to undergo 32-59% degradation to CO2. The bioconcentration factor without metabolism was estimated to be 670 and with metabolism 1-40. The log Pow is estimated to be 4.1.

HEXYLENE GLYCOL:

Chemical oxygen demand (COD) and biological oxygen demand (BOD) indicated that hexylene glycol is readily biodegraded.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE (MEK):

Extensive data suggests that MEK is readily biodegradable. It is non-toxic to sludge microorganisms at concentrations up to 800 ug/l.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Dilution followed by incineration is the preferred method. Dilution ratio of 10:1 in a clean, compatible, combustible solvent (i.e. Fuel Oil #2, mineral oil) will reduce reactivity hazard during incineration and transportation.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Organic Peroxide Type D, Liquid

TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME: Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide(s), <=45%

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 5.2

UN NUMBER:

UN3105

PACKING GROUP:

11

PRODUCT RQ (LBS): Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide(s) = 10 lbs

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION:

Immediate (Acute) Health: yes

Delayed (Chronic) Health: no

Sudden Release of

Pressure:

no

Reactive:

yes

Fire:

ves

The components of this product are either on the TSCA Inventory list or exempt as impurities.

SARA TITLE III, SECTION 302:

This product does not contain any chemicals currently on the Extremely Hazardous Substance List, Section 302, SARA Title III, See section 2 for further details regarding concentrations and registry numbers Hydrogen Peroxide

SARA TITLE III, SECTION 313:

This product does contain chemicals which are defined as toxic Chemicals under and subject to the reporting requirements of, Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Ammendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372. See Section 2. Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Ingredient Related Regulatory Information:

SARA Reportable Quantities CERCLA RQ SARA TPQ

Hexylene glycol NE

Hydrogen Peroxide NE 1000

Water NE

Methyl ethyl ketone 5000 lbs

Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide(s) 10 lbs

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutylrate NE

CALIFORNIA PROPOSTION 65:

This product does not contain any chemicals currently listed on the California List of known Reproductive Toxins.

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

Hazardous Substance List

This product contains:

Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxides

Hexylene glycol

Hydrogen peroxide

Methyl ethyl ketone

which are listed on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List.

PENNSYLVANIA ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Environmental Hazardous Substance List

This product contains:

Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxides

Hydrogen peroxide

Methyl ethyl ketone

which are listed on the Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous

Substance

List.

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

Special Hazardous Substance List

This product does not contain any chemicals currently on the Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List, above the OSHA de minimis concentration.

MASSACHUSETTS RIGHT-TO-KNOW

This product contains:

Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxides

Hydrogen peroxide

Methyl ethyl ketone

which are listed on the Massachusetts Hazardous Substance List.

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW

This product contains:
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxides 1338-23-4
Hexylene glycol 107-41-5
Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3
which are listed on the New Jersey Hazardous Substance List.

SECTION 16 - COMMENTS

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be, whether originating with Fibre Glast Developments Corporation or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

Key:

NE- Not Established NA- Not Applicable

Miscellaneous

Additional Incompatibility Data:

Rust, copper, and brass are not compatible with MEK peroxide. 316 stainless steel, glass, polyethylene, polytetrafluoroethylene and polypropylen are preferred materials for contact with MEK peroxides. Acetone may react with residual hydrogen peroxide to form insoluble shock-sensitive acetone peroxide crystals.

[INFO CENTER] [ONLINE CATALOG] [CONTACT US] [PICS & LINKS] [SEARCH] [INTERNATIONAL] [CLEARANCE CORNER]

Copyright © 2000 Fibre Glast Developments Corporation. All rights reserved. (800)330-6368

[Index] [Home] MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIBRE GLAST DEVELOPMENTS CORP.

95 MOSIER PARKWAY

BROOKVILLE, OH 45309

REV 07/01

TELEPHONE: (937) 833-5200

FAX: 937-833-6555

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY CALL (800) 424-9300 24 HRS.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME(s): PART #223 - 18 Ounce Woven Roving

CHEMICAL NAME & SYNONYMS: Continuous Filament Fiber Glass

CHEMICAL FORMULA: E-Glass

COLOR: Yellow-White to White

ODOR: No Odor

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS

COMMON NAME WT % CHEMICAL NAME CAS# Fiber Glass Continuous Fibrous Glass 65997-17-3 98-100 Filament (non respirable)* >98 Respirable Particulate <1 Respirable Particulate with fiberlike dimensions (glass shards) < 0.002 Size Size mixture 0-2

NOTE: * See Section 8 of MSDS for exposure limit data for these ingredients.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: No unusual conditions are expected from this product.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Inhalation, Skin, Eye

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

ACUTE: (short term) Fiber glass continuous filament is a mechanical irritant. Breathing dusts and fibers may cause short term irritation of the mouth, nose and throat. Skin contact with dust and fibers may cause itching and short term irritation. Eye contact with dust and fibers may

cause short term mechanical irritation. Ingestion may cause short term mechanical irritation of the stomach and intestines. See Section 8 for exposure controls.

CHRONIC: (long term) There is no known chronic health effects connected with long term use or contact with this product. In laboratory test of a different product with comparable composition and durability, animals breathing very high concentrations of respirable fibers on a long-term basis developed fibrosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma See Section 11 of MSDS for more toxicological data.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Respiratory or skin conditions that are aggravated by mechanical irritants may be at an increase risk for worsening from exposure to this product.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Wash with mild soap and running water. Use a washcloth to help remove fibers. To avoid further irritation, do not rub or scratch affected areas. Rubbing or scratching may force fibers into skin. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

INHALATION: Move person to fresh air. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

INGESTION: Ingestion of this material is unlikely. If it does occur, watch the person for several days to make sure that intestinal blockage does not occur.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: NONE

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: NONE

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE: NOT APPLICABLE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water, Foam, CO2 or Dry Chemical

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Not applicable.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full bunker gear in a sustained fire.

SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS FROM FIRE:

Primary combustion products are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and water. Other undetermined compounds could be released in small quantities.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Releases of this product to the land, water, and air may require reporting to federal, state or local authorities.

LAND SPILL:

Scoop up material and put into suitable container for disposal as a non-hazardous waste.

WATER SPILL:

This material will sink and disperse along the bottom of waterways and ponds. It can not easily be removed after it is waterborne; however, the material is non-hazardous in water.

AIR RELEASE:

This material will settle out of the air. If concentrated on land it can then be scooped up for disposal as a non-hazardous waste.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Not Applicable

STORAGE PRESSURE: Not Applicable

GENERAL: No special storage or handling procedures are required for this material.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	
Fiber Glass Continuous Filament	(8-hr TWA)	8-hr TWA)	
Nonrespirable fibers and particulate	15 mg/m ³ Total Dust	5 mg/m ³ Inhalable Fraction	
Respirable particulate Respirable particulate with fiber like	5 mg/m ³ Respirable Dust	3 mg/m ³ PNOC	
dimensions (glass shards) Size	None Established None Established	1 fiber/cc None Established	

PNOC= Particles not otherwise classified

As manufactured continuous filament glass fibers are not respirable. Continuous filament glass

products that are chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed during manufacturing or use may contain a very small amount of respirable particulate, some of which may be glass shards.

VENTILATION:

General dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation should be provided as necessary to maintain exposures exposures below occupational exposure limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

A properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved disposable dust respirator such as the 3M mode 8210 (formerly 8710) or model 8271 (formerly 9900) in high humidity environments, or equivalent should be used when: high dust levels are encountered; the level of glass fibers in the air exceeds the occupational exposure limits; or if irritation occurs. Use respiratory protection in accordance with your company's respirator protection program, local regulations and OSHA regulations under 29 CFR1910.134

SKIN PROTECTION:

Loose fitting long sleeved shirt that covers the base of the neck, long pants and gloves. Skir irritation is known to occur chiefly at pressure points such as around neck, wrist, waist and between fingers.

EYE PROTECTION:

Safety glasses, goggles or face shield.

WORK AND HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Handle using good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Avoid unnecessary exposures by using adequate local exhaust ventilation. Remove material from skin and eyes after contact Remove material from clothing using vacuum equipment (never use compressed air.) Always wash work clothes separately from other clothing. Wipe out the washer or sink to prevent loose glass fibers from getting on other clothing. Keep the work area clean of dusts and fibers released during processing or fabrication. Use vacuum equipment to clean up product. Avoic sweeping or using compressed air as these techniques re-suspend dusts and fibers into the air. Have access to safety showers and eye wash stations.

SECTION 9 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None Known

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): None Known

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Sizings or binders may decompose in a fire. See Section 5 of MSDS for combustion products statement.

SECTION 10 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Solid

ODOR TYPE: None

pH: Not applicable

BOILING POINT: Not applicable

FREEZING POINT: Not applicable

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.6 (water = 1)

PHYSICAL STATE: Solid

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg @ 20° C: Not applicable

VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1): Not applicable

EVAPORATION RATE (n-Butyl Acetate=1): Not Applicable

VISCOSITY: Not Applicable

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble in water.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CARCINOGENICITY:

The table below indicates whether or not each agency has listed each ingredients as a carcinogen.

INGREDIENT	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA	97/6
Fiber Glass Continuous Filament ^(a)	A4	3	NO	NO	NO
Size	No	No	No	No	No

ACGIH: A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC: Not Classifiable with respect to Human Carcinogenicity

(a) includes: Nonrespirable glass particulate. Respirable glass particulate and Respirable particulate with fiber-like dimensions (glass shards).

 $LD_{50} \ Oral(g/kg) \quad LD_{50} \ Dermal(g/kg) \ \ LC_{50} \ Inhalation(ppm. \ 8hrs.)$

Fiber Glass Continuous Filament Not Available Not Available Not Available

Size Not Available Not Available Not Available

FIBER GLASS CONTINUOUS FILAMENT:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized fiber glass continuous filament as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IARC as insufficient to classify fiber glass continuous filament as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material.

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) A4 classification, not classifiable as a human carcinogen, for respirable continuous filament glass fibers is based or inadequate data in terms of its carcinogenicity in humans and/or animals.

For respirable continuous filament glass fibers, a TLA-TWA of 1 fiber/cc was adopted to protect workers against mechanical irritation. The TLV-TWA of 5 mg/m³ was adopted for nonrespirable glass filament fiber. measured as inhalable dust, to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract.

NOTE: There are no known chronic health effects connected with long term use or contact with these products.

Products that are chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed during manufacture or use may contain a very small amount of respirable glass fiber-like fragments. NIOSH defines "respirable fibers' as greater than 5 microns in length and less than 3 microns in diameter with an aspect ratio of greater than or equal 5:1 (length-to-width ratio).

CHRONIC STUDY IN ANIMALS:

A laboratory test was conducted with a different product (special application glass fiber) with comparable composition and durability. Test animals breathing very high concentrations of respirable fibers on a long-term basis developed fibrosis, lung cancer and mesothelioma.

About 23% of the rats (n=43) exposed to 1022 f/cc for 5 hrs/day, 7 days/week for 52 weeks developed lung tumor (adenoma and carcinoma). Five percent (5%) of the unexposed control group (n=38) developed lung tumors (adenoma and carcinoma).

Five percent (5%) of the rats in the exposed group developed mesothelioma and 12.5% developed advanced fibrosis. None of the arts in the unexposed control group developed mesothelioma and 0.6% developed advanced fibrosis.

A second group of rats was exposed to a similar concentration of asbestos (respirable amosite fibers) for 5 hours/day, 7 days/week for 52 weeks. 38% of the rats developed lung tumors (adenoma and carcinoma) and 5% developed mesothelioma, 14.5% developed advanced fibrosis

Importantly, this result, that is similar disease rates for special application fiber and amosite asbestos had been predicted in a 1996 scientific paper (Inhal. Tox. 8:323.343.1996 ref). That paper specifically

stated that in rats all fibers which were durable enough to remain in a rat lung for two (2) years or more would produce the same disease rates if the exposures were the same. While the special application fiber is much less durable than asbestos, it is stable enough to remain in the rat lung for more than two (2) year time period. The results of the current study are therefore not unexpected, and they do not indicated that similar disease rates would be seen in longer lived species or humans, exposed to these fibers.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Fiber glass is generally considered to be an inert solid waste, and no special precautions should be taken in case it is released or spilled. These products do not contain, nor are manufactured with, Class I or Class II Ozone-Depleting Chemicals (CFCs) identified in the Clean Air Act Amendment, 1990 List of Ozone Depleting Chemicals.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This material is not expected to cause harm to animals, plants or fish.

RCRA HAZARD CLASS: Non-hazardous

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT SHIPPING NAMES: Not Regulated

HAZARD CLASS OR DIVISION: None SECONDARY: None

IDENTIFICATION NO: None PACKING GROUP: None

LABEL(S) REQUIRED (if not excepted): None PACKAGING EXCEPTIONS: None

SPECIAL PROVISIONS: None BULK PACKAGING: None

EPA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: None RQ: None

QUANTITY LIMITATIONS: Passenger Aircraft: None Cargo Aircraft: None

MARINE POLLUTANTS: None FREIGHT DESCRIPTION: None

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SHIPPING DESCRIPTION: None

TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS - CANADA

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not Regulated

IMO CLASSIFICATION: None

TDG HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: (Primary): None (Secondary): None

ICAO?IATA CLASSIFICATION: None

PACKING GROUP: None

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: None

EMERGENCY TEMPERATURE: None

SCHEDULE XII QUANTITY RESTRICTION: None

CONTROL TEMPERATURE: None

REPORTABLE QUANTITY FOR US SHIPMENTS: None

IATA PACKING INSTRUCTION:

Passenger/Cargo: None Cargo Only: None Limited Quantity: None

MAXIMUM NET QUANTITY PER PACKAGE:

Passenger/Cargo: None Cargo Only: None Limited Quantity: None

SPECIAL PROVISIONS: None

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA STATUS: Each ingredient is on the inventory.

NSR STATUS (CANADA): Each ingredient is on DSL.

SARA TITLE III: HAZARD CATEGORIES

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: No Fire Hazard: No Pressure Hazard: No Reactivity Hazard: No

REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS

SEC. 302/304: None SEC. 313: None

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: No ingredient is listed

CLEAN AIR ACT: No ingredient is listed

WHMIS (CANADA): STATUS: Not Controlled

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION(S): None

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS AND NFPA HAZARD RATING:

CATEGORY	HMIS	NFPA
Acute Health	1	1
Flammability	0	0
Reactivity	0	0

NFPA UNUSUAL HAZARDS: None

HMIS PERSONAL PROTECTION: To be supplied by user depending upon use.

SECTION 17 - COMMENTS

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with Fibre Glast Developments Corporation or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

[INFO CENTER] [ONLINE CATALOG] [CONTACT US] [PICS & LINKS] [SEARCH] [INTERNATIONAL] [CLEARANCE CORNER]

Copyright © 2000 Fibre Glast Developments Corporation. All rights reserved. (800)330-6368

[Index] [Home] MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIBRE GLAST DEVELOPMENTS CORP.

95 MOSIER PARKWAY

BROOKVILLE, OH 45309

REV 07/01

TELEPHONE: (937) 833-5200

FAX: 937-833-6555

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY CALL (800) 424-9300 24 HRS.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: PART #241, 243, 244, 245, 247, 254, 259, 262, 271 Woven Fiberglass **Fabrics**

DESCRIPTION: Woven textile product used for reinforcement in various resin systems.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION: F3 and F16 Finish Fiberglass

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Woven fiberglass fabric using E-Glass or S2-Glass fibers with a Chromium (Cr³⁺) Methacrylate finish applied.

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT:

-1

% BY WEIGHT: CAS #:

ACGIH (TLV)

OSHA (PEL)

Fiberglass Fiber

Synthetic

Vitreous Continuous Filament

65997-17-3 5 mg/m³ (Inhalable) 5 mg/m³ (Respirable)

98.8 - 100.00

1f/cc

15 mg/m³ (Total)

This product is not classified as a hazardous chemical as defined by OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Where specific exposure limits for component dusts are not established, the levels provided for Total/Inhalable and Respirable dust reflect the classification of particulates not otherwise regulated/classified by OSHA and ACGIH.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

No unusual conditions are expected from this product.

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

White fibers, with greenish tint, woven into fabric of varying weight, width and thickness, depending on style, with a finish applied, with no distinctive odor. There may be a sealant applied to the edges of slit (less than full width) fabrics to prevent fibers from becoming unwoven.

STATEMENT OF HAZARD:

Caution! May cause temporary mechanical irritation of eyes, skin or upper respiratory tract.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye: Yes Skin: Yes

Inhalation: Yes Ingestion: No

HMIS RATING:

Health: 1

Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 Special: None

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Eye: May cause mechanical irritation to the eyes.

Skin: May cause mechanical irritation to the skin and possible dermatitis.

Inhalation: May cause mechanical irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Very unlikely. If a large amount is swallowed, seek medical attention.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Chronic respiratory skin conditions that are aggravated by mechanical irritants may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

CARCINOGENIC INFORMATION:

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed or regulated by NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen, but Glass Filament is listed by IARC as Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogen).

SECTION 4 - PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

White fibers, with greenish tint, woven into fabric of varying weight, width and thickness, depending on style, with a finish applied, with no distinctive odor. There may be a sealant applied to the edges of slit (less than full width) fabrics to prevent fibers from becoming unwoven

MELTING POINT: >1292°F/>700°C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water=1): 2.60

pH OF UNDILUTED PRODUCT: Not Determined

VOLATILE [PERCENT (%) BY WEIGHT]: 0

PERCENT (%) VOC: Not Determined

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble

SECTION 5 - FIRE HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water spray, dry chemical or CO₂ to extinguish fires.

SPECIAL FIRE HAZARDS: Avoid exposure through use of a self-contained, positive-pressure breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS: None

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

PRODUCTS EVOLVED FROM HEAT OF COMBUSTION OR DECOMPOSITION:

The products of combustion and decomposition depend on other materials present in the fire and the actual conditions of the fire. Burning will decompose the finish and release oxides of carbon, nitrogen and silicon, water, ammonia, hydrogen chloride, traces of incompletely burned carbon products and other unidentified gases and vapors which may be toxic. Avoic inhalation.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: None

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions of use. Rapic heating of the product in bulk may produce an uncontrolled exothermic reaction which may char and decompose the finish, generating unidentified gases and vapors which may be toxic. Avoid inhalation.

SECTION 7 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye: Yes Skin: Yes

Inhalation: Yes Ingestion: No

HMIS RATING:

Health: 1

Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 Special: None

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Eye: May cause mechanical irritation to the eyes.

Skin: May cause mechanical irritation to the skin and possible dermatitis.

Inhalation: May cause mechanical irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Very unlikely. If a large amount is swallowed, seek medical attention.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Chronic respiratory skin conditions that are aggravated by mechanical irritants may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

CARCINOGENIC INFORMATION:

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed or regulated by NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen, but Glass Filament is listed by IARC as Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogen).

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION REQUIRED

EYE/FACE PROTECTION:

Avoid eye contact. Wear coverall goggles, as necessary, to prevent irritation, if airborne dust or fibers are present.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear protective clothing such as loose fitting, long sleeved shirt that covers to the base of the neck, long pants and gloves, as necessary, to prevent irritation. Skin irritation is known to occur primarily at pressure points such as around the neck, wrist, waist and between the fingers.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Not ordinarily required. If sufficient dust or fibers are generated during use of the product, use a NIOSH approved dust respirator.

VENTILATION:

Use local exhaust sufficient to control fibers and dust generated. If exhaust ventilation is not available or is inadequate, use a NIOSH approved dust respirator.

GENERAL HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water. Remove any contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use vacuum equipment to remove fibers and dust from clothing and work areas. Compressed air is not recommended.

SECTION 9 - CONTAINMENT AND DISPOSAL

CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN-UP:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing (See Section 8). Clean up material, put into ε suitable container and dispose of properly (See Section 13).

DISPOSAL:

Material for disposal should be placed in appropriate sealed containers to avoid potentia human and environmental exposure. It is the responsibility of the generator to comply with al federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations. We recommend that you contact ar appropriate waste disposal contractor and environmental agency for relevant laws and regulations. Under the US Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets relevant waste classification.

SECTION 10 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

SHIPPING: Not regulated by DOT; not classified by TDG.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry area. Maintain sealed against contamination form dirt and moisture.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

COMPONENT TOXICITY DATA:

Median Lethal Dose (Species)

Oral (LD₅₀): Not Determined

Inhalation (LC₅₀): Not Determined Dermal(LD₅₀): Not Determined

Irritation Index, Estimation of Irritation (Species):

Skin: Not Determined Eve: Not Determined

Inhalation: Not Determined

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No ecological data has been determined.

SECTION 13 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III:

Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: None

Section 311 Hazardous Categorization: None

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals None

CERCLA:

Section 102(A) Hazardous Substance: None

RCRA INFORMATION:

Currently, this product is not listed in federal hazard waste regulations 40 CFR, Part 261.33 paragraphs (e) or (f), i.e. chemical products that are considered hazardous if they become waste. State or Local hazardous waste regulations may also apply if they are different from federal regulation. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets relevant waste classification and to assure proper disposal.

WHMIS (Canada):

Classification: None

Ingredient Disclosure List: Fibrous glass (CAS #65997-17-3)

CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986:

Warning! The state of California has determined that the following listed compnent chemicals in this product may cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm: None

TSCA INFORMATION:

All components of this product are either listed or are not required to be listed in the EPA TSCA inventory.

OZONE DEPLETION INFORMATION:

This product does not contain or is not manufactured with ozone depleting substances as identified ir Title VI Clean Air Act "Stratospheric Ozone Protection" and the regulations set forth in 40 CFR, Pan 82.

SECTION 14 - COMMENTS

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with Fibre Glast Developments Corporation or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

[INFO CENTER] [ONLINE CATALOG] [CONTACT US] [PICS & LINKS] [SEARCH] [INTERNATIONAL] [CLEARANCE CORNER]

Copyright © 2000 Fibre Glast Developments Corporation. All rights reserved. (800)330-6368

PO 65355

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name:

WEST SYSTEM® 105 Resin

HMIS Hazard Rating Index

Health 2

Flammability 1

Reactivity 0

Personal Protection H

Manufacturer:

Gougeon Brothers, Inc 100 Patterson Ave. Bay City, MI 48706 USA (517) 684-7286 **Emergency Telephone:**

Chemtrec

(800) 424-9300

Poison Hotline

(313) 745-5711

Date Prepared:

January 4, 1993

Replaces:

January 2, 1992

Section 1 - Product Information

Product Description:Formulated epoxy resin

Section 2 - Hazardous Ingredients

Contents **OSHA** STEL CAS ACGIH Material or component: (PEL) % (TLV) Number Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6 Bisphenol-F based epoxy resin 28064-14-4 Bisphenol-A based epoxy resin 25068-38-6 Epichlorohydrin 106-89-8 < 4 ppm 2 ppm 2 ppm Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 111-76-2 0.2% 25 ppm 25 ppm

-- not established

Section 3 - Physical Data

Boiling Point:

> 400°F

Melting point:

no info.

Solubility in Water:

slight

% Volatile (vol):

13.9**

Specific Gravity (water = 1): 1.15

Vapor pressure (mmHg):

< 1 mmHg @ 20°C

Evaporation rate:

slower than

Vapor Density: heavier than air

ρH:

no info.

Freezing point:

butyl acetate no into.

Viscosity:

1000 cP

Critical temperature:

no info.

Appearance and odor:.....Light yellow liquid with mild odor.

"See note in Section 11.

105-1

Section 4 - Fire & Explosion Hazard Data

Flash point (method):

> 200°F

Autoignition temperature:

> 800°F

Flammable limits in air (%):

Lower: n/d

Upper: n/d

Extinguishing media:Foam, CO₂, dry chemical

Special fire fighting procedures:.......Remove all ignition sources. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and

complete personal protective equipment.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards: Closed containers may rupture (due to buildup of pressure) when exposed to

extreme heat.

Section 5 - Reactivity Data

Product corrosive:

No

Stability:

Stable

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur by itself, but a mass of more than one pound of product plus an

aliphatic amine will cause irreversible polymerization with significant heat buildup.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat over long periods of time degrades the resin.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide fumes may be produced when heated to

decomposition.

Section 6 - Health Hazard Data

Ingestion: Low acute oral toxicity.

Inhalation: Not considered a problem unless heated to high temperature.

Eye contact: May cause irritation.

Skin contact: May cause allergic skin response in certain individuals. May cause moderate irritation to the skin.

Skin absorption: Not likely to be absorbed in toxic amounts.

Chronic effects of overexposure: Except for skin sensitization, repeated exposures is not anticipated to cause any significant adverse effects. Pre-existing skin and eye disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. Pre-existing skin or lung allergies may increase the chance of developing allergic

symptoms to this product.

Section 7 - Emergency & First Aid Procedures

Ingestion: Induce vomiting if large amounts are ingested.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air if effects occur. Consult a physician.

Eye contact:........... Flush immediately with water for 5 minutes. Consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off in flowing water or shower. Consult a physician. Decontaminate clothing and

accessories before reuse.

105-2

Section 8 - Spills, Leaks, Handling & Storage Procedures

flammable solvent such as methylene chloride.

Waste disposal method: (Disposer must comply with federal, state or local waste disposal laws.)

Dispose of waste per federal, state or local regulations.

Handling & storage methods: Store in tight containers to prevent moisture absorption and loss of volatiles.

Section 9 - Special Protection Information

Ventilation requirements:.....Good room ventilation usually adequate for most operations.

canister whenever exposure to vapor in concentrations above applicable limits is

likely.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Additional protective measures:..... Practice good caution and personal cleanliness to avoid skin and eye contact.

Avoid breathing vapors of heated materials.

Section 10 - Special Precautions

None.

Section 11 - Additional Information

**EPA Method 24, as described in 40 CFR Part 60, was used to determine the Volatile Matter Content of mixed epoxy resir and hardener. This method states that two-component coating systems should be tested by mixing the individual components together at the proper ratio. Refer to the hardener's MSDS for information about the total volatile content of the resin/hardener system.

This product contains the following chemicals that have been designated as cancer and/or reproductive hazards under California Proposition 65, SARA Title III, Section 313 and state R-T-K composition in Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and Canada:

Component Epichlorohydrin CAS Number

Wt. %

106-89-8

< 4 ppm

Epichlorohydrin has been reported to produce cancer in laboratory animals and epidemiological studies present "weak" evidence of cancer risk to humans. It is listed in the IARC monographs and by NTP.

Abbreviations used on this MSDS: n/a, not applicable; n/d, not determined; no info., no information available.

The information in the MSDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable but cannot guarantee. Additionally, your use of the information is beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. Therefore, the information is provided without any representation or warranty, express or implied. 105-3

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Gougeon Brothers, Inc.

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:WEST SYSTEM® 206™ Slow Hardener.

PRODUCT CODE:206 CHEMICAL FAMILY:Amine.

CHEMICAL NAME:Modified aliphatic polyamine.

FORMULA:Not applicable.

MANUFACTURER:

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

Gougeon Brothers, Inc. Transportation

CHEMTREC:800-424-9300 100 Patterson Avenue

Bay City, MI 48706, U.S.A. Non-transportation

Poison Hotline:313-745-5711 Phone: 517-684-7286

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

	CONCEN		<u>E</u>	XPOSUR	E LIMIT	<u>rs</u>
INGREDIENT NAME	<u>CAS</u> <u>No.</u>	CONCEN- TRATION (%)	AC TLV	GIH STEL	OS: PEL	HA <u>STEL</u>
Diethylenetriamine, liquid resin adduct	38294-69-8	30-50%	n/e	n/e	n/e	n/e
Polyoxypropylenediamine	9046-10-0		n∕e	n/e	n/e	n/e
Tetraethylenepentamine (TEPA)	112-57-2		n/e	n/e	n/e	n/c
Reaction products of TETA and propylene oxide	26950-63-0		n/e	n/e	n/e	n/e
Triethylenetetramine (TETA)	112-24-3		n/e	n/e	n∕e	n/e

 $\pi/e = not established.$

Reactivity - 0

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HMIS Hazard Rating:

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER! Strong skin sensitizer. Corrosive. May cause severe chemical burns to eyes and skin. Harmful if swallowed. Can cause respiratory tract irritation. Light-yellow colored liquid with

Flammability - 1

Health - 3

ammonia odor. PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:Skin and eye contact, inhalation. POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS: ACUTE INHALATION: Excessive exposure to vapor or mist are irritating to the upper respiratory tract, causing nasal discharge, coughing, and discomfort in eyes, nose, throat and chest. Severe cases may cause difficult breathing and lung damage. sensitization in susceptible individuals. burns and blistering. May cause allergic reaction in certain individuals. CHRONIC SKIN CONTACT: Possible Skin sensitization. May cause persistent irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged skin contact may result in material being absorbed in harmful amounts. EYE CONTACT: May cause blurred vision. May cause irritation with corneal injury resulting in permanent vision impairment or even blindness.

SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE:Skin irritation, burns and blistering. Irritation of the

nose and throat, headache, nausea and vomiting. Eye irritation and blurred vision.

Last Revised: 02JAN96

CARCINOGENICITY:

irritation or ulceration. May cause burns of the mouth and throat.

NTP.......No.
IARC.....No.
OSHA.....No.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Existing respiratory conditions, such as asthma and bronchitis. Existing skin conditions.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

FIRST AID FOR SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin with soap and water. Do not apply greases or ointments.

FIRST AID FOR INHALATION: Move to fresh air and consult physician if effects occur.

FIRST AID FOR INGESTION: Give conscious person at least 2 glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting should occur spontaneously, keep airway clear. Get medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

FL	ASH POINT	> 200°F (Open	Cup)
----	-----------	-----------	------	------

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Use full-body protective gear and a self-contained breathing apparatus. If spill has ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:......Stop leak without additional risk. Wear proper personal protective equipment. Dike and contain spill. Ventilate area. Large spill - dike and pump into appropriate container for recovery. Small spill - dilute with water and recover or use inert, non-combustible absorbent material (e.g., sand) and shovel into suitable container. Do not use sawdust, wood chips or other cellulosic materials to absorb the spill, as the possibility for spontaneous combustion exists. Wash spill residue with warm, soapy water if necessary.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

STORAGE TEMPERATURE (min./max.):40°F (4°C) / 90°F (32°C).

SHELF LIFE: Two years or more in original sealed container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION:

RESPIRATORY/VENTILATION GUIDELINES:

General mechanical or local exhaust ventilation. With inadequate ventilation, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge (approval #TC-23C).

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

Use where there is immediate access to safety shower and emergency eye wash. Provide proper wash/cleanup facilities for proper hygiene. Contact lens should not be worn when working with this material.

EXPOSURE LIMITS:Not established for product as whole. Refer to Section 2.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

PHYSICAL FORM	Liquid.
COLOR	Light-yellow.
ODOR	Ammonia-like.
BOILING POINT	>480°F.
MELTING POINT/FREEZE POINT	No data.
pH	11.4
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Appreciable.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.01
BULK DENSITY	8.45 pounds/gallon.
VAPOR PRESSURE	< 1 mmHg @ 20°C.
VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than air.

% VOLATILE BY WEIGHT	EPA Method 24, as described in 40 CFR Part 60,
was used to determine the Volatile Matter Cont	ent of mixed epoxy resin and hardener. This method
states that two-component coating systems shou	ald be tested by determining weight loss after mixing
the individual components together at the prope	r ratio, dissolving them in an appropriate solvent, and
subjecting them to a temperature of 230°F. 105	Resin and 206 Hardener, mixed together at 5:1 by
weight, has a density of 1176 g/L (9.81 lbs/gal).	. The combined VOC content for 105/206 is 49.5 g/L
(0.41 lbs/gal).	

10. REACTIVITY:

STABILITY:Stable.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITIES: May react violently when in contact with oxidizing materials, acids or halogenated compounds such as methylene chloride. Reactions may be slow initially, then may rapidly generate heat and vapor pressure.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:Burning or excessive heat may produce toxic levels of ammonia, oxides of nitrogen and irritating aldehydes.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Oral: Slightly toxic.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

No data.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Evaluation of this product using RCRA criteria shows that it is not a hazardous waste, either by listing or characteristics, in its purchased form. It is the responsibility of the user to determine proper disposal methods.

Incineration or landfill may be preferred methods when conducted in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME: Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME: Diethylenetriamine, liquid resin adduct.

D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS: Class 8

U.N./N.A. NUMBER: UN 2735

PACKING GROUP: PG III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:

STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of this MSDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

COMPONENT NAME

/CAS NUMBER

CONCENTRATION

STATE CODE

None known.

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

REASON FOR ISSUE:

New information in Sections 8 and 14.

PREPARED BY:

T. J. Atkinson

APPROVED BY:

G. M. House

TITLE:

Health, Safety & Environmental Coordinator

APPROVAL DATE:

January 2, 1996

SUPERSEDES DATE:

March 31, 1995

MSDS NUMBER:206-96a

Note: The Hazardous Material Indexing System (HMIS), cited in the Emergency Overview of Section 3, uses the following index to assess hazard rating: 0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight: 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; and 4 = Severe.

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, except that it is accurate to the best knowledge of Gougeon Brothers, Inc. The data on this sheet is related only to the specific material designated herein. Gougeon Brothers. Inc. assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon these data.

MSDS #206-96a

vantico

08/14/02

PIASECKI REF po#66727 WEST TERMINUS OF SECOND ST ESSINGTON, PA, United States 19029

PO Number: 592

Dear Customer:

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are routinely sent to you with your initial order for our products. These MSDSs give identity, health, safety and regulatory information, including safe handling procedures and data necessary to comply with various environmental statutes and state right-to-know laws.

The MSDSs for the products listed below are enclosed with this letter. Please forward copies of the MSDSs to the responsible personnel in your company and any appropriate downstream customers.

Thank you for your business and for your attention to our MSDSs.

Sincerely,

Product Safety Group

Enclosure(s):

MSDS #: 6011 RP 1510 Hardener MSDS #: 6083 RP 4017 Resin Vantico Inc. North America

Polymer Specialties

4917 Dawn Avenue East Lansing, MI 48823-5691

8am to 4:30pm Phone: (517) 351-5900

24-Hour Health/Environmental Emergency Phone: 1-888-354-3323

vantico

Effective Date: 12/6/01

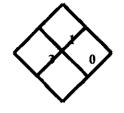
Material Safety Data Sheet

MSDS No: 6011

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: RP 1510 Hardener

Chemical Family: Amine



Health 3
Flammability 1
Reactivity 0
Protective Equipment

NFPA RATING

HMIS RATING

Intended Use or Product Type: Heat Resistant Hardener.

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

o s	CAS No.	CHEMICAL IDENTITY	EXPOSURE LIMITS			CARCINOGEN STATUS				
H			AC	GIH	OS	HA	MFR.	IARC	NTP	OSHA
A			TWA	STEL	PEL	STEL				
*	1477-55-0	1,3-Benzenedimethanamine	NE	.1 mg/m3	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR
	Common Name:	m-Xylenediamine				<u> </u>				
+	2855-13-2 Common Name:	Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5- amino-1,3,3-trimethyl- Isophorone diamine	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR
+	616-47-7 Common Name:	1H-Imidazole, 1-methyl- 1-Methylimidazole	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR
*	68738-77-2 Common Name:	1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A and 2,2,4-trimethyl 1,6-hexane diamine MXDA/TMD/DGEBA adduct intermediate	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR

* = OSHA Hazardous Ingredient

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Printed: 8/14/2002 Page 1 of 5

Emergency Overview: Corrosive - Causes skin and eye burns. Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause allergic skin and respiratory reactions.

Primary Route(s) of Entry: Dermal; heated product may produce inhalable vapors.

Acute Exposure: Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: If conscious, give 2 - 4 glasses of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician.

Skin: Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Destroy contaminated

shoes.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Call a physician.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Overexposure Effects: Corrosive - causes skin and eye burns. Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause allergic skin and respiratory reactions.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Skin, eye and pulmonary conditions.

Additional Information: Referral to a physician is recommended if there is any question about the seriousness of any injury.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:

> 250°F (> 121 °C)

Flash Point Method Used:

PMCC

Flammable Limits in Air (Lower - % by volume):

Not established

Flammable Limits in Air (Upper - % by volume):

Not established

Fire Fighting Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water.

Fire Fighting Equipment: Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Decomposition and combustion products may be toxic.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Remove spillage by absorbing in absorbent material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Printed: 8/14/2002

Signal Word: Danger!

Precautions: Corrosive - causes skin and eye burns. Can cause allergic respiratory reaction and allergic skin reaction. Can be harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep container closed when not in use. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Other Handling Information: Nuisance dust may be generated when sanding or sawing cured material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Skin Protection: Wear impermeable gloves.

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridge respirator when vapor/mist exposure is likely.

Eve Protection: Wear splash-proof chemical goggles.

Engineering Controls: General mechanical and local exhaust in accordance with ACGIH recommendations.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:

Physical State:
Solubility in Water:
Vapor Pressure:
Specific Gravity:
Boiling Point:
Evaporation Rate:
Vapor Density:

VOC:

Clear Amber

Liquid Moderate

Not Determined 1.05 (water = 1)

> 400°F (> 204 °C) Not Determined

Not Determined 270.375 g/L

Percent Volatile: Negligible.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

Stability: Stable.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizers, acids and bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion may form toxic materials, such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Dermal Toxicity (LD50): Component(s) are toxic, 200 - 1000 mg/kg (rabbit).

Sensitization: Causes allergic skin and respiratory sensitivity in some people.

Printed: 8/14/2002 Page 3 of 5

Skin Irritation: Corrosive. Causes burns.

Eye Irritation: Corrosive. Causes burns.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Consult qualified local or corporate personnel for method that will comply with local, state and federal health and environmental regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: Non-Bulk

Proper Shipping Name:

Technical Shipping Name (If n.o.s.):

Hazard Class:

ID Number: Packing Group:

Label:

Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

Isophorone diamine, Metaxylenediamine

8

UN 2735 PG III

Corrosive

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations:

Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA): This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) has been prepared in compliance with the federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under that standard.

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA): Not a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261) but handle with care due to corrosive effect on skin and eyes.

SARA Title III: Section 313 Toxic Chemical List (TCL): This product does not contain any chemicals for routine annual toxic chemical release reporting under Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

TSCA Section 8(b) - Inventory Status: Chemical components listed on TSCA Inventory.

TSCA Section 12(b) - Export Notification: This product does not contain any chemical(s) that are subject to a Section 12(b) export notification.

State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain any chemicals currently on the California list of Known Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins.

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know: The following is required composition information:

Chemical Name: 1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A and 2,2,4-trimethyl 1,6-hexane diamine

Printed: 8/14/2002

Page 4 of 5

Common Name: MXDA/TMD/DGEBA adduct intermediate

CAS Number: 68738-77-2

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

Chemical Name: Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-

Common Name: Isophorone diamine

CAS Number: 2855-13-2

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

Chemical Name: 1,3-Benzenedimethanamine

Common Name: m-Xylenediamine

CAS Number: 1477-55-0
Comment: Hazardous Substance

Chemical Name: 1H-Imidazole, 1-methyl-Common Name: 1-Methylimidazole

CAS Number: 616-47-7

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS No:

6011

Approved By:

Printed: 8/14/2002

Kenneth L. Payne

Title:

E,H&S Manager

Disclaimer: The following supercedes Buyer's documents. SELLER MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No statements herein are to be construed as inducements to infringe any relevant patent. Under no circumstances shall Seller be liable for incidental, consequential or indirect damages for alleged negligence, breach of warranty, strict liability, tort or contract arising in connection with the product(s). Buyer's sole remedy and Seller's sole liability for any claims shall be Buyer's purchase price. Data and results are based on controlled or lab work and must be confirmed by Buyer by testing for its intended conditions of use. The product(s) has not been tested for, and is therefore not recommended for, uses for which prolonged contact with mucous membranes, abraded skin, or blood is intended; or for uses for which implantation within the human body is intended.

Vantico inc. **North America**

Polymer Specialties

4917 Dawn Avenue East Lansing, MI 48823-5691

Effective Date: 12/6/01

8am to 4:30pm Phone: (517) 351-5900

24-Hour Health/Environmental Emergency Phone: 1-888-354-3323

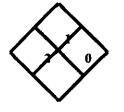
Material Safety Data Sheet

MSDS No: 6083

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: RP 4017 Resin

Chemical Family: Epoxy



Health Flammability 1 Reactivity 0 **Protective Equipment**

vantico

NFPA RATING

HMIS RATING

Intended Use or Product Type: High Heat Laminating Resin.

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

O S	CAS No.	CAS No. CHEMICAL IDENTITY EXPOSURE LIMITS				CARCINOGEN STATUS				
H	1		AC	GIH	OS	HA	MFR.	IARC	NTP	OSHA
A			TWA	STEL	PEL	STEL				
•	2425-79-8 Common Name:	Oxirane, 2,2'-[1,4- butanediylbis(oxymethylene)]bis- Butanediol Diglycidyl Ether	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR
•	25068-38-6 Common Name:	Phenol, 4,4'-(1- methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether Polymer	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR
*	28064-14-4 Common Name:	Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether Epoxy Phenol Novolac	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR
*	28768-32-3 Common Name:	Oxiranemethanamine, N,N'- (methylenedi-4, l-phenylene)bis[N- (oxiranylmethyl)- Tetraglycidylbis(p- aminophenyl)methane	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NR	NR	NR

NE = Not Established NR = Not Reviewed * = OSHA Hazardous Ingredient

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Page 1 of 6 Printed: 8/14/2002

Emergency Overview: Causes severe skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause skin burns and allergic skin reaction.

Primary Route(s) of Entry: Dermal; heated product may produce inhalable vapors.

Carcinogenicity (NTP, IARC, OSHA): This product contains carbon black which is classified as a carcinogen by IARC (2B, possibly carcinogenic to humans) and NIOSH.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: If conscious, give 2 - 4 glasses of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician.

Skin: Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Call a physician.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Overexposure Effects: Causes severe skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause skin burns and allergic skin reaction.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Skin and eye conditions.

Additional Information: Referral to a physician is recommended if there is any question about the seriousness of any injury.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:

> 300°F (> 149 °C)

Flash Point Method Used:

PMCC

Flammable Limits in Air (Lower - % by volume):

Not established

Flammable Limits in Air (Upper - % by volume):

Not established

Fire Fighting Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water.

Fire Fighting Equipment: Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Decomposition and combustion products may be toxic.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Remove spillage by absorbing in absorbent material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Signal Word: Danger!

Printed: 8/14/2002

Precautions: Causes severe skin irritation and may cause skin burns. Can cause eye irritation and allergic skin reaction. Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Other Handling Information: Nuisance dust may be generated when sanding or sawing cured material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Skin Protection: Wear impermeable gloves.

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridge respirator when vapor/mist exposure is likely.

Eye Protection: Wear splash-proof chemical goggles.

Engineering Controls: General mechanical and local exhaust in accordance with ACGIH recommendations.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:

Odor:

Physical State:

Solubility in Water:

Vapor Pressure:

Specific Gravity:

Boiling Point:

Evaporation Rate:

Vapor Density:

VOC:

pH:

Black

Mild

Flowing Filled Liquid

Negligible

0.0073 mm Hg at 80°C (176 °F)

1.26 (water = 1)

> 350°F (> 177 °C)

Not Determined Not Determined

0 g/L

Not Determined

Percent Volatile: Negligible.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

Stability: Stable.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizers, acids and bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion may form toxic materials, such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Sensitization: Possible in susceptible individuals.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains carbon black which is classified as a carcinogen by IARC (2B, possibly carcinogenic to

humans) and NIOSH.

Printed: 8/14/2002

RP 4017 Resin

Vantico Inc.

Effective Date: 12/6/01

Skin Irritation: Severe skin irritant.

Eve Irritation: Irritant.

Mutagenicity: Test results for N,N,N',N'-tetraglycidyl bis (para-aminophenyl) methane: ames test: positive; e.coli: negative; mouse lymphoma: positive; cell transformation: negative; nucleus anomaly (in vivo): negative; sister chromatid exchange (in vivo): inconclusive / negative; cytogenetic spermatocytes: negative; cytogenetic spermatogonia: negative. These results for N,N,N',N'-tetraglycidyl bis (para-aminophenyl) methane were filed with the EPA with a statement that the results do not seem to indicate that there is a mutagenic hazard to workers.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Consult qualified local or corporate personnel for method that will comply with local, state and federal health and environmental regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: Non-Bulk

Proper Shipping Name:

Resin compounds, N.O.I.

Department of Transportation: Not regulated as a hazardous material by the U.S. Dept. of Transportation (DOT) 49 CFR 172.101 hazardous materials table.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations:

Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA): This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) has been prepared in compliance with the federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under that standard.

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA): Not a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261).

SARA Title III: Section 313 Toxic Chemical List (TCL): This product does not contain any chemicals for routine annual toxic chemical release reporting under Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

TSCA Section 8(b) - Inventory Status: Chemical components listed on TSCA Inventory.

TSCA Section 12(b) - Export Notification: This product does not contain any chemical(s) that are subject to a Section 12(b) export notification.

State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: The following is required composition information. This product contains the following chemical(s) which are currently listed on the California list of Known Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins:

Printed: 8/14/2002 Page 4 of 6

RP 4017 Resin Vantico Inc.

Effective Date: 12/6/01

Effective Date: 12/6/01

Chemical Name: Quartz (SiO2) Common Name: Crystalline silica

CAS Number: 14808-60-7

Percent in Composition: 0.02 % by wt

Comment: Warning! This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Chemical Name: Oxirane, (phenoxymethyl)-Common Name: Phenyl Glycidyl Ether

CAS Number: 122-60-1

Percent in Composition: 0.0002 % by wt

Comment: Warning! This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Chemical Name: Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-

Common Name: MDA CAS Number: 101-77-9

Percent in Composition: 0 % by wt

Comment: Warning! This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know: The following is required composition information:

Chemical Name: Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane

Common Name: Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether Polymer

CAS Number: 25068-38-6

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

Chemical Name: Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether

Common Name: Epoxy Phenol Novolac

CAS Number: 28064-14-4

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

Chemical Name: Oxiranemethanamine, N,N'-(methylenedi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N-(oxiranylmethyl)-

Common Name: Tetraglycidylbis(p-aminophenyl)methane

CAS Number: 28768-32-3

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

Chemical Name: Limestone

Common Name: Calcium Carbonate

CAS Number: 1317-65-3

Comment: Hazardous Substance

Chemical Name: Oxirane, 2,2'-[1,4-butanediylbis(oxymethylene)]bis-

Common Name: Butanediol Diglycidyl Ether

CAS Number: 2425-79-8

Comment: Not on Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List

Chemical Name: Talc Common Name: Talc CAS Number: 14807-96-6 Comment: Hazardous Substance

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Printed: 8/14/2002 Page 5 of 6

RP 4017 Resin Vantico Inc.

Effective Date: 12/6/01

MSDS No:

6083

Approved By:

Kenneth L. Payne

Title:

E,H&S Manager

Disclaimer: The following supercedes Buyer's documents. SELLER MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No statements herein are to be construed as inducements to infringe any relevant patent. Under no circumstances shall Seller be liable for incidental, consequential or indirect damages for alleged negligence, breach of warranty, strict liability, tort or contract arising in connection with the product(s). Buyer's sole remedy and Seller's sole liability for any claims shall be Buyer's purchase price. Data and results are based on controlled or lab work and must be confirmed by Buyer by testing for its intended conditions of use. The product(s) has not been tested for, and is therefore not recommended for, uses for which prolonged contact with mucous membranes, abraded skin, or blood is intended; or for uses for which implantation within the human body is intended.

Page 6 of 6

Printed: 8/14/2002

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EQUILON MSDS: 857475E-01 01/04/99

AEROSHELL(R) TURBINE OIL 555

TELEPHONE NUMBER:

24 HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

EQUIVA SERVICES: 877-276-7283

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

NAME AND ADDRESS

EQUILON ENTERPRISES LLC PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP

P.O. BOX 674414

HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

GENERAL MSDS ASSISTANCE

877-276-7285

SECTION I

NAME

PRODUCT:

AEROSHELL(R) TURBINE OIL 555

CHEM NAME: MIXTURE (SEE SECTION II-A)

CHEM FAMILY: SYTHETIC HYDROCARBON; TURBINE ENGINE OIL

SHELL CODE: 60073

HEALTH HAZARD: 3 FIRE HAZARD: 1 REACTIVITY: 0

SECTI	TAO:	TT.	- 7\
SECTI	UIV.		

PRODUCT/INGREDIENT

NO.	COMPOSITION	CAS NO.	PERCENT
		with the same than the same term	
P	AEROSHELL TURBINE OIL 555	MIXTURE	100
1	SYNTHETIC ESTER	68424-31-7	0-96
2	SYNTHETIC ESTER	68424-33-9	0-96
3	OCTYLATED N-PHENYL-1-NAPHTHYLAMINE	68259-36-9	1-2
4	P, P-DIOCTYLDIPHENYLAMINE	101-67-7	1-2
5	TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (MIXED ISOMERS)	1330-78-5	1
6	MINOR ADDITIVES	MIXTURE	<1
NFP	A HAZARD RATING: HEALTH 0 FIRE 1	REACTIVITY 0	

SECTION	II-B
---------	------

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA

NO.	ACUTE ORAL LD50	ACUTE DERMAL LD50	ACUTE INHALATION LC50
P	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
5	>4.6 G/KG (RAT)	>4.6 G/KG (RABBIT)	NOT AVAILABLE

SECTION III

HEALTH INFORMATION

THE HEALTH EFFECTS NOTED BELOW ARE CONSISTENT WITH REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200)

EYE CONTACT: BASED ON COMPONENT INFORMATION THIS PRODUCT IS MILDLY IRRITATING

TO THE EYES.

SKIN CONTACT: BASED ON COMPONENT INFORMATION, PROLONGED OR REPEATED LIQUID

CONTACT CAN RESULT IN DEFATTING AND DRYING OF THE SKIN WHICH MAY RESULT IN SKIN IRRITATION AND DERMATITIS. SKIN CONTACT MAY

RESULT IN ABSORPTION OF TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE WHICH COULD RESULT IN DELAYED NEUROTOXICITY. RELEASE DURING HIGH PRESSURE USAGE MAY RESULT IN INJECTION OF OIL INTO THE SKIN CAUSING LOCAL NECROSIS.

INHALATION:

INHALATION OF VAPORS (GENERATED AT HIGH TEMPERATURES ONLY) OR OIL MIST FROM THIS PRODUCT MAY BE MILDLY IRRITATING TO THE NOSE,

THROAT AND RESPIRATORY TRACT; BASED ON THE PRESENCE OF TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE. THIS INHALATION MAY RESULT IN DELAYED NEUROTOXICITY.

INGESTION:

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS:

BASED ON PRESENCE OF TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE THIS PRODUCT MAY BE

TOXIC IF SWALLOWED, RESULTING IN DELAYED NEUROTOXICITY.

IRRITATION AS NOTED ABOVE. DELAYED NEUROTOXICITY MAY BE EVIDENCED BY NUMBNESS AND TINGLING OF THE HANDS AND FEET.

AGGRAVATED MEDICAL CONDITIONS:

PREEXISTING EYE, SKIN, RESPIRATORY AND NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS MAY BE

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT. OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:

THIS PRODUCT AND ITS COMPONENTS ARE NOT CLASSIFIED AS CARCINOGENS BY INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER (IARC), NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP) OR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA).

SEE SECTION VI FOR ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION.

SECTION IV	O	CCUPATIONAL E	XPOSURE LIMITS	
	OSHA PEL/CEILING	TLV/TWA		OTHER
P 5 MG/M3*		5 MG/M3*	10 MG/M3*	
3 0.1 MG/M3 * RECOMMENDED	** FOR MINERAL OIL MIST			HO ISOMER)
SECTION V	E	MERGENCY AND	FIRST AID PROCEDU	RES
EYE CONTACT:	IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EY			
SKIN CONTACT:	MINUTES WHILE HOLDING IMMEDIATELY REMOVE CO FROM SKIN AND FLUSH I USE SOAP IF AVAILABE DO NOT REUSE CLOTHING ATTENTION. CONTAMINA CANNOT BE DECONTAMINA	ONTAMINATED CI WITH PLENTY OF LE OR FOLLOW I G UNTIL THOROW ATED LEATHER I	LOTHING OR SHOES, F WATER FOR AT LEA BY WASHING WITH SO UGHLY CLEANED. GI ARTICLES, INCLUDIN	WIPE EXCESS AST 15 MINUTES. DAP AND WATER. ET MEDICAL NG SHOES,
INHALATION:	REMOVE VICTIM TO FREE DIFFICULT. GIVE ART:	SH AIR AND PRO	OVIDE OXYGEN IF B	REATHING IS
INGESTION:	DO NOT GIVE LIQUIDS OTHERWISE, GIVE NO MONOMITING BY GIVING 30 IPECAC IS UNAVAILABLY VOMITING BY TOUCHING VICTIM'S HEAD BELOW IN	ORE THAN 2 GLA OCC (2 TABLES) E, GIVE 2 GLA FINGER TO BAG	ASSES OF WATER AND POONS) SYRUP OF IN SSES OF WATER AND CK OF VICTIM'S TH	D INDUCE PECAC.* IF INDUCE ROAT. KEEP
NOTE TO PHYSIC	AS LOSS OF GAG BEFORE EMESIS.	BLESPOON) SYRI REFLEX, CONVI GASTRIC LAV	NO MORE THAN 1 GI JP OF IPECAC . II JLSIONS OR UNCONSO AGE SHOULD BE CONS CUFFED ENDOTRACHI	F SYMPTOMS SUCH CIOUSNESS OCCUR SIDERED
ADOMEON 111			DAL DU THEODMADION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SECTION VI

SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INFORMATION

TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (MIXED ISOMERS) HAS BEEN REPORTED TO PRODUCE DELAYED NEUROTOXICITY IN EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS. THE ORTHO ISOMER IN THIS ADDITIVE IS KEPT BELLOW A MINIMUM PURSUANT TO MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS (TYPICALLY 0.03%). MOBIL HAS RECENTLY REPORTED A STUDY TO THE EPA PURSUANT TO SECTION 8(E) OF TSCA IN WHICH THEY DEMONSTRATED THAT TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (MIXED ISOMERS) AT 3% IN A LUBRICANT BASE OIL PRODUCED SIGNIFICANT SERUM AND ERYTHROCYTE CHOLINSESTERASE INHIBITION AS WELL AS NEUROPATHY TARGET ESTERASE NEUROTOXIC ESTERASE INHIBITION. OTHER STUDIES WITH TCP IN RATS AND MICE INVOLVING ORAL ADMINISTRATION PRODUCED A DECREASE IN SPERM CONCENTRATION AND SPERM MOTILITY WITH RESULTING DECREASED LITTER SIZE AND PUP VIABILITY IN FEMALES.

SECTION VII	PHYSICAL DATA			
BOILING POINT (DEG F): NOT AVAILABLE	SPECFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1):	VAPOR PRESSURE (MM HG): NOT AVAILABLE		
MELTING POINT (DEG F): -65 DEG F (POUR POINT)	SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NOT AVAILABLE	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): NOT AVAILABLE		
(FOUR POINT)		VISCOSITY: 5.35 (CS @ 210 DEG F)		

EVAPORATION RATE (NORMAL BUTYL ACETATE = 1):NOT APPLICABLE

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:LIGHT TAN FLUID

PHYS/CHEM PROPERTIES:

SEE ABOVE FOR DETAILS

SECTION VIII

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FLASH POINT AND METHOD: 505 DEG F (COC)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS/PERCENT VOLUME IN AIR: LOWER: N/AV HIGHER: N/AV EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

USE WATER FOG, FOAM, DRY CHEMICAL OR CO2. DO NOT USE A DIRECT STREAM OF WATER. PRODUCT WILL FLOAT AND CAN BE REIGNITED ON SURFACE OF WATER.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES AND PRECAUTIONS:

MATERIAL WILL NOT BURN UNLESS PREHEATED. DO NOT ENTER CONFINED FIRE SPACE WITHOUT FULL BUNKER GEAR (HELMET WITH FACE SHIELD, BUNKER COATS, GLOVES AND RUBBER BOOTS). INCLUDING A POSITIVE PRESSURE NIOSH APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. COOL FIRE EXPOSED CONTAINERS WITH WATER.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

NONE IDENTIFIED

SECTION IX

REACTIVITY

STABLITY: STABLE

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR

CONDITIONS AND MATERIALS TO AVOID:

AVOID HEAT, FLAME AND CONTACT WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS ARE HIGHLY DEPENDENT ON THE COMBUSTION CONDITIONS. A COMPLEX MIXTURE OF AIRBORNE SOLID, LIQUID, PARTICULATES AND GASES WILL EVOLVE WHEN THIS MATERIAL UNDERGOES PYROLYSIS OR COMBUSTION. CARBON MONOXIDE AND OTHER UNIDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MAY BE FORMED UPON COMBUSTION.

SECTION X

EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

IF EXPOSURE MAY OR DOES EXCEED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (SEC. IV) USE A NIOSH-APPROVED RESPIRATOR TO PREVENT OVEREXPOSURE. IN ACCORD WITH 29 CFR 1910.134 USE EITHER AN ATMOSPHERE-SUPPLYING RESPIRATOR OR AN AIR-PURIFYING RESPIRATOR FOR ORGANIC VAPORS AND PARTICULATES.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WEAR CHEMICAL GOGGLES IF THERE IS LIKELIHOOD OF CONTACT WITH EYES. AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND CLOTHING. WEAR CHEMICAL-RESISTANT GLOVES AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. TEST DATA FROM PUBLISHED LITERATURE AND/OR GLOVE AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS INDICATE THE BEST PROTECTION IS PROVIDED BY NITRILE GLOVES.

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

USE VENTILATION AS REQUIRED TO CONTROL VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS. EYE WASH FOUNTAINS AND SAFETY SHOWERS SHOULD BE AVAILABLE FOR EMERGENCY USE.

SECTION XI

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:

MAY BURN ALTHOUGH NOT READILY IGNITABLE. USE CAUTIOUS JUDGMENT WHEN CLEANING UP LARGE SPILLS. *** LARGE SPILLS *** WEAR RESPIRATOR AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AS APPROPRIATE. SHUT OFF SOURCE OF LEAK IF SAFE TO DO SO. DIKE AND CONTAIN. REMOVE WIH VACUUM TRUCKS OR PUMP TO STORAGE/SALVAGE VESSELS. SOAK UP RESIDUE WITH AN ABSORBENT SUCH AS CLAY, SAND OR OTHER SUITABLE MATERIAL; DISPOSE OF PROPERLY. FLUSH AREA WITH WATER TO REMOVE TRACE RESIDUE. *** SMALL SPILLS *** TAKE UP WITH AN ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND DISPOSE OF PROPERLY.

SECTION XII

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

AVOID EYE AND SKIN CONTACT. WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, SMOKING, APPLYING COSMETICS, OR USING TOLIET FACILITIES. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. CONTAMINATED LEATHER ARTICLES INCLUDING SHOES CANNOT BE

DECONTAMINATED AND SHOULD BE DESTROYED TO PREVENT REUSE. STORE IN A COOL, DRY PLACE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. KEEP AWAY FROM OPEN FLAMES AND HIGH TEMPERATURES.

SECTION XIII

TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CLASSIFICATION:

NOT HAZARDOUS BY D.O.T. REGULATIONS.

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: NOT APPLICABLE

OTHER REQUIREMENTS:

NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION XIV

OTHER REGULATORY CONTROLS

THE COMPONENTS OF THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED ON THE EPA/TSCA INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.

PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE (PURSUANT TO SECTION 611 OF THE CLEAN AIR ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1990): PER 40 CFR PART 82, THIS MATERIAL DOES NOT CONTAIN NOR WAS IT DIRECTLY MANUFACTURED WITH ANY CLASS I OR CLASS II OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SARA TITLE III, SECTION 313, THE ATTACHED ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SHEET (EDS) SHOULD ALWAYS BE COPIED AND SENT WITH THE MSDS.

SECTION XV

STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION

THE FOLLOWING CHEMICALS ARE SPECIFICALLY LISTED BY INDIVIDUAL STATES; OTHER PROD UCT SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY DATA IN OTHER SECTIONS OF THE MSDS MAY ALSO BE AP PLICABLE FOR STATE REQUIREMENTS. FOR DETAILS ON YOUR REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS YO U SHOULD CONTACT THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY IN YOUR STATE.

STATE LISTED COMPONENT

CAS NO

PERCENT

STATE CODE

TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (MIXED ISOMERS)

1330-78-5 1

MA, MI, NJ

SECTION XVI

SPECIAL NOTES

NEW PRODUCT. ORIGINAL MSDS ISSUED.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DATA SHEET IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE TO US AT THIS TIME, AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BASED UPON THAT DATA. IT IS PROVIDED INDEPENDENTLY OF ANY SALE OF THE PRODUCT, FOR PURPOSE OF HAZARD COMMUNICATION. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE INFORMATION, AND NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, UNDERLYING DATA OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. YOU ARE URGED TO OBTAIN DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS YOU BUY, PROCESS, USE OR DISTRIBUTE, AND ARE ENCOURAGED TO ADVISE THOSE WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH SUCH PRODUCTS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OR EFFECT OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR LEGAL ADVISOR OR THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AGENCY. WE WILL NOT PROVIDE ADVICE ON SUCH MATTERS, OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. THE UNDERLYING DATA, AND THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN AS A RESULT OF THAT DATA, IS THE PROPERTY OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC AND IS NOT TO BE THE SUBJECT OF SALE OR EXCHANGE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC.

> ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SHEET EQUILON EDS: 857475E

AEROSHELL(R) TURBINE OIL 555

TELEPHONE NUMBER:

24 HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

EQUIVA SERVICES: 877-276-7283

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

NAME AND ADDRESS

GENERAL MSDS ASSISTANCE 877-276-7285

EQUILON ENTERPRISES
PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP
P.O. BOX 674414
HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

PRODUCT CODE: 60073

	SECTION I PRODUCT COMPOSITION					
	COMPOSITION	CAS	PERCENT			
	AEROSHELL TURBINE OIL 555	======================================				
1	SYNTHETIC ESTER	68424-31-7	0-96			
2	SYNTHETIC ESTER	68424-33-9	0-96			
3	OCTYLATED N-PHENYL-1-NAPHTHYLAMINE					
4	P, P-DIOCTYLDIPHENYLAMINE	101-67-7	1-2			
5 '	TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE (MIXED ISOMERS)	1330-78-5	1			
6	MINOR ADDITIVES	MIXTURE	<1			
SECT	ION II SARA TITLE III :	INFORMATION				
NO.	EHS RQ EHS TPQ SEC-313 313 CATE	GORY 3	11/312 CATEGORY			
	(*1) (*2) (*3) (*4)		(*5)			
====: -	=====================================					
P		н	1-2			
*1 =	REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF EXTREMELY HAS	ZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,	SEC 302			
*2 =	THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY, EXTREM	ELY HAZARDOUS SUBS	TANCE, SEC 302			
	TOXIC CHEMICAL, SEC 313					
*4 = CATEGORY AS REQUIRED BY SEC 313 (40 CFR 372.65 C), MUST BE USED ON TOXIC						
	RELEASE INVENTORY FORM					
*5 =	CATEGORY (FOR AGGREGATE REPORTING R	EQUIREMENTS UNDER	SARA 311, 312)			
	HEALTH: $H-1 = IMMEDIATE$ (ACUTE) H					
	H-2 = DELAYED (CHRONIC) HI	EALTH HAZARD				
	PHYSICAL: P-3 = FIRE HAZARD					
	P-4 = SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE HAZARD					
	P-5 = REACTIVE HAZARD					

SECTION III

ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE INFORMATION

THIS PRODUCT IS COVERED BY EPA'S COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA) PETROLEUM EXCLUSION. THEREFORE, RELEASES TO AIR, LAND, OR WATER ARE NOT REPORTABLE UNDER CERCLA ("SUPERFUND"). HOWEVER, UNDER SECTION 311 OF EPA'S CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA), THIS PRODUCT IS CONSIDERED AN OIL. AS SUCH, SPILLS INTO OR LEADING TO SURFACE WATERS THAT CAUSE A SHEEN MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER, 800-424-8802.

THIS PRODUCT IS AN OIL UNDER 49 CFR (DOT) PART 130. IF SHIPPED BY RAIL OR HIGHWAY IN A TANK WITH A CAPACITY OF 3,500 GALLONS OR MORE, IT IS SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF PART 130. MIXTURE SOLUTIONS IN WHICH THIS PRODUCT IS PRESENT AT 10% OR MORE MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO THIS RULE.

SECTION IV

RCRA INFORMATION

IF THIS PRODUCT BECOMES A WASTE, IT WOULD NOT BE A HAZARDOUS WASTE BY RCRA CRITERIA (40 CFR 261). PLACE IN AN APPROPRIATE DISPOSAL FACILITY IN COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL REGULATIONS.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DATA SHEET IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE TO US AT THIS TIME, AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BASED UPON THAT DATA. IT IS PROVIDED INDEPENDENTLY OF ANY SALE OF THE PRODUCT, FOR PURPOSE OF HAZARD COMMUNICATION. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE INFORMATION, AND NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, UNDERLYING DATA OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. YOU ARE URGED TO OBTAIN DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS YOU BUY,

PROCESS, USE OR DISTRIBUTE, AND ARE ENCOURAGED TO ADVISE THOSE WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH SUCH PRODUCTS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OR EFFECT OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR LEGAL ADVISOR OR THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AGENCY. WE WILL NOT PROVIDE ADVICE ON SUCH MATTERS, OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. THE UNDERLYING DATA, AND THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN AS A RESULT OF THAT DATA, IS THE PROPERTY OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC AND IS NOT TO BE THE SUBJECT OF SALE OR EXCHANGE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC.

KAREN G. HAYNES

EQUIVA SERVICES LLC P.O. BOX 674414 HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THIS ENVIRONMENTAL DATA PLEASE CALL (877) 276-7285

FOR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE PLEASE CALL

EQUIVA SERVICES LLC: (877) 276-7283

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

}

Supplier: Permatex, Inc. 10 Columbus Blvd. Hartford, CT 06106

Telephone: 1-87-Permatex

(877) 376-2839

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

PX HI TEMP THREADLOCKER 10ML BO CG

Item No:

27200 Anaerobic

Product Type:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
Ingredients	Percent	ACGIH 8 Hr. TWA:	OSHA 8 Hr. TWA:		
AROMATIC DIMETHACRYLATE ESTER 24448-20-2	70-80				
MALEIMIDE RESIN 3006-93-7	10-20				
SILICON DIOXIDE, AMORPHOUS 112945-52-5	1-10	10 mg/m3 TWA	6 mg/m3 TWA		
HYDROXYALKYL METHACRYLATE 27813-02-1	1-10				
PROPYLENE GLYCOL 57-55-6	1-10				
DIMETHYLBENZYL HYDROPEROXIDE 80-15-9	1-10				
MALEIC ACID 110-16-7	0.1-1.0				
1-ACETYL-2-PHENYLHYDRAZINE 114-83-0	0.1-1.0				
N,N-DIALKYTOLUIDINE 613-48-9	0.1-1.0				
SACCHARIN 81-07-2	0.1-1.0	10mg/m3 nuisance dust			

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Toxicity:

Causes moderate skin irritation. Oral toxicity greater than 10,000 mg/kg. Dermal toxicity greater than

1500 mg/kg. Causes moderate eye irritation. Eye and skin contact, ingestion, inhalation.

Primary Routes of Entry:

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Repeated skin contact may cause allergic skin reactions. Skin redness.

Ingredients	Percent	NTP:	ACGIH Carcinogens	IARC:
SILICON DIOXIDE, AMORPHOUS 112945-52-5	1-10	Group 2 - Reasonably anticipated		Amorphous Silica, Group 3: Vol. 68: 1997
SACCHARIN B1-07-2	0.1-1.0	Group 2		Group 3: Vol 73 1999

Medical Conditions Recognized as Being Preexisting skin disorders. Aggravated by Exposure:

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: Inhalation: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep individual calm. Obtain medical attention.

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If

Product Name:

PX HI TEMP THREADLOCKER 10ML BO CG

Item No:

27200

breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash area with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek medical

Eye Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get

medical attention if imitation persists.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point (°F/C):

More than 200 degrees F. Method: Tag Closed Cup

Recommended Extinguishing Media:

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemicals, Foam.

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous Products Formed by Fire or

Irritating vapors.

Thermal Decomposition:

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:

None

Lower Explosive Limit: Upper Explosive Limit:

Not determined Not determined

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Procedures:

Maintain good ventilation. Take up with an inert absorbent. Store in a closed waste container until

disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage:

Store below 100 degrees F.

Handling:

Avoid prolonged skin contact. Keep away from eyes.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Safety glasses or goggles.

Skin:

Neoprene, rubber or butyl rubber gloves

Ventilation:

General; local exhaust ventilation as necessary to control any air contaminants to within their

exposure limits during the use of this product.

Respiratory Protection:

An approved respirator (i.e. NIOSH, etc.) should be worn when exposures are expected to exceed

the applicable limits.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Red liquid

Odor:

MILD More than 300 degrees F.

Boiling Point (°F): pH:

Does not apply

Solubility in Water:

Slight

Specific Gravity:

1.1

VOC Content(Wt.%):

8.1% by weight: 89.9 g/l Less than 5 mm Hg

Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density (Air=1):

Not Determined

Evaporation Rate:

Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:

Stable at normal conditions

Hazardous Polymerization:

WILL NOT OCCUR

incompatabilities:

None known

Conditions to Avoid:

High temperatures.

Hazardous Products Formed by Fire or

Irritating vapors.

Thermal Decomposition:

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

See Section 3

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

Product Name:

PX HI TEMP THREADLOCKER 10ML BO CG

Item No:

27200

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recommended Method of Disposal:

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

US EPA Waste Number:

NH - Not a RCRA Hazardous Waste Material

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (49CFR 172)

Domestic Ground Transport

DOT Shipping Name:

Unrestricted

Hazard Class: UN/ID Number: NONE None

Marine Pollutant:

None

IATA

Proper Shipping Name:

Unrestricted

Class or Division: **UN/NA Number:**

None

IMDG

NONE

Proper Shipping:

Unrestricted

Hazard Class:

None

UN Number:

None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 Chemicals: The following component(s) is listed as a SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemical DIMETHYL HYDROPEROXIDE

CALIFORNIA PROP 65:

This product contains Saccharin. No Prop 65 warning is necessary if this product is used as reasonably anticipated.

TSCA Inventory Status:

All components of this product are listed (or exempt) on the EPA TSCA inventory.

OTHER INFORMATION

Estimated NFPA Rating:

HEALTH 1, FLAMMABILITY 1, REACTIVITY 1

Estimated HMIS Classification:

FLAMMABILITY 1, REACTIVITY 1, HEALTH 1

NFPA is a registered trademark of the National Fire Protection Assn. HMIS is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Assn.

Prepared By:

Denise Boyd

Health and Safety Manager

Company:

Permatex, Inc. 10 Columbus Blvd. Hartford, CT 06106

Telephone Number:

1-87-Permatex

(877) 376-2839

Revision Date:

02/03/2001